

Bradford District

School Organisation

Plan

2022

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School Organisation Plan

Bradford Council is responsible for ensuring:

- Sufficient high-quality early education and childcare provision is available which offers the early year's free entitlement;
- Sufficient high-quality, maintained school provision is available to meet the needs of all Bradford District children aged 5-16;
- Sufficient high-quality, maintained school or college provision is available to meet the needs of all Bradford District young people aged 16-18;
- At all ages, priority is given to meeting appropriately the needs of all children and young people with special educational needs, learning difficulties and/or disabilities;
- All maintained nurseries, schools and colleges are able to function as high-quality, viable and financially efficient institutions.

Introduction

Local authorities have a statutory duty to ensure that sufficient places are available within their area for every child of school age whose parents wish them to have one; to promote diversity, parental choice and high educational standards; to ensure fair access to educational opportunity; and to help fulfil every child's educational potential. Bradford Council seeks to exercise this function in partnership with Schools, Governing Bodies, Dioceses, Academy Trusts, head teachers, local communities and other key stakeholders.

Planning future education provision and predicting future demand of school spaces is a complex process. To do so, the local authority uses a range of information including fertility and birth rates, local demographic data, migration data and information regarding planned housing developments. By analysing all of this data, we can review trends in pupil numbers and this helps with effective future forecasting of pupil places. As a result, planning for school places is based on probabilities not certainties and while projections may be derived from sound calculations they come without guarantees.

Since 2011, new providers of school places have been able to establish state-funded free schools outside of the local authority school planning process and now all new schools are deemed to be free schools. There are also a growing number of schools that have converted to become academies, which are also independent of local authority control.

This School Organisation Plan shows local communities, and those interested in their development, how we expect school provision to change over the next few years. It brings together information from a range of sources and sets out the issues the Council will face in meeting its statutory duties for providing nursery and school places up to 2026/27 for primary and 2028/29 for secondary.

The School Organisation Plan includes present and predicted future pupil numbers on roll, together with information about birth rates, school capacity and new housing. The Plan sets out proposed changes in the number of school places available over the next year and it suggests where other changes may be necessary in the future. The Plan also sets out our policies on school organisation and the statutory framework for making changes such as opening, closing, enlarging or reducing the capacity at schools.

For school aged children (aged 4 - 16), the Council works with schools and governing bodies to address school place supply or demand issues in the shorter and longer term. The information below explains how we plan places for school aged children.

Bradford District School Forecasting Methodology

The Council uses past and present pupil numbers in all schools across the District. Pupil numbers are usually reported to the DfE in October, January and May as part of the School Census return. This information is used together with health data and approved housing developments to assess the extent to which a surplus or shortfall of places is likely to exist across the District in the future. This is referred to as pupil 'projections' or 'forecasts'.

The purpose of forecasting pupil numbers is to satisfy the Council's statutory requirement to meet current and future demand for places.

The Bradford District covers a large geographical area and is a mixture of rural and urban centres. In order to carry out pupil forecasts effectively it must split up the District into smaller areas. There are 26 'primary school planning areas' and nine 'secondary school planning areas'. There are fewer secondary schools than primary schools and they usually admit children from a wider area than primary schools, hence the difference in number and size of these areas.

Primary school planning areas are typically made up of between 2 and 10 schools. They vary in size depending on the rural or urban nature of the area with rural areas generally having larger geographical planning areas. The sizes of the planning areas are also dependent on where children live and where they are likely to attend schools. Other factors are taken into account when determining the areas such as major roads which are difficult to cross or adjacent to moor land with little access (natural topography).

Secondary school planning areas were originally set up to geographically group schools that worked together, and in some cases shared resources. However, with the vast majority of secondary schools now having converted to Academy status, these relationships have changed over time. Also, the wide range of admissions policies adopted by the schools means that their connections with areas and neighbourhoods has also evolved. The planning areas have been updated for 2022 in order to more closely reflect the areas from which children currently attend schools.

Any decisions on changes to mainstream school provision such as the expansion or contraction of schools, are taken within the context of these primary or secondary school planning areas.

When it comes to choosing a school for their child, parents/carers are under no obligation to select their closest school and can apply for schools that may not be in their own local area or even District. Parents may apply, for example, for a faith school in another area, or a school close to their place of work. Parents may also choose independent schooling for their child. As a result, there is no direct link between the number of children living in a particular 'primary school planning area' or 'secondary school planning area' and school places located there.

Past and present data on the number and addresses of pupils in schools is used to identify historic and current trends in patterns of movement and where children attend school. This analysis is applied to further data to forecast expected future patterns of demand. Nevertheless, most parents/carers of primary aged children will seek local schools for their children.

For secondary aged children parents/carers often seek a school place outside their own immediate area. Historic trends of children moving from primary to secondary school are therefore used to forecast expected future patterns of demand. The average number of children from outside the District that attend secondary schools within the District is also considered over a period of 3 years.

In both primary and secondary school selection, parents/carers are required to complete an application and can state up to 5 school preferences which should be realistic in relation to

accessing each school, as places cannot be guaranteed. Further information is provided in the 'Guide for parents about admission arrangements' booklets which are published on the School Admission pages of the [Council's website](#).

Much attention within this document is focused on the "starter" years in schools – 'Reception' for primary schools and 'Year 7' for secondary schools. These are the most significant year groups when there is a changing school population, either increasing or decreasing. As the most recent admissions to schools, they are the year groups that best reflect current parental attitudes to schools. Therefore, forecasts state how many children are predicted to require a school place in a given primary or secondary school planning area. This is evaluated against the number of available places there are in the planning areas. Action is then taken if the demand significantly outstrips the supply or vice versa.

Health Authority registrations underpin all primary school forecasts. This data is provided to the Council monthly and provides full details of children aged 0-18 years in the District registered with the NHS. Only those registered at the time can be included and therefore any movement or new children moving into the District may not be included.

By comparing one year's data to the next, any increases or decreases in the size of age groups over time can be identified and this provides information on the number of children that may require school places in the future.

Although there are different ways by which the future need for school places can be estimated, the forecast methodology used identifies:

- the pattern of how numbers of children aged under 5, registered with the NHS in a primary school planning area, turn into numbers of reception pupils in that area.
- the pattern of pupils attending each primary school transferring to individual secondary schools.

There are four key reasons for using this methodology:

- accurate data in the relevant areas from the NHS;
- accurate data for those attending primary and secondary schools in each of the areas from national census data submitted by each school;
- the areas used are large enough not to be too influenced by short-term or very local peaks and troughs, but small enough not to rely on wholly inaccessible provision to meet local needs;
- able to make year on year comparisons to avoid discrepancies and make allowances or find reasons for sudden changes by local and central knowledge of each school.

As well as Health data there are a number of different factors that will influence the number of children in an area that turn into the numbers of pupils. The level of new housing, inward and outward migration, popularity, Ofsted reports, movement between Councils mainly on the borders and the take up of places at independent schools are all examples. Where possible these factors are accounted for in the methodology.

Forecasting primary aged pupils using the primary planning areas

For a list of schools in each primary school planning area, please refer to **Appendix C**, pp184-187. It is noted that Catholic primary schools generally serve a wider area than the planning area in which they are situated.

Although planning areas were initially established to best fit where children live and the area that they are likely to attend school through historical and demographic trends, this is not always the case. Often parental preferences are made for what is perceived as 'better' or more popular schools, ease of access or where childcare arrangements fit in with their family circumstances. To reflect this, part of the forecasting process factors in application data and movement between planning areas.

School census data is used to identify patterns of how many children from each planning area attend each school. By applying this information to the health data, we can provisionally forecast the number of reception children starting at each primary school. Where required, adjustments are made where recent changes in parental preferences are not reflected in previous years' trends.

The census data is used to calculate a 'retention rate' of pupil numbers remaining in each school in each year group. This is then applied to the most recent census data to forecast 'in-year' numbers expected at each school.

Estimates of the likely number of additional pupils in approved new housing are then added to these numbers over a four-year period, beginning in the following academic year, to allow time for construction to begin on the development and to become occupied.

Forecasting secondary aged pupils using the secondary planning areas

For a list of schools in each secondary school planning area, please refer to **Appendix D**, p188.

In general, families are more willing for children to travel further for secondary education than for primary education given the choice of schools available, which includes a small number of single gender and faith schools.

Analysis of historic trends of children transferring from primary to secondary school is key to the forecasting of future cohorts seeking year 7 places.

Information on the numbers of children from each primary school transferring to each secondary school is monitored and maintained. This includes children from private, independent schools and from children living across the borders in other Local Authorities. By applying this information to the primary school census data, we can provisionally forecast the number of year 7 children starting at each secondary school. Where required, adjustments are made where recent changes in parental preferences are not reflected in previous years' trends.

Again, the census data is used to calculate a 'retention rate' of pupil numbers remaining in each school in each year group, including the staying on rate in schools with a sixth form.

This is then applied to the most recent census data to forecast 'in-year' numbers expected at each school.

Estimates of the likely number of additional pupils in approved new housing are then added to these numbers over a four-year period beginning in the following academic year, to allow time for construction to begin on the development and to become occupied.

Impact of Free Schools

Applications to set up a free school are made to the Department for Education (DfE). A free school can be set up by groups such as: academies; businesses; charities; community or faith groups; independent schools (private, fee-paying schools); parents; schools maintained by local authorities; teachers and universities.

All applications to set up a free school must be approved by the Secretary of State for Education.

The Council is consulted on all free school applications and assesses the potential effects of new free schools on existing schools. Any new school will have an impact on which children are able to gain a place in surrounding schools. Free schools are included in planning areas, however the methodology for forecasting the number of pupils for each school changes as additional schools are added and in some cases this results in established schools taking children from a wider or different area.

Understanding the forecasts for schools in your area

The current pupil numbers and school place numbers are provided for each of the primary and secondary school planning areas within the Bradford District. Each section details information relevant to the individual planning area and includes projections for how pupil numbers will change, as well as what general changes in school organisation and Published Admission Numbers (PAN) are needed to meet the changing pupil population.

This information will be of interest to school governors, head teachers and parents/pupils. The analysis is presented in 26 sections for primary schools and 9 sections for secondary schools.

When looking at the projections in each of the planning area sections it is important to note that whilst the Council will seek to meet parental preferences, projections are primarily concerned with the number of available school places in the District. It may be the case that there are some schools in an area that are consistently oversubscribed due to parental preferences. This may give the impression that there is a shortage of school places in this area. However, parental preferences give a view on where parents would prefer their children to go to school not whether there is a shortage of school places in an area.

The Council's aim is to predict and respond to any surplus or shortfall of places in reception and year 7, based on the number of children due to start school. The actual need for places may be distributed evenly across all areas in the District or they may be concentrated in a particular area. To enable the Council to meet the demand for places of families moving into the District and the amount of mobility, the aim is to have some spare capacity of around

5% to ensure that children are placed into schools as soon as possible. This would ideally be in each primary and secondary school planning area.

Forecasts for primary and secondary school planning areas

The forecasts submitted to the DfE as part of the annual School Capacity (SCAP) return for each primary and secondary school planning area are shown at the end of this document. The DfE publishes a Local Authority school places scorecard on an annual basis (with the exception of 2021 as the DfE cancelled 2020 statutory returns due to Covid). This details the accuracy of forecasting on a one-year and three-year basis. Preference data and the quality and cost of new places is also shown nationally and for individual Local Authorities.

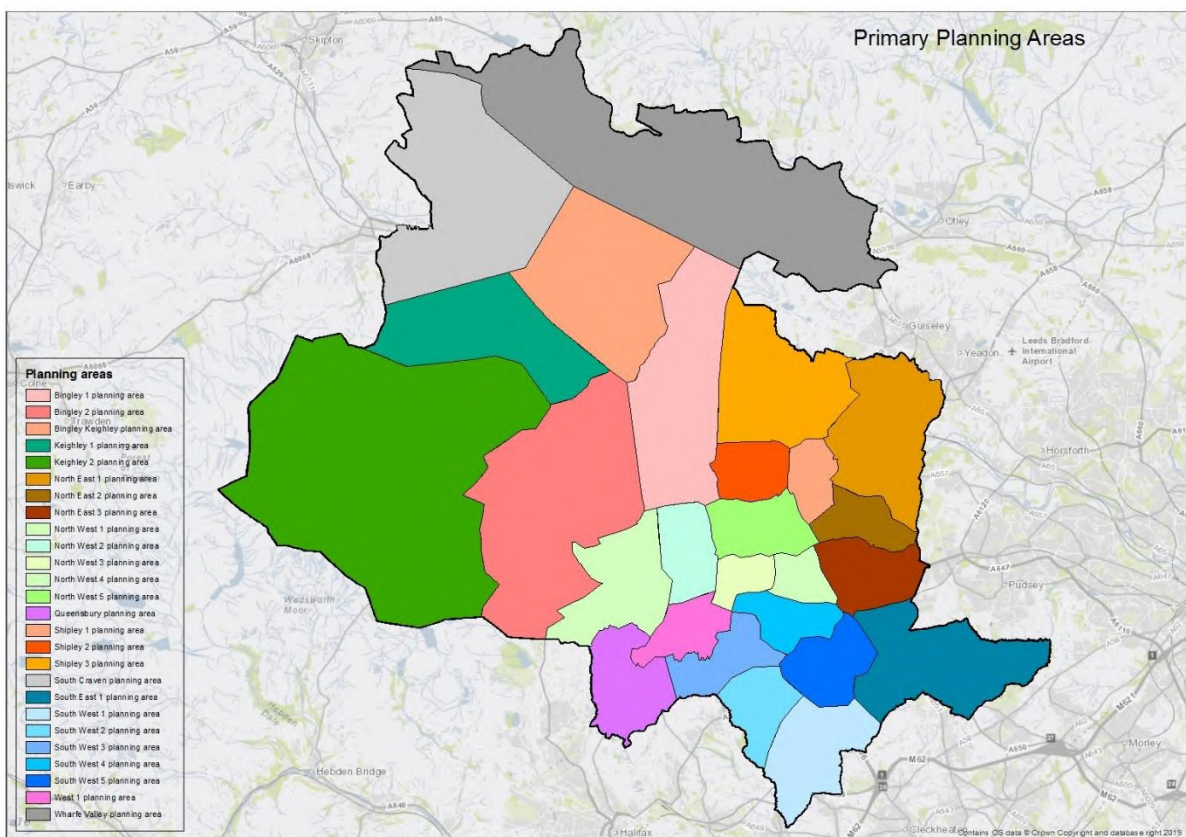
Further breakdowns can be found in the individual planning area summaries on pages 17-120 (primary) and 125-160 (secondary).

Bradford District Primary Summary

Primary education in the Bradford District is divided into the following twenty-six separate planning areas:

Bingley 1	North East 3	Shipley 1	South West 3
Bingley 2	North West 1	Shipley 2	South West 4
Bingley/Keighley	North West 2	Shipley 3	South West 5
Keighley 1	North West 3	South Craven	West 1
Keighley 2	North West 4	South East 1	Wharfe Valley
North East 1	North West 5	South West 1	
North East 2	Queensbury	South West 2	

Map showing the boundaries of the twenty-six primary planning areas:



The table below shows the number of primary schools in each planning area, the number of those with nursery provision and the published admission number (PAN) for each planning area (2022/23 academic year):

Planning Area	Number of Primary Schools	Number of Primary Schools with Nursery Provision	Published Admission Number (PAN)
Bingley 1	6	5	255
Bingley 2	4	1	135
Bingley/Keighley	3	3	150
Keighley 1	9	8	375
Keighley 2	11	10	445
North East 1	9	5	390
North East 2	8	6	360
North East 3	10	10	690
North West 1	2	2	75
North West 2	6	6	300
North West 3	6	4	356
North West 4	5	5	330
North West 5	8	6	510
Queensbury	3	2	120
Shipley 1	4	3	170
Shipley 2	4	2	180
Shipley 3	4	3	195
South Craven	3	1	165
South East 1	8	8	440
South West 1	6	4	225
South West 2	6	5	330
South West 3	6	4	300
South West 4	11	8	700
South West 5	7	7	420
West 1	3	2	120
Wharfe Valley	8	1	360
Total	160	121	8096

Historic numbers of primary pupils in the Bradford District

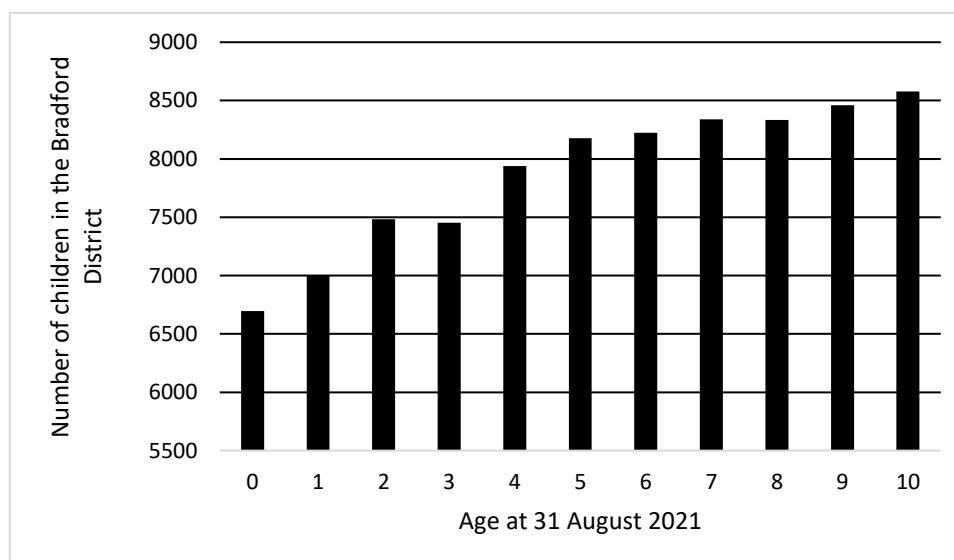
The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	% Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	8332	7753	579	6.95%	57965	55088	2877	4.96%
2017	8392	7613	779	9.28%	58327	55060	3267	5.60%
2018	8392	7574	818	9.75%	58590	55030	3560	6.08%
2019	8405	7542	863	10.27%	58449	54848	3601	6.16%
2020	8375	7434	941	11.24%	58598	54211	4387	7.49%
2021	8255	7251	1004	12.16%	58658	53810	4848	8.26%
2022	8096	6890	1206	14.90%	52820	58658	5838	11.05%

Health Authority Data for Bradford District

The number of children recorded in the January 2021 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bradford District Total	6697	7003	7484	7452	7940	8177	8224	8339	8333	8460	8579
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecasts for the Bradford District

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 92% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	6886	6919	6476	6226	5977

As detailed in the methodology section, further adjustments are made to the above figures to factor in, amongst other things, new housing developments and migration into and out of the District. The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the 2022 annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	Reception Forecast	Reception Places (PAN)	Reception Surplus	% of PAN	Total Forecast (Reception - Year 6)	Net Capacity of all schools	Surplus	% of capacity
2022/2023	6913	8096	1183	14.6%	52820	58658	5838	10.0%
2023/2024	6996	7961	965	12.1%	52082	58658	6576	11.2%
2024/2025	6548	7961	1413	17.7%	50953	58658	7705	13.1%
2025/2026	6289	7961	1672	21.0%	49653	58658	9005	15.4%
2026/2027	6048	7961	1913	24.0%	48246	58658	10412	17.8%

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in each planning area in January 2022, with the previous year's forecast.

Planning Area	No. of Reception Children Forecast in 2020/21 for 2021/22	Actual No. of Reception Children in Jan 2022	Difference in Numbers	Difference in %
Bingley 1	240	238	2	0.83%
Bingley 2	133	135	-2	-1.50%
Bingley/Keighley	140	144	-4	-2.86%
Keighley 1	302	310	-8	-2.65%
Keighley 2	384	385	-1	-0.26%
North East 1	389	387	2	0.51%
North East 2	354	357	-3	-0.85%
North East 3	612	630	-18	-2.94%
North West 1	79	78	1	1.27%
North West 2	270	259	11	4.07%
North West 3	300	302	-2	-0.67%
North West 4	288	294	-6	-2.08%
North West 5	450	458	-8	-1.78%
Queensbury	119	117	2	1.68%
Shipley 1	153	149	4	2.61%
Shipley 2	167	163	4	2.40%
Shipley 3	183	181	2	1.09%
South Craven	149	152	-3	-2.01%
South East 1	329	328	1	0.30%
South West 1	207	199	8	3.86%
South West 2	290	282	8	2.76%
South West 3	263	271	-8	-3.04%
South West 4	635	629	6	0.94%
South West 5	385	384	1	0.26%
West 1	109	99	10	9.17%
Wharfe Valley	330	320	10	3.03%
Total	7260	7251	9	0.12%

The table below shows the overall number of pupils forecast in each planning area in 2020/21 against the actual numbers recorded in January 2022:

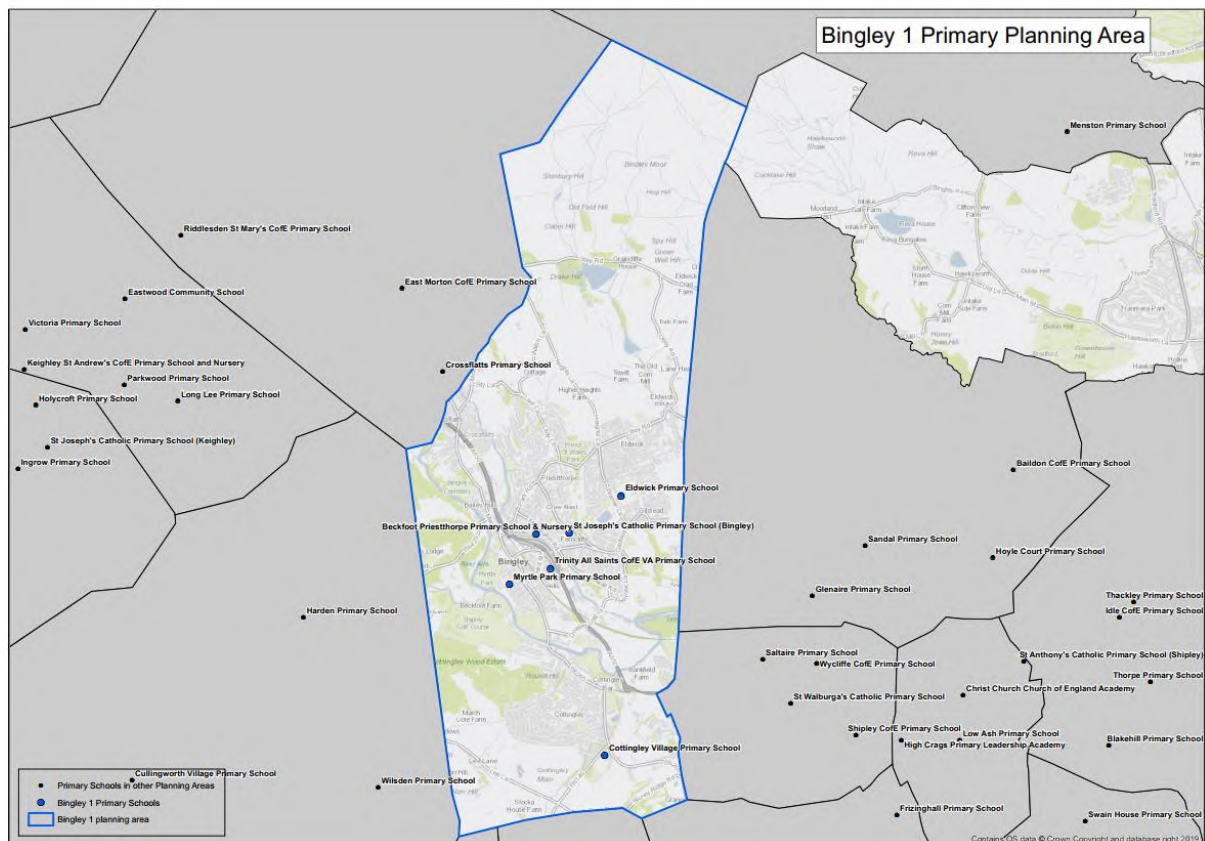
Planning Area	No. of Children Forecast in 2020/21 for 2021/22	Actual No. of Children in Jan 2022	Difference in Numbers	Difference in %
Bingley 1	1756	1756	0	0.00%
Bingley 2	1012	1021	-9	-0.89%
Bingley/Keighley	970	981	-11	-1.13%
Keighley 1	2408	2416	-8	-0.33%
Keighley 2	2768	2772	-4	-0.14%
North East 1	2699	2686	13	0.48%
North East 2	2380	2399	-19	-0.80%
North East 3	4805	4907	-102	-2.12%
North West 1	603	595	8	1.33%
North West 2	1950	1952	-2	-0.10%
North West 3	2191	2236	-45	-2.05%
North West 4	2043	2108	-65	-3.18%
North West 5	3309	3322	-13	-0.39%
Queensbury	814	814	0	0.00%
Shipley 1	1070	1078	-8	-0.75%
Shipley 2	1146	1152	-6	-0.52%
Shipley 3	1297	1301	-4	-0.31%
South Craven	1097	1113	-16	-1.46%
South East 1	2696	2716	-20	-0.74%
South West 1	1513	1498	15	0.99%
South West 2	2223	2212	11	0.49%
South West 3	1928	1982	-54	-2.80%
South West 4	4819	4889	-70	-1.45%
South West 5	2857	2872	-15	-0.53%
West 1	793	772	21	2.65%
Wharfe Valley	2237	2260	-23	-1.03%
Total	53384	53810	-426	-0.80%

Bingley 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in the Bingley 1 planning area, five of which have nursery provision. The area is semi-rural and covers the town of Bingley.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Beckfoot Priestthorpe Primary School	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	30	Yes
Cottingley Village Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	60	Yes
Eldwick Primary School	Community	-	75	Yes
Myrtle Park Primary School	Foundation	-	30	Yes
St Joseph's Catholic Primary School (Bingley)	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	No
Trinity All Saints Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	30	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the Bingley 1 Planning Area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Bingley 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	285	267	18	1995	1817	178	8.92%
2017	285	268	17	1995	1852	143	7.17%
2018	285	251	34	1995	1861	134	6.72%
2019	285	239	46	1995	1829	166	8.32%
2020	285	230	55	1995	1791	204	10.23%
2021	285	238	47	1995	1756	239	11.98%
2022	255	209	46	1697	1995	298	14.94%

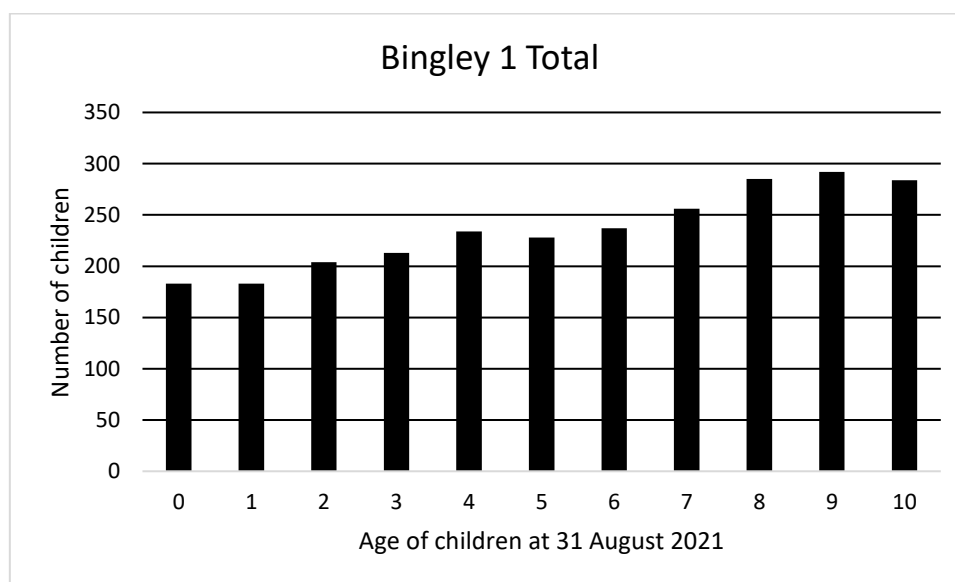
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Following the PAN increasing from 60 to 74 in September 2014, the building expansion at Eldwick Primary School was completed in February 2017 with a total capacity of 525.
- Priestthorpe Primary School converted to academy status in September 2017 under the Beckfoot Trust with a name change to Beckfoot Priestthorpe Primary School.
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary School converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academies Trust.
- Cottingley Village Primary School converted to academy status in February 2021 under the Exceed Academies Trust.
- Trinity All Saints Primary School reduced their PAN from 60 to 30 from September 2022.

Health Authority Data for Bingley 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bingley 1 Total	183	183	204	213	234	228	237	256	285	292	284
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Bingley 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 97% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Bingley 1 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	205	200	179	188	181

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Bingley 1, the highest number of children coming in are from Shipley 2; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in Bingley Keighley. Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Forecasts and historic accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	285	255	255	255	255	255
Forecast	240	210	213	193	199	193
Surplus	45	45	42	62	56	62
% Surplus	15.8%	17.6%	16.5%	24.3%	22.0%	24.3%
Actual	238	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	2	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.1%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	1995	1995	1995	1995	1995	1995
Forecast	1756	1697	1648	1566	1523	1483
Surplus	239	298	347	429	472	512
% Surplus	12.0%	14.9%	17.4%	21.5%	23.7%	25.7%
Actual	1756	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	0	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	100%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

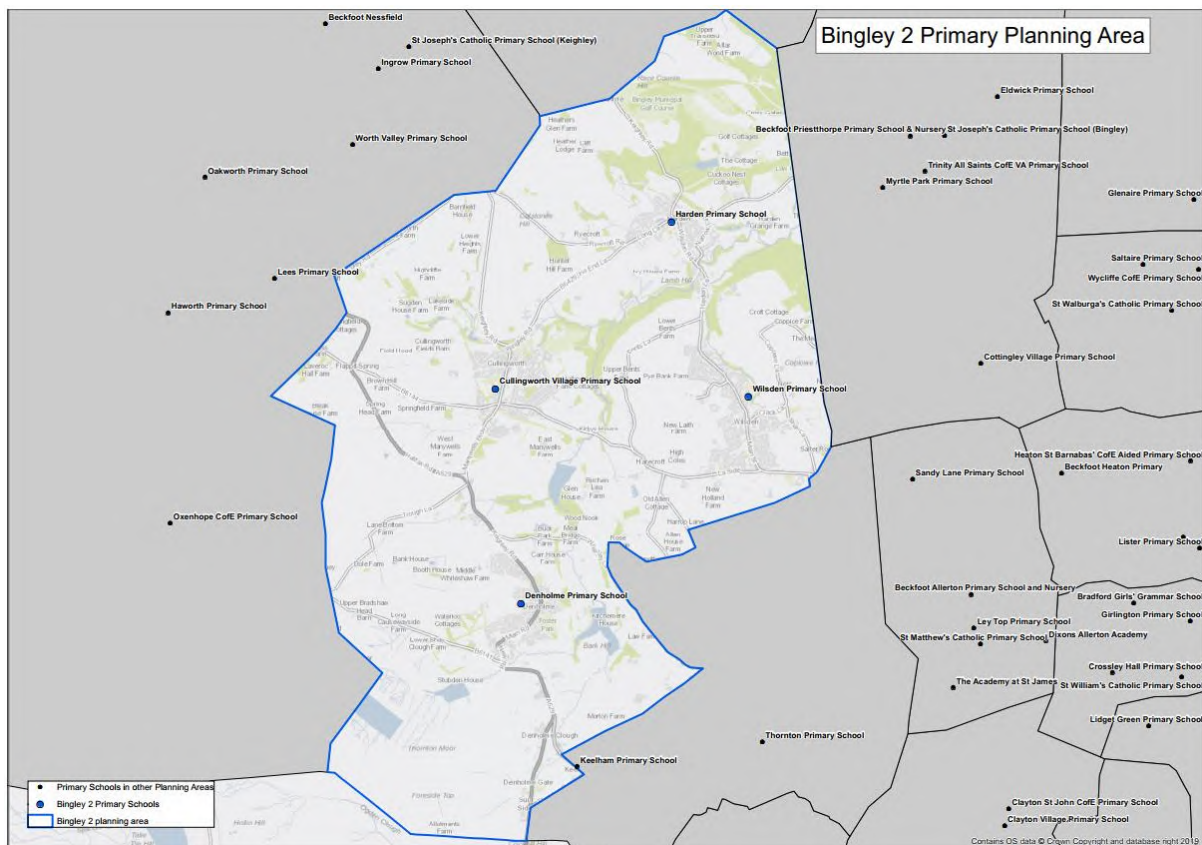
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

Bingley 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are four primary schools in Bingley 2 planning area, one of which has nursery provision. The area is rural and is made up of four discrete villages.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Cullingworth Village Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust	45	No
Denholme Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	30	Yes
Harden Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	30	No
Wilsden Primary School	Academy	Focus Trust	30	No

Map showing primary schools in the Bingley 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Bingley 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	165	152	13	1152	1066	86	7.47%
2017	165	148	17	1152	1063	89	7.73%
2018	165	146	19	1155	1066	89	7.71%
2019	165	149	16	1155	1059	96	8.31%
2020	165	148	17	1155	1047	108	9.35%
2021	165	135	30	1155	1021	134	11.60%
2022	135	126	9	982	1155	173	14.98%

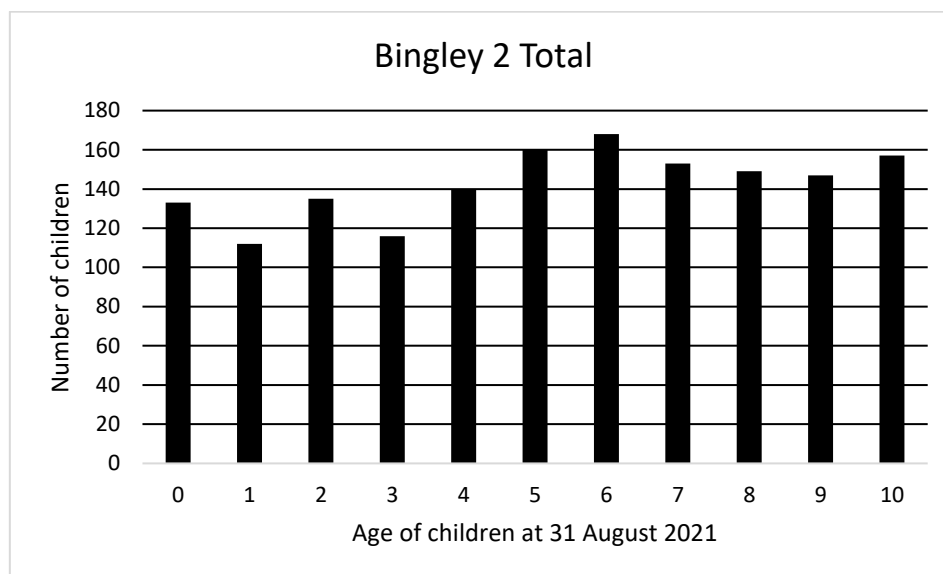
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Denholme Primary School converted to Academy status in January 2017 under the Bradford Birth to 19 Trust, which has since had a name change to Nurture Academies Trust.
- Wilsden Primary School converted to academy status in February 2017 under the Focus Trust.
- Cullingworth Village Primary School converted to academy status in September 2018 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).
- Wilsden Primary School reduced their PAN from 60 to 30 from September 2022.

Health Authority Data for Bingley 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bingley 2 Total	133	112	135	116	140	160	168	153	149	147	157
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Bingley 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 96% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Bingley 2 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	116	130	114	123	130

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Bingley 2, the highest number of children coming in are from North West 1; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in North West 1 also. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	165	135	135	135	135	135
Forecast	133	126	135	123	121	126
Surplus	32	9	0	12	14	9
% Surplus	19.4%	6.7%	0%	8.9%	10.4%	6.7%
Actual	135	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-2	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.5%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	1155	1155	1155	1155	1155	1155
Forecast	1012	982	963	934	910	888
Surplus	143	173	192	221	245	267
% Surplus	12.4%	15.0%	16.6%	19.1%	21.2%	23.1%
Actual	1021	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-9	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.1%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

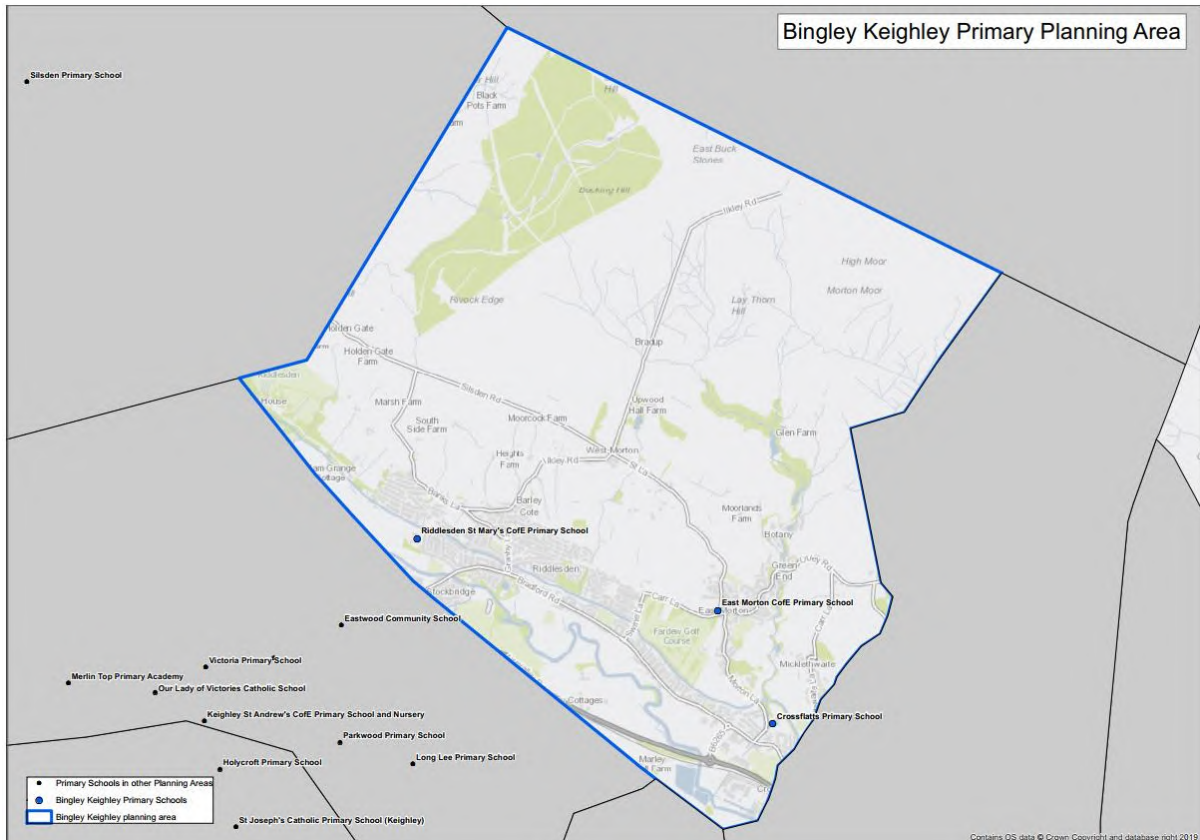
There are sufficient school places within this area, with no current action required to address a surplus or shortfall of places.

Bingley Keighley Primary School Planning Area

There are three primary schools in Bingley/Keighley planning area, all of which have nursery provision. The area is semi rural but has links into both Bingley and Keighley.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Crossflatts Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
East Morton C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust	30	Yes
Riddlesden St Mary's C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the Bingley Keighley planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Bingley Keighley

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	150	140	10	1023	1001	22	2.15%
2017	150	146	4	1023	1003	20	1.96%
2018	150	140	10	1050	1017	33	3.14%
2019	150	146	4	1050	1004	46	4.38%
2020	150	136	14	1050	986	64	6.10%
2021	150	144	6	1050	981	69	6.57%
2022	150	131	19	982	1050	68	6.48%

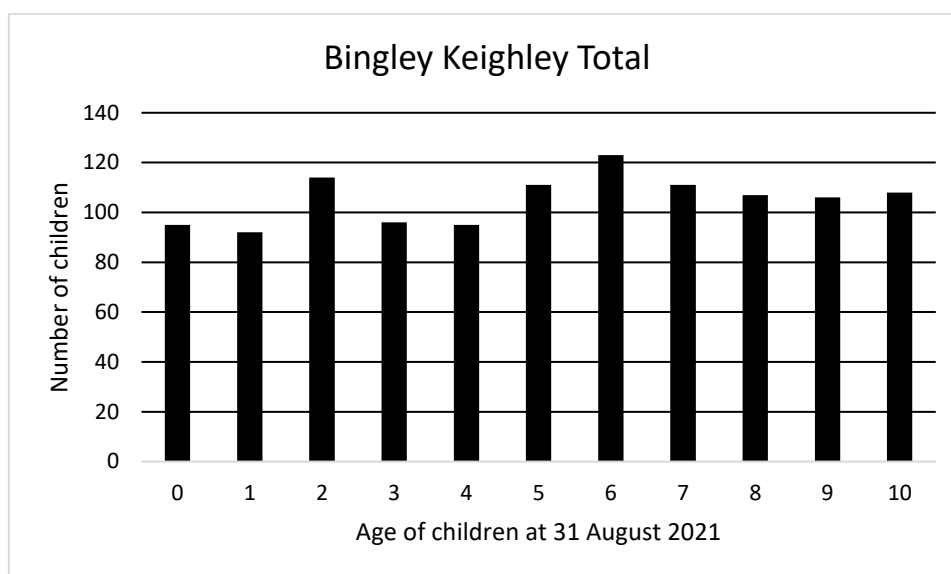
Historic changes and academy conversions

- East Morton C of E Primary School converted to academy status in October 2017 under the Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).
- Riddlesden St Mary's C of E Primary School began providing places for 2 year olds from September 2018.

Health Authority Data for Bingley Keighley

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bingley Keighley Total	95	92	114	96	95	111	123	111	107	106	108
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Bingley Keighley

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 96% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Bingley Keighley residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	92	106	84	93	93

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Bingley Keighley, the highest number of children coming in are from Keighley 1; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in Bingley 1. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for Bingley Keighley

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	150	150	150	150	150	150
Forecast	140	131	145	120	127	125
Surplus	10	19	5	30	23	25
% Surplus	6.7%	12.7%	3.3%	20.0%	15.3%	16.7%
Actual	144	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-4	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.2%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	1050	1050	1050	1050	1050	1050
Forecast	970	982	985	958	950	927
Surplus	80	68	65	92	100	123
% Surplus	7.6%	6.5%	6.2%	8.8%	9.5%	11.7%
Actual	981	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-11	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy						

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

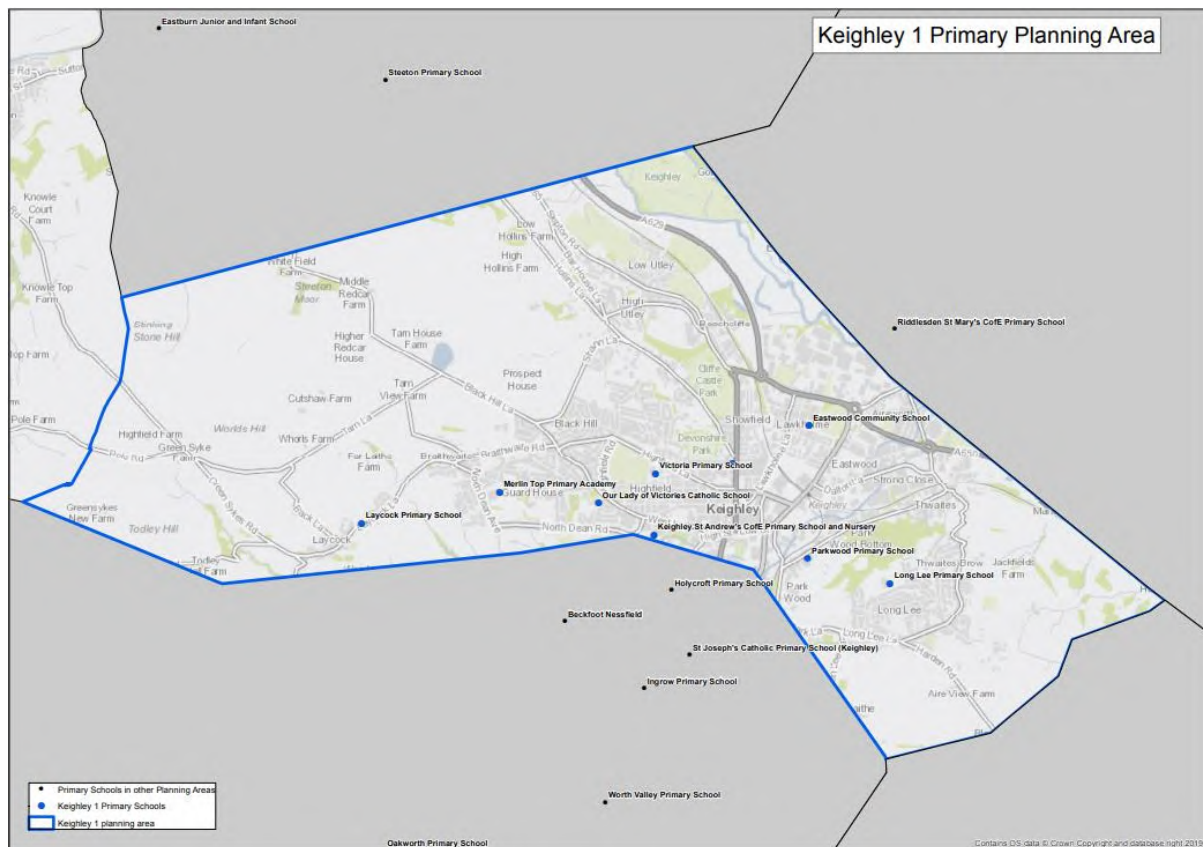
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

Keighley 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are nine primary schools in Keighley 1 planning area, eight of which have nursery provision. The area is mainly an urban town area but has some more rural villages within its boundary

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Eastwood Community School	Academy	Northern Star Academies Trust	60	Yes
Keighley St Andrew's C of E Primary School and Nursery	Voluntary Aided		60	Yes
Laycock Primary School	Academy	Pennine Academies Yorkshire	15	No
Long Lee Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Merlin Top Primary Academy	Academy	Northern Education Trust	45	Yes
Our Lady of Victories Catholic School	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	Yes
Parkwood Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	30	Yes
St Anne's Catholic Primary School	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	Yes
Victoria Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	45	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the Keighley 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Keighley 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	375	343	32	2715	2487	228	8.40%
2017	375	343	32	2665	2474	191	7.17%
2018	375	355	20	2665	2476	189	7.09%
2019	375	327	48	2625	2440	185	7.05%
2020	375	343	32	2625	2440	185	7.05%
2021	375	310	65	2625	2416	209	7.96%
2022	375	312	63	2368	2625	257	9.79%

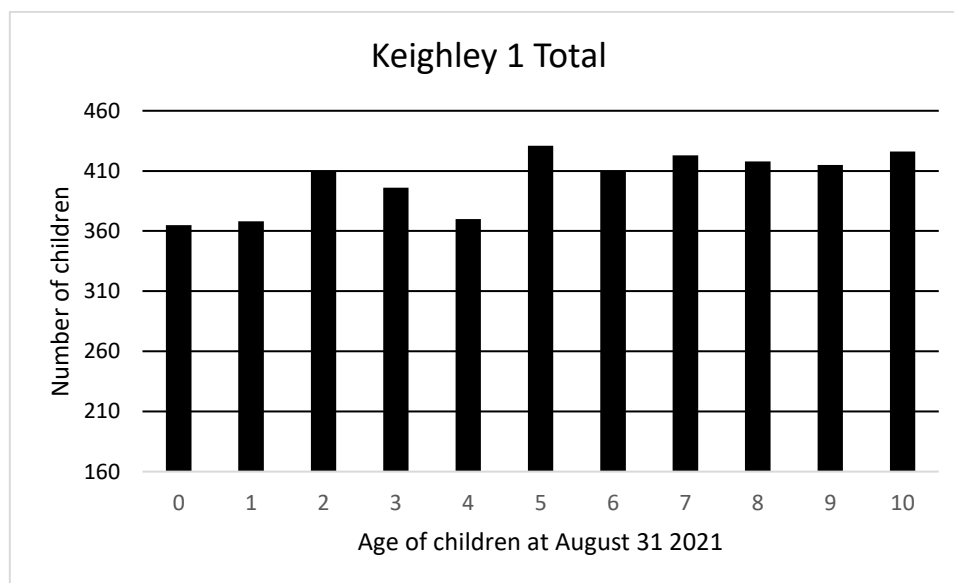
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Victoria Primary School and Parkwood Primary School converted to academy status in January and February 2017 respectively, both under the Birth to 19 Trust which has since had a name change to Nurture Academies Trust.
- Laycock Primary School converted to academy status in May 2018 under the Pennine Academies Yorkshire (PAYMAT).
- Eastwood Community School converted to academy status in September 2018 under Northern Star Academies Trust.
- Long Lee Primary School has consulted to reduce their PAN from 60 to 45 from September 2023.

Health Authority Data for Keighley 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Keighley 1 Total	365	368	410	396	370	431	409	423	418	415	426
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Keighley 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 96% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Keighley 1 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	381	398	361	344	325

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Keighley 1, the highest number of children coming in are from Keighley 2; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in South Craven. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for Keighley 1

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	375	375	360	360	360	360
Forecast	302	315	335	306	293	279
Surplus	73	60	25	54	67	81
% Surplus	19.5%	16.0%	6.9%	15.0%	18.6%	22.5%
Actual	310	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-8	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.4%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2625	2625	2625	2625	2625	2625
Forecast	2408	2368	2348	2306	2249	2198
Surplus	217	257	277	319	376	427
% Surplus	8.3%	9.8%	10.6%	12.2%	14.3%	16.3%
Actual	2416	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-8	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.7%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

A PAN reduction has already taken place in this planning area but all schools have been advised that further action will likely be required.

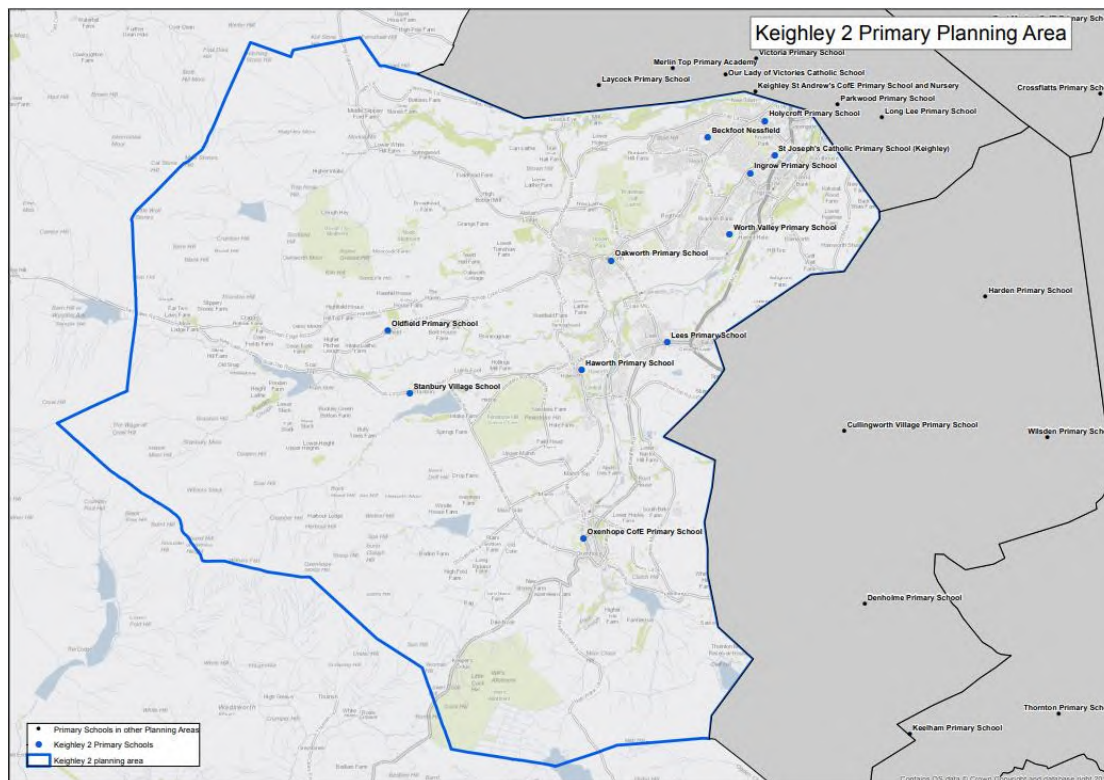
Action is also planned in surrounding planning areas, which has the potential to impact on the number of children qualifying for places at schools outside of Keighley 1.

Keighley 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are eleven primary schools in Keighley 2 planning area, ten of which have nursery provision. The planning area covers a wide area to the western border of the District and includes a number of villages, moving down into parts of the town of Keighley.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Beckfoot Nessfield	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	60	Yes
Haworth Primary School	Academy	Bronte Academy Trust	45	Yes
Holycroft Primary School	Academy	Northern Star Academies Trust	60	Yes
Ingrow Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Lees Primary School	Academy	Bronte Academy Trust	30	Yes
Oakworth Primary School	Academy	Bronte Academy Trust	60	Yes
Oldfield Primary School	Academy	Bronte Academy Trust	10	Yes
Oxenhope C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	30	No
St Joseph's Catholic Primary School	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	45	Yes
Stanbury Village School	Community		15	Yes
Worth Valley Primary School	Academy	Leading Learners Academy Trust	30	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the Keighley 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Keighley 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	428	410	18	3092	2803	289	9.35%
2017	443	417	26	3092	2825	267	8.64%
2018	443	370	73	3092	2789	303	9.80%
2019	443	384	59	3092	2789	303	9.80%
2020	443	393	50	3109	2794	315	10.13%
2021	443	385	58	3109	2772	337	10.84%
2022	445	336	109	2695	3109	414	13.32%

Historic changes and academy conversions

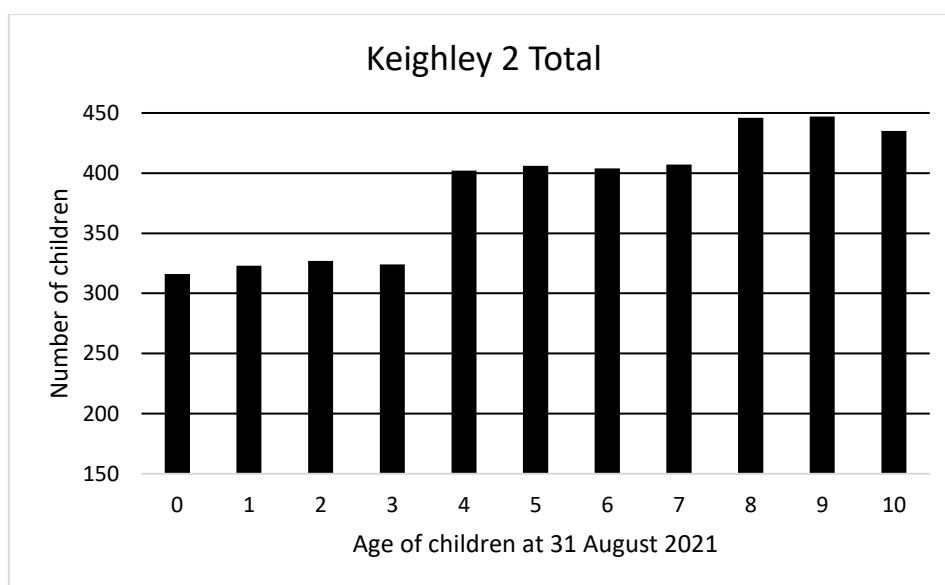
- Haworth Primary School converted to academy status in September 2016 under the Bronte Academy Trust.
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary School converted to academy status in October 2016 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academies Trust.
- Worth Valley Primary School converted to academy status in December 2016 under the Leading Learners Trust.
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary School increased their PAN from 30 to 45 from September 2017.
- Holycroft Primary School converted to academy status in September 2018 under the Northern Star Academies Trust.
- Nessfield Primary School converted to academy status in September 2018 under the Beckfoot Trust, with a name change to Beckfoot Nessfield.
- Oldfield Primary School converted to academy status in June 2019 under the Bronte Academy Trust.
- Oldfield Primary School opened a nursery provision for 10 children in September 2020 and increased their PAN from 8 to 10 in September 2021.
- Beckfoot Nessfield has consulted to reduce their PAN from 60 to 45 in September 2023.

- Holycroft Primary School has consulted to reduce their PAN from 60 to 45 in September 2023.

Health Authority Data for Keighley 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Keighley 2 Total	316	323	327	324	402	406	404	407	446	447	435
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Keighley 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 99% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Keighley 2 residents for future years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	327	336	316	318	322

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Keighley 2, the highest number of children coming in are from Keighley 1; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in Keighley 1 also. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for Keighley 2

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	445	445	415	415	415	415
Forecast	384	329	337	309	316	317
Surplus	61	116	78	106	99	98
% Surplus	13.7%	26.1%	18.8%	25.5%	23.9%	23.6%
Actual	385	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-1	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.7%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	3109	3109	3109	3109	3109	3109
Forecast	2768	2695	2622	2531	2470	2407
Surplus	341	414	487	578	639	702
% Surplus	11.0%	13.3%	15.7%	18.6%	20.6%	22.6%
Actual	2772	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-4	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.9%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

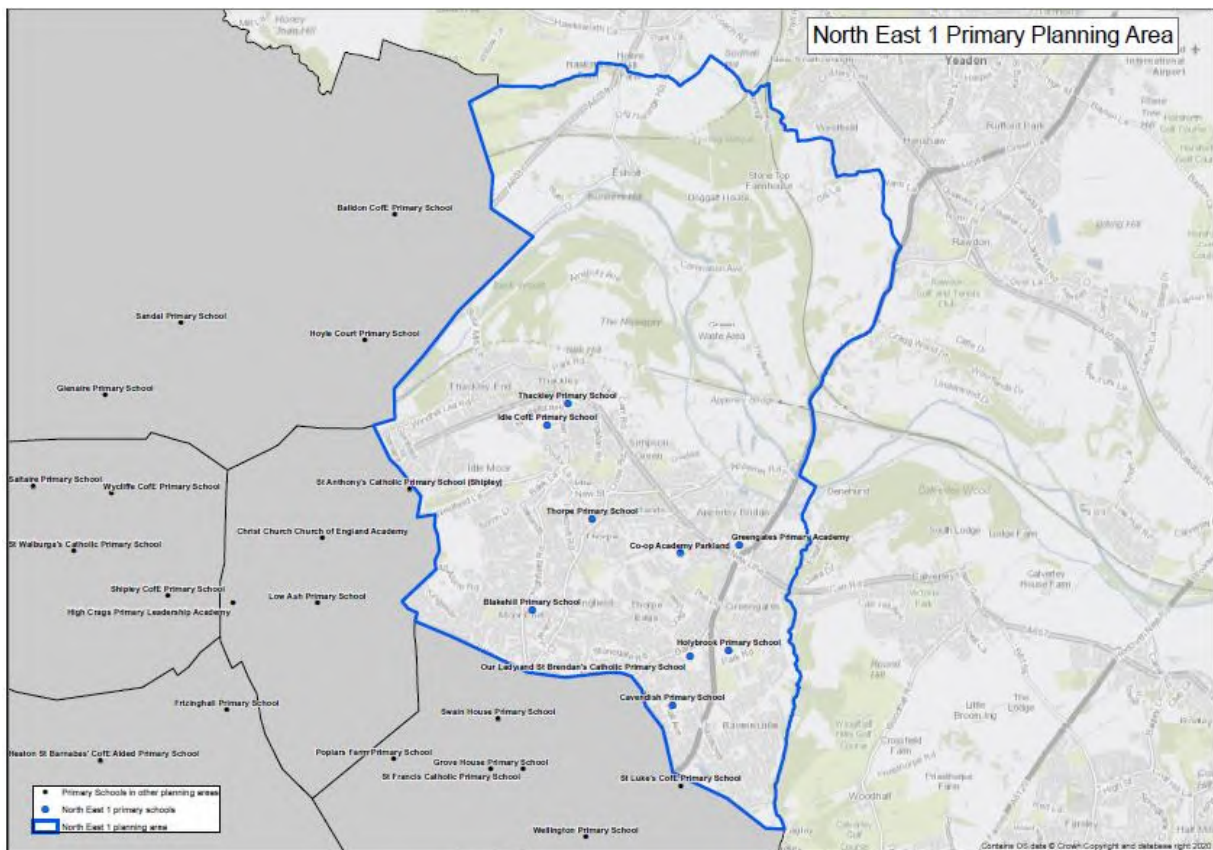
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

North East 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are nine primary schools in North East 1 planning area, five of which have nursery provision. The area where the primary schools are located is urban but the outline of the planning area also covers some semi-rural parts to the north.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Blakehill Primary School	Community		60	No
Cavendish Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Co-op Academy Parkland	Academy	The Co-operative Academies Trust	30	Yes
Greengates Primary Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	30	Yes
Holybrook Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	30	Yes
Idle C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided		60	No
Our Lady and St Brendan's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	No
Thackley Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Thorpe Primary	Academy	Carlton Academy Trust	30	No

Map showing primary schools in the North East 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in North East 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	390	392	-2	2935	2632	303	10.32%
2017	420	396	24	2935	2664	271	9.23%
2018	420	376	44	2935	2671	264	8.99%
2019	420	384	36	2935	2652	283	9.64%
2020	420	395	25	2940	2703	237	8.06%
2021	390	387	3	2940	2686	254	8.64%
2022	390	368	22	2659	2940	281	9.56%

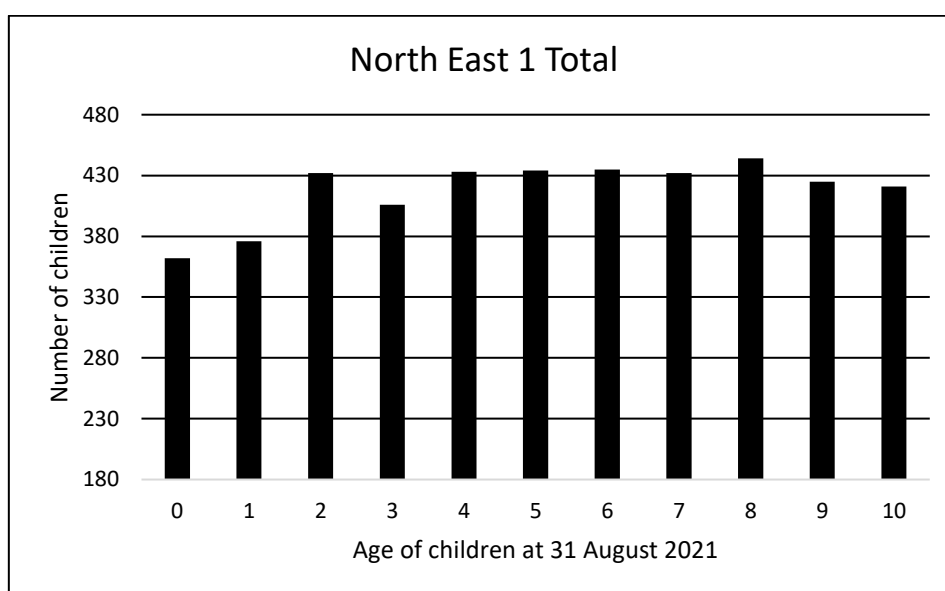
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Parkland Primary School increased its' PAN from 30 to 60 in September 2017.
- Holybrook Primary School converted to academy status in December 2017 under Exceed Academies Trust.
- Parkland Primary School converted to academy status in November 2018 under the Co-op Academies Trust with a name change to Co-op Academy Parkland.
- Greengates Primary School converted to academy status in December 2018 under Delta Academies Trust.
- Our Lady & St Brendan's Catholic Primary converted to academy status in November 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Thorpe Primary School converted to academy status in December 2020 under Carlton Academy Trust.
- Co-op Academy Parkland reduced their PAN from 60 to 30 in September 2021.

Health Authority Data for North East 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
North East 1 Total	362	376	432	406	433	434	435	432	444	425	421
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for North East 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 89% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North East 1 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	365	387	340	330	322

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For North East 1, the highest number of children coming in are from North East 2; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in North East 2 as well. Historically, a handful of children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for North East 1

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	390	390	390	390	390	390
Forecast	389	366	384	341	333	326
Surplus	1	24	6	49	57	64
% Surplus	0.3%	6.2%	1.5%	12.6%	14.6%	16.4%
Actual	387	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	2	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.5%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2940	2940	2940	2940	2940	2940
Forecast	2699	2659	2635	2566	2520	2460
Surplus	241	281	305	374	420	480
% Surplus	8.2%	9.6%	10.4%	12.7%	14.3%	16.3%
Actual	2686	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	13	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.5%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area. Large scale housing developments are at various stages of application or construction in neighbouring planning areas; the additional children from these developments are included in the overall forecast figures, however, it is much more difficult to predict their effect on the popularity of the local schools.

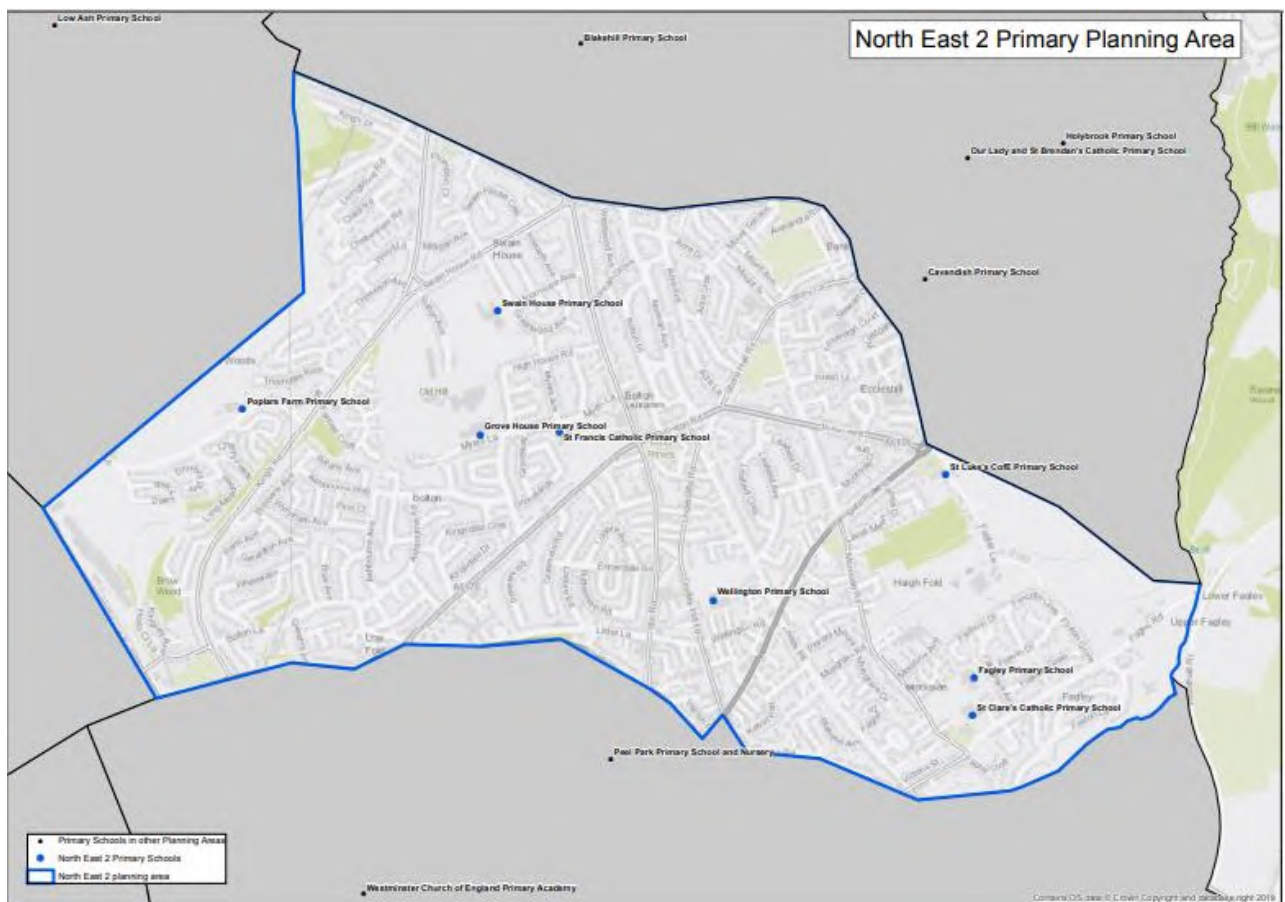
Whilst surplus places are forecast for this planning area, this is largely due to the area being a net exporter of children to other planning areas. The Health data for this area is much more closely aligned with the combined PAN of the schools here. To protect against an increase in local children requesting places in their 'home' planning area, there are currently no plans to address the surplus here for 2024.

North East 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are eight primary schools in North East 2 planning area, six of which have nursery provision. The area where the primary schools are sited is urban.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Fagley Primary School	Community		30	Yes
Grove House Primary School	Academy	Pennine Academies Yorkshire	60	Yes
Poplars Farm Primary School	Community		60	Yes
St Clare's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	No
St Francis Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	Yes
St Luke's C of E Primary School	Voluntary Controlled		30	No
Swain House Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Wellington Primary School	Community		60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North East 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in North East 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	330	333	-3	2302	2310	-8	-0.35%
2017	330	334	-4	2302	2328	-26	-1.13%
2018	360	334	26	2308	2352	-44	-1.91%
2019	360	341	19	2338	2379	-41	-1.75%
2020	360	343	17	2518	2366	152	6.04%
2021	360	357	3	2518	2399	119	4.73%
2022	360	347	13	2426	2518	92	3.65%

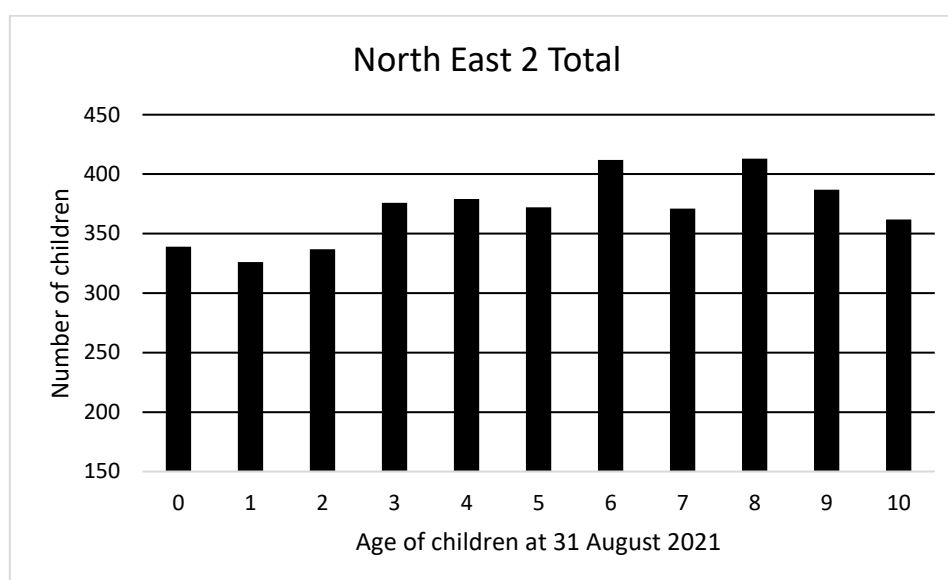
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Poplars Farm Primary School increased their PAN from 30 to 60 in September 2018.
- St Francis' Catholic Primary converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Grove House Primary School converted to academy status in November 2020 under Pennine Academies Yorkshire (PAYMAT).
- St Clare's Catholic Primary converted to academy status in September 2021 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for North East 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
North East 2 Total	339	326	337	376	379	372	412	371	413	387	362
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for North East 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 93% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North East 2 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	354	323	314	316	314

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For North East 2, the highest number of children coming in are from North East 1; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in North East 1 as well. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for North East 2

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	360	360	360	360	360	360
Forecast	354	347	334	319	316	308
Surplus	6	13	26	41	44	52
% Surplus	1.7%	3.6%	7.2%	11.4%	12.2%	14.4%
Actual	357	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-3	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.2%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2518	2518	2518	2518	2518	2518
Forecast	2380	2426	2442	2445	2432	2406
Surplus	138	92	76	73	86	112
% Surplus	5.5%	3.7%	3.0%	2.9%	3.4%	4.4%
Actual	2399	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-19	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.2%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area. Large scale housing developments are at various stages of application or construction in this planning areas as well as neighbouring areas; the additional children from these developments are included in the overall forecast figures, however, it is much more difficult to predict their effect on the popularity of the local schools.

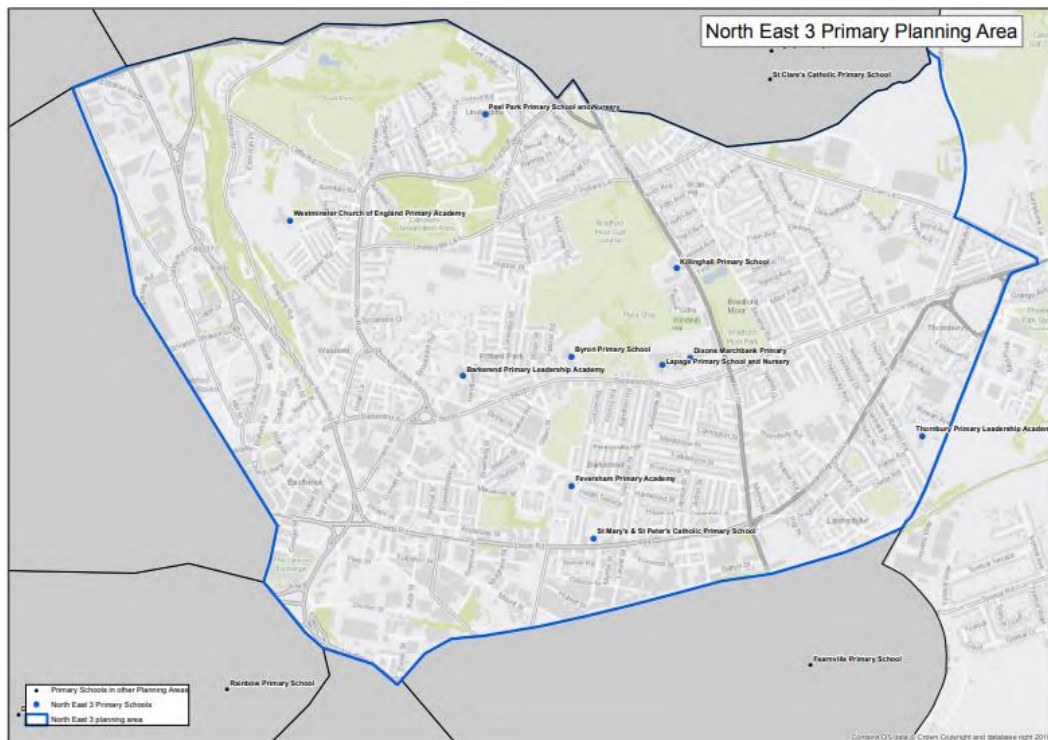
Whilst surplus places are forecast for this planning area, this is largely due to the area being a net exporter of children to other planning areas. The Health data for this area is more closely aligned with the combined PAN of the schools here. To protect against an increase in local children requesting places in their 'home' planning area, there are currently no plans to address the surplus here for 2024.

North East 3 Primary School Planning Area

There are ten primary schools in North East 3 planning area, all of which have nursery provision. The area covered is urban spreading down to the city centre.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Barkerend Primary Leadership Academy	Academy	Star Academies	60	Yes
Byron Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	90	Yes
Dixons Marchbank Primary	Academy	Dixons Academies Trust	60	Yes
Feversham Primary Academy	Academy	Academies Enterprise Trust (AET)	60	Yes
Killinghall Primary School	Foundation		90	Yes
Lapage Primary School and Nursery	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	90	Yes
Peel Park Primary School and Nursery	Community		90	Yes
St Mary's & St. Peter's Catholic Primary School	Voluntary Aided		30	Yes
Thornbury Primary Leadership Academy	Academy	Star Academies	60	Yes
Westminster Church of England Primary Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North East 3 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in North East 3

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	780	710	70	5250	5140	110	2.10%
2017	780	673	107	5460	5115	345	6.32%
2018	780	705	75	5460	5090	370	6.78%
2019	780	692	88	5460	5043	417	7.64%
2020	780	671	109	5460	4952	508	9.30%
2021	720	630	90	5460	4907	553	10.13%
2022	690	624	66	4836	5460	624	11.43%

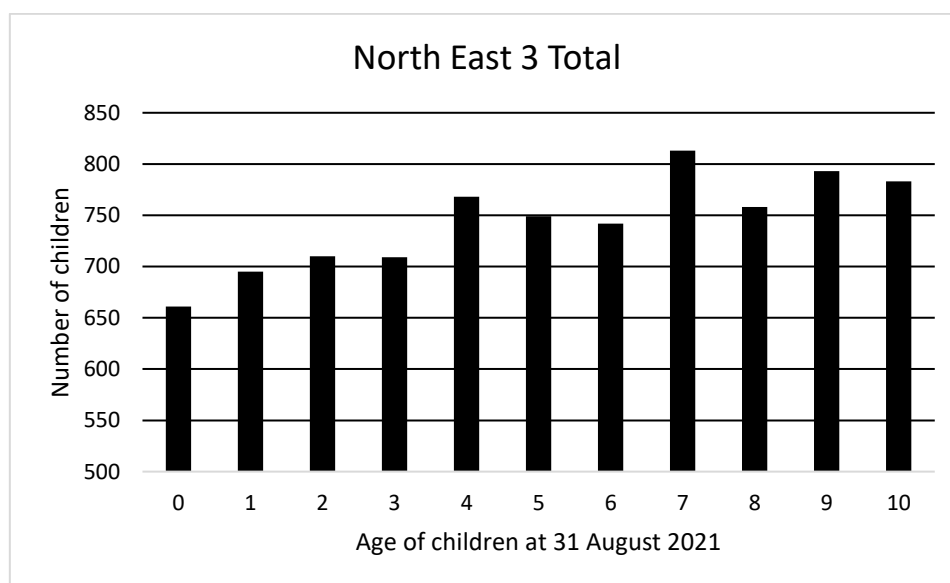
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Barkerend Primary School and Thornbury Primary School both converted to academy status in June 2016 under the Wakefield City Academy Trust (WCAT). They have since joined Star Academies (the new name for Tauheedul Education Trust) in April 2018.
- Barkerend Primary School increased their PAN from 60 to 90 in September 2016.
- Lapage Primary School converted to academy status in February 2017 under the Bradford Birth to 19 Trust, which has since had a name change to Nurture Academies Trust.
- Byron Primary School converted to academy status in July 2018 under the Bradford Birth to 19 Trust, which has since had a name change to Nurture Academies Trust.
- Barkerend and Thornbury Primary Leadership Academies reduced their PANs from 90 to 60 in September 2021.
- Peel Park Primary School has consulted to reduce their PAN from 90 to 60 in September 2023.
- Westminster Primary School has consulted to reduce their PAN from 90 to 60 in September 2023.

Health Authority Data for North East 3

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
North East 3 Total	661	695	710	709	768	749	742	813	758	793	783
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for North East 3

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 87% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North East 3 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	627	617	612	584	558

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For North East 3, the highest number of children coming in are from North East 2; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in North East 2 as well. Historically, around a dozen children attend schools here from outside of the District each year.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for North East 3

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	720	690	660	660	660	660
Forecast	612	623	619	611	588	566
Surplus	108	67	41	49	72	94
% Surplus	15.0%	9.7%	6.2%	7.4%	10.9%	14.2%
Actual	630	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-18	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.1%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	5460	5460	5460	5460	5460	5460
Forecast	4805	4836	4730	4649	4499	4367
Surplus	655	624	730	811	961	1093
% Surplus	12.0%	11.4%	13.4%	14.9%	17.6%	20.0%
Actual	4907	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-102	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.9%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

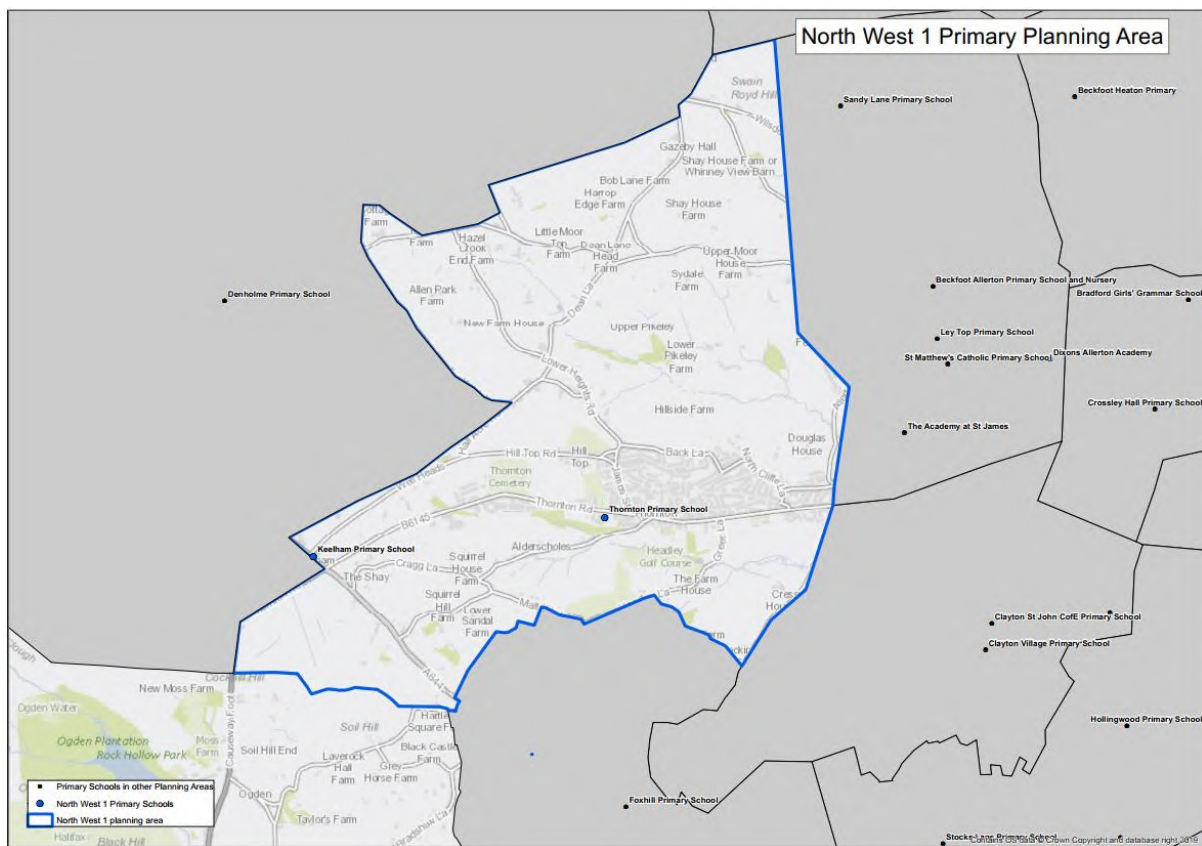
The Local Authority will monitor the impact of the 2022 and 2023 PAN reductions, alongside ongoing discussion with schools in the planning area regarding the increasing levels of surplus places.

North West 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are just two primary schools in North West 1 planning area, both of which have nursery provision. The area is mainly rural and covers the village of Thornton.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Keelham Primary School	Foundation		15	Yes
Thornton Primary School	Academy	Focus Academy Trust (UK) Ltd	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in North West 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	105	93	12	732	692	40	5.46%
2017	105	100	5	732	681	51	6.97%
2018	105	81	24	735	658	77	10.48%
2019	105	89	16	735	646	89	12.11%
2020	105	79	26	735	627	108	14.69%
2021	105	78	27	735	595	140	19.05%
2021	75	75	0	578	735	157	21.36%

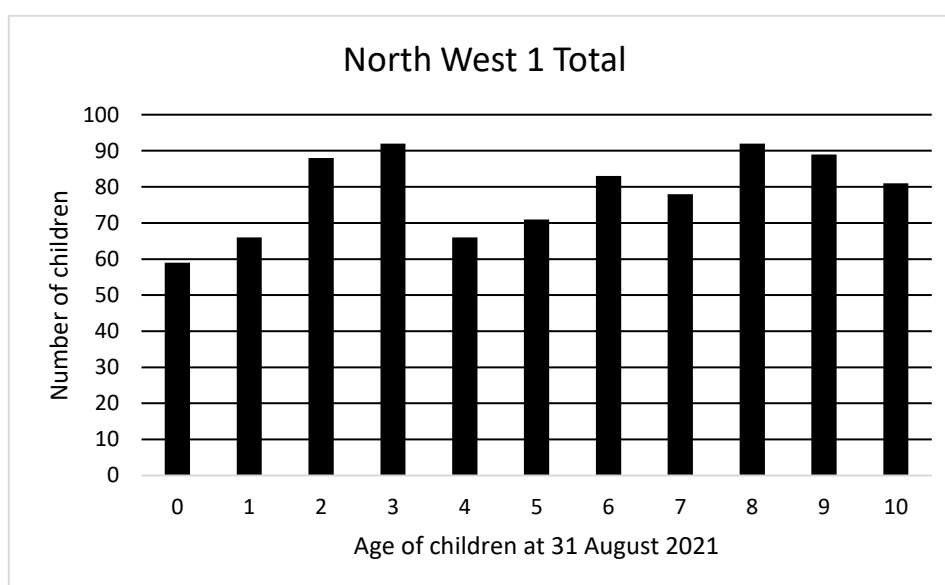
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Thornton Primary School converted to academy status in February 2017 under the Focus Academy Trust.
- Thornton Primary School reduced their PAN from 90 to 60 from September 2022.

Health Authority Data for North West 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
North West 1 Total	59	66	88	92	66	71	83	78	92	89	81
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for North West 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 96% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North West 1 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	86	83	64	61	51

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For North West 1, the highest number of children coming in are from Bingley 2; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in Bingley 2 and North West 2. Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for North West 1

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	105	75	75	75	75	75
Forecast	79	75	75	75	75	66
Surplus	26	0	0	0	0	9
% Surplus	24.8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	12.0%
Actual	78	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	1	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.7%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	735	735	735	735	735	735
Forecast	603	578	565	533	530	513
Surplus	132	157	170	202	205	222
% Surplus	18.0%	21.4%	23.1%	27.5%	27.9%	30.2%
Actual	595	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	8	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.7%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

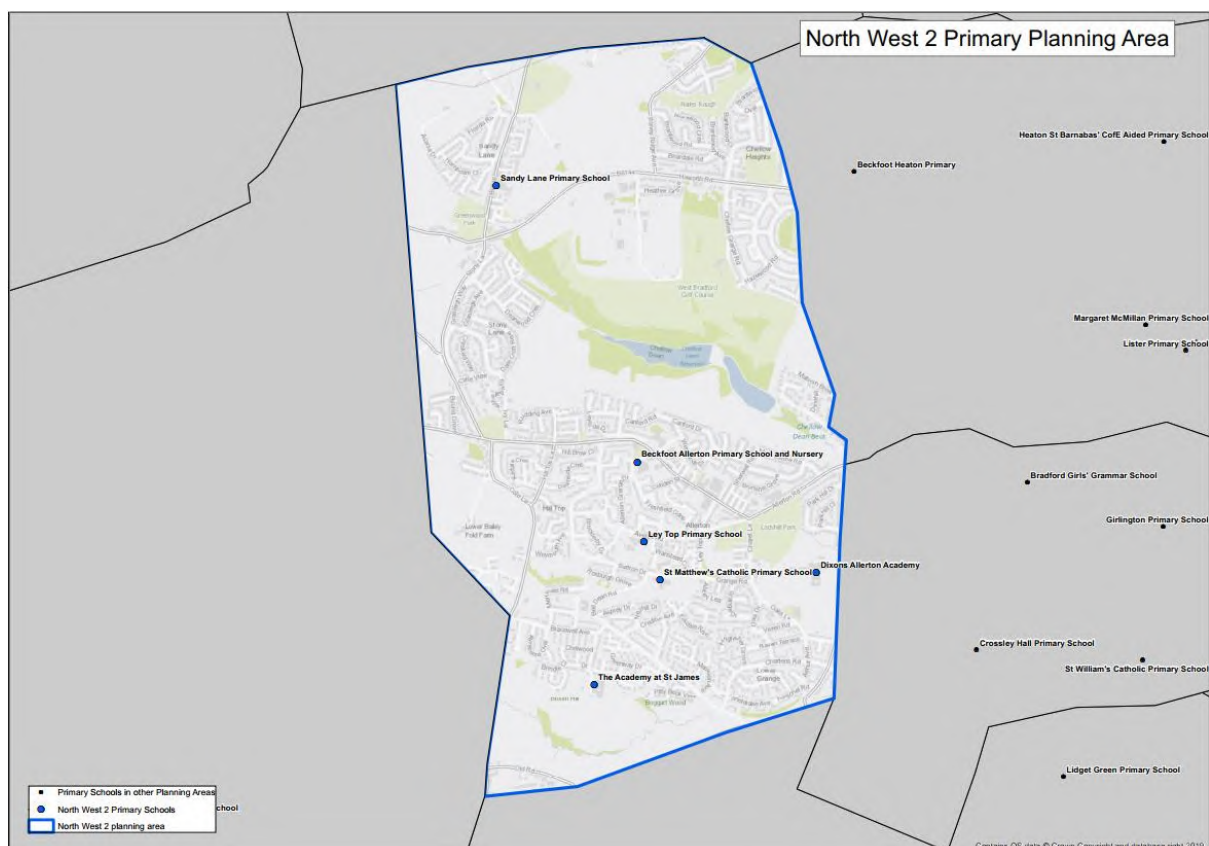
The Local Authority will monitor the impact of the 2022 PAN reduction at Thornton Primary School, alongside ongoing discussions with schools in the planning area regarding the impact of planned housing developments in this planning area and on-going construction of developments in neighbouring areas.

North West 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in North West 2 planning area, all of which have nursery provision. The area is semi urban covering Allerton, Lower Grange and Sandy Lane.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Beckfoot Allerton Primary School and Nursery	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	60	Yes
Dixons Allerton Academy	Academy	Dixons Academies Trust	60	Yes
Ley Top Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Sandy Lane Primary School	Community		45	Yes
St Matthew's Catholic Primary School	Voluntary Aided		30	Yes
The Academy At St. James	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	45	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in North West 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	315	263	52	2200	1784	416	18.91%
2017	315	256	59	2200	1832	368	16.73%
2018	315	291	24	2200	1908	292	13.27%
2019	315	277	38	2205	1984	221	10.02%
2020	315	284	31	2205	1970	235	10.66%
2021	315	259	56	2205	1952	253	11.47%
2022	300	267	33	1935	2205	270	12.24%

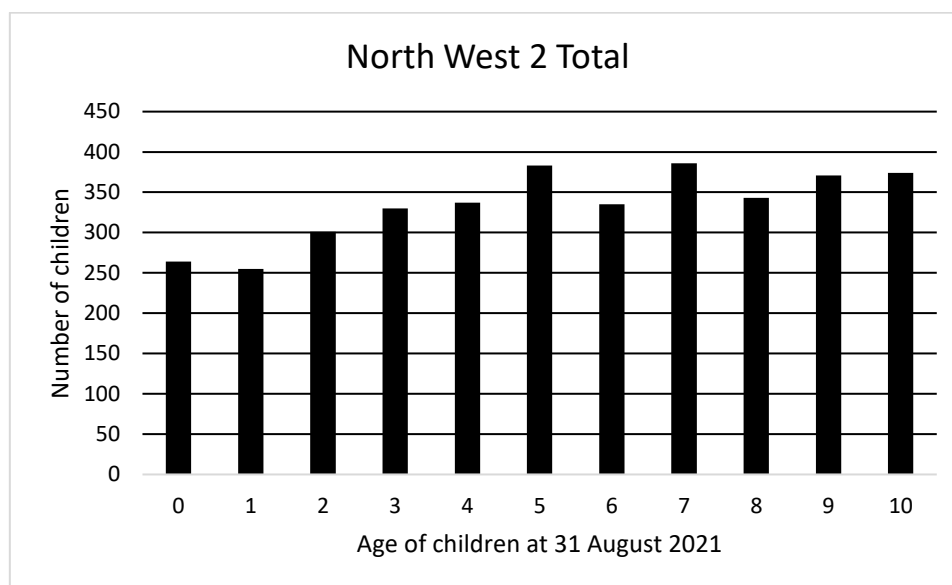
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Allerton Primary School converted to academy status in September 2016 under the Beckfoot Trust with a name change to Beckfoot Allerton.
- St James Primary converted to academy status in January 2017 under the Bradford Diocese Academies Trust (BDAT) with a name change to The Academy at St James.
- The Academy at St James reduced their PAN from 60 to 45 from 2022, before consulting to reduce the PAN from 45 to 30 in September 2023.
- St Matthew's Catholic Primary School is proposing to join the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust during the 2022/23 academic year.

Health Authority Data for North West 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
North West 2 Total	264	255	301	330	337	383	335	386	343	371	374
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for North West 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 94% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North West 2 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	307	279	240	249	243

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For North West 2, the highest number of children coming in are from North West 3; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in North West 5. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for North West 2

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	315	300	285	285	285	285
Forecast	270	271	251	214	216	207
Surplus	45	29	34	71	69	78
% Surplus	14.3%	9.7%	11.9%	24.9%	24.2%	27.4%
Actual	259	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	11	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	95.8%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2205	2205	2205	2205	2205	2205
Forecast	1950	1935	1918	1871	1797	1733
Surplus	255	270	287	334	408	472
% Surplus	11.6%	12.2%	13.0%	15.1%	18.5%	21.4%
Actual	1952	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-2	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.9%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area, with specific regard to the on-going housing developments in this area.

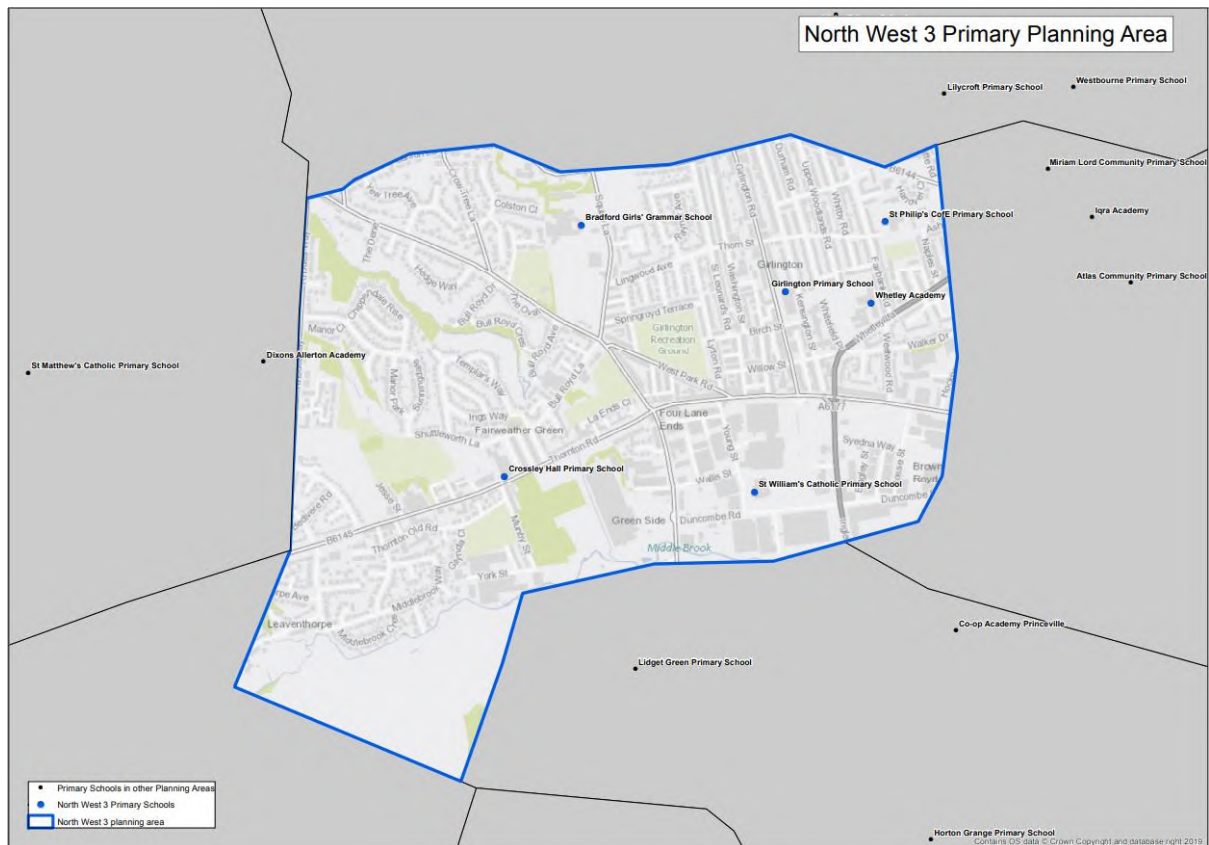
The Local Authority will monitor the impact of the 2022 and 2023 PAN reductions, alongside ongoing discussions with schools in the planning area regarding the increasing levels of surplus places.

North West 3 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in North West 3 planning area, four of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and quite densely populated to the north.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Bradford Girls' Grammar School	Free school	Bradford Girls' Grammar School Trust (single-academy trust)	56	No
Crossley Hall Primary School	Academy	Pennine Academies Yorkshire	90	Yes
Girlington Primary School	Community		60	Yes
St Philip's C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	30	Yes
St William's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	No
Whetley Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	90	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 3 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in North West 3

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	356	304	52	2464	2319	145	5.88%
2017	356	309	47	2464	2304	160	6.49%
2018	356	327	29	2464	2291	173	7.02%
2019	352	306	46	2464	2270	194	7.87%
2020	352	303	49	2492	2215	277	11.12%
2021	352	302	50	2492	2236	256	10.27%
2022	356	268	88	2197	2492	295	11.84%

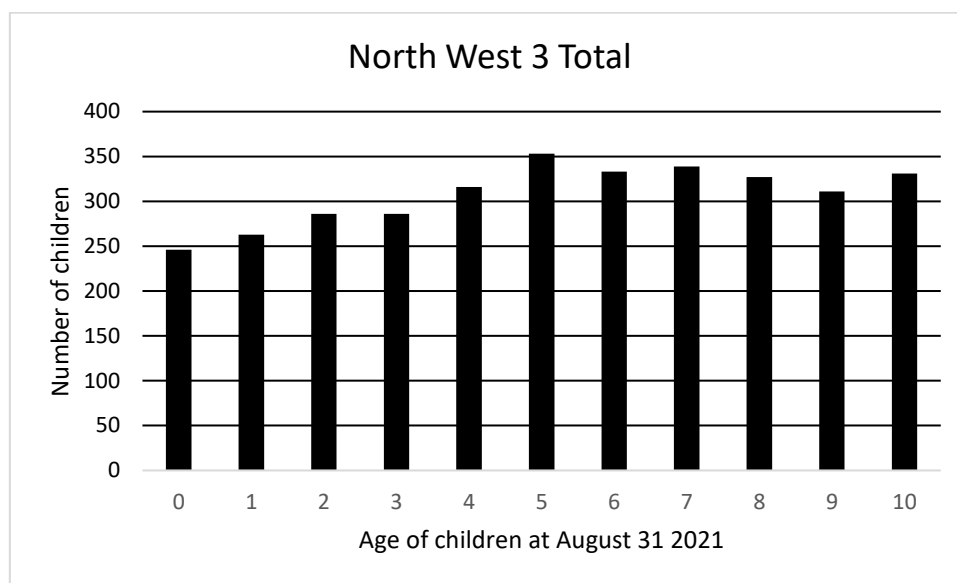
Historic changes and academy conversions

- St Williams Catholic Primary School closed their nursery in July 2016.
- Bradford Girls' Grammar School increased their PAN from 48 to 52 in September 2016.
- Crossley Hall Primary School converted to academy status in December 2018 under Pennine Academies Yorkshire (PAYMAT).
- St William's Catholic Primary converted to academy status in November 2020 academic year under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Bradford Girls' Grammar School increased their PAN from 52 to 56 in September 2022.

Health Authority Data for North West 3

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
North West 3 Total	246	263	286	286	316	353	333	339	327	311	331
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecasts for North West 3

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 92% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North West 3 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	260	269	240	226	207

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For North West 3, the highest number of children coming in are from North West 5; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in North West 2. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for North West 3

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	352	356	356	356	356	356
Forecast	300	272	274	245	247	220
Surplus	52	84	82	111	109	136
% Surplus	14.8%	23.6%	23.0%	31.2%	30.6%	38.2%
Actual	302	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-2	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.3%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2492	2492	2492	2492	2492	2492
Forecast	2191	2197	2164	2094	2025	1945
Surplus	301	295	328	398	467	547
% Surplus	12.1%	11.8%	13.2%	16.0%	18.7%	22.0%
Actual	2236	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-45	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.0%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

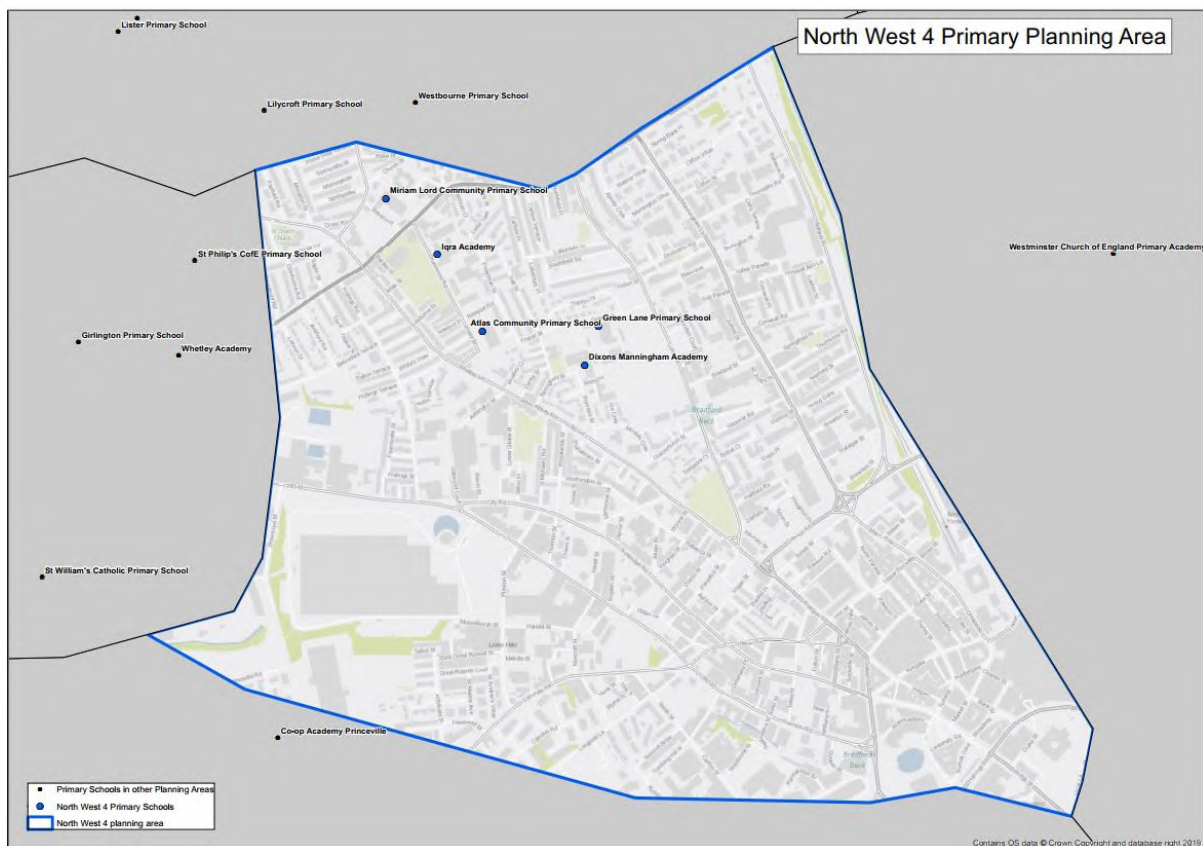
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024

North West 4 Primary School Planning Area

There are five primary schools in North West 4 planning area, all of which have nursery provision. The area is urban, covering Girdlington, Lister Hills, Manningham and parts of the centre of Bradford.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Atlas Community Primary School	Academy	The Priestley Academy Trust	30	Yes
Dixons Manningham Academy	Academy	Dixons Academies Trust	60	Yes
Green Lane Primary School	Academy	The Priestley Academy Trust	90	Yes
Iqra Academy	Academy	Feversham Education Trust	90	Yes
Miriam Lord Community Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 4 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in North West 4

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	330	283	47	2310	2192	118	5.11%
2017	330	271	59	2310	2131	179	7.75%
2018	330	279	51	2310	2146	164	7.10%
2019	330	269	61	2310	2104	206	8.92%
2020	330	273	57	2310	2058	252	10.91%
2021	330	294	36	2310	2108	202	8.74%
2022	330	255	75	2089	2310	221	9.57%

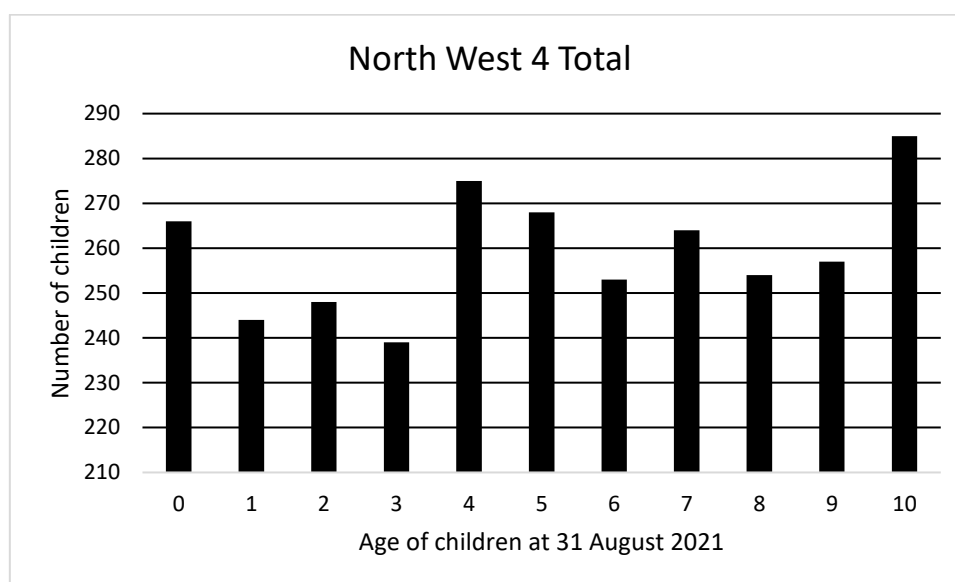
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Iqra Academy converted to academy status on 1 September 2013 and joined Feversham Education Trust in July 2019.
- Atlas and Green Lane converted to academy status in December 2016 under the Priestley Academy Trust.
- Miriam Lord Primary School is proposing to join the Priestley Academy Trust during the 2022/23 academic year.

Health Authority Data for North West 4

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
North West 4 Total	266	244	248	239	275	268	253	264	254	257	285
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecasts for North West 4

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 91% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North West 4 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	218	213	217	241	247

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For North West 4, the highest number of children coming in are from North West 5; the highest number attending elsewhere go to schools in South West 4. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for North West 4

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	330	330	330	330	330	330
Forecast	288	262	264	261	264	281
Surplus	42	68	66	69	66	49
% Surplus	12.7%	20.6%	20.0%	20.9%	20.0%	14.8%
Actual	294	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-6	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.0%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2310	2310	2310	2310	2310	2310
Forecast	2043	2089	2077	2066	2040	2035
Surplus	267	221	233	244	270	275
% Surplus	11.6%	9.6%	10.1%	10.6%	11.7%	11.9%
Actual	2108	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-65	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	96.9%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

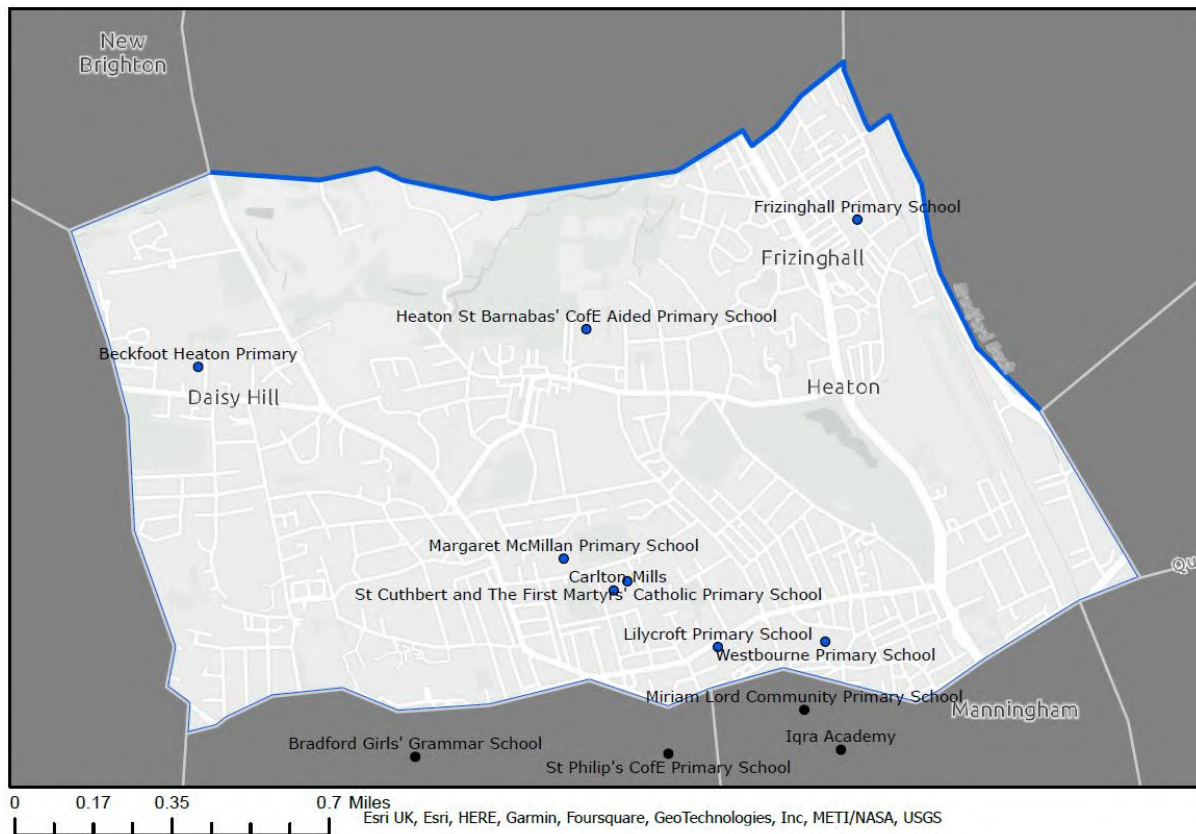
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

North West 5 Primary School Planning Area

There are eight primary schools in North West 5 planning area, six of which have nursery provision. The area is urban, covering parts of Frizinghall, Heaton, Lilycroft and Manningham.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Beckfoot Heaton Primary	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	90	Yes
Carlton Mills	Academy	Carlton Academy Trust	60	Yes
Frizinghall Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Heaton St Barnabas' C of E Aided Primary School	Voluntary Aided		60	No
Lilycroft Primary School	Academy	The Priestley Academy Trust	60	No
Margaret McMillan Primary School	Academy	The Priestley Academy Trust	90	Yes
St Cuthbert and the First Martyrs' Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	Yes
Westbourne Primary School	Academy	The Priestley Academy Trust	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 5 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in North West 5

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	510	482	28	3570	3464	106	2.97%
2017	510	455	55	3570	3427	143	4.01%
2018	510	440	70	3570	3353	217	6.08%
2019	510	439	71	3570	3339	231	6.47%
2020	510	457	53	3570	3329	241	6.75%
2021	510	458	52	3570	3322	248	6.95%
2022	510	406	104	3261	3570	309	8.66%

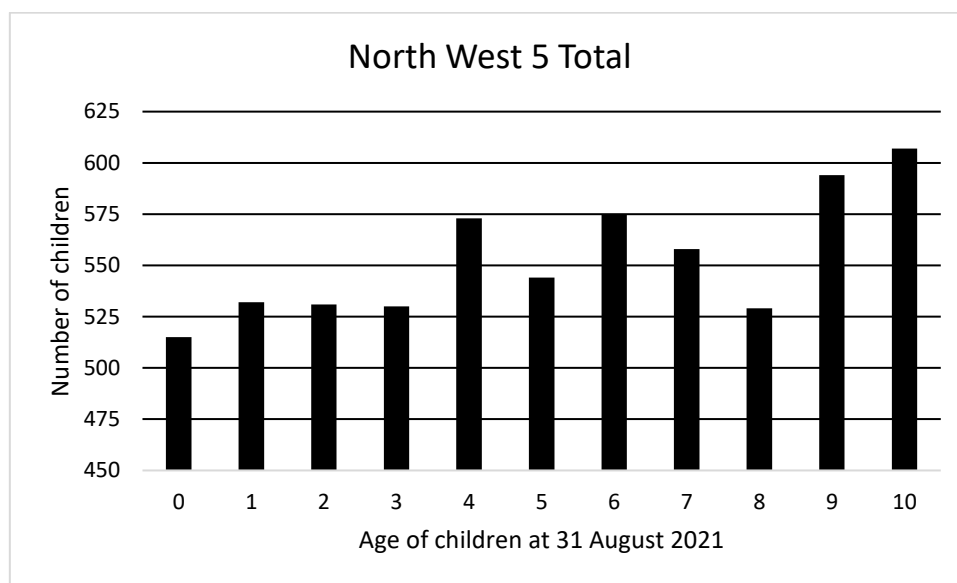
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Heaton Primary School converted to academy status in December 2016 under the Beckfoot Academy Trust with a name change to Beckfoot Heaton.
- Lilycroft, Margaret McMillan and Westbourne Primary School all converted to academy status in February 2017 under the Priestley Academy Trust.
- St Cuthbert & the First Martyrs' Catholic Primary converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Lister Primary School converted to academy status in September 2020 under Carlton Academy Trust. The name of the academy changed to Carlton Mills in September 2021.

Health Authority Data for North West 5

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
North West 5 Total	515	532	531	530	573	544	575	558	529	594	607
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for North West 5

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 91% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North West 5 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	481	484	479	472	465

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For North West 5, the highest number of children coming have been from North West 2; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in North West 4. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for North West 5

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	510	510	510	510	510	510
Forecast	450	408	411	404	402	394
Surplus	60	102	99	106	108	116
% Surplus	11.8%	20.0%	19.4%	20.8%	21.2%	22.7%
Actual	458	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-8	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.3%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	3570	3570	3570	3570	3570	3570
Forecast	3309	3261	3193	3147	3089	3053
Surplus	261	309	377	423	481	517
% Surplus	7.3%	8.7%	10.6%	11.8%	13.5%	14.5%
Actual	3322	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-13	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.6%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

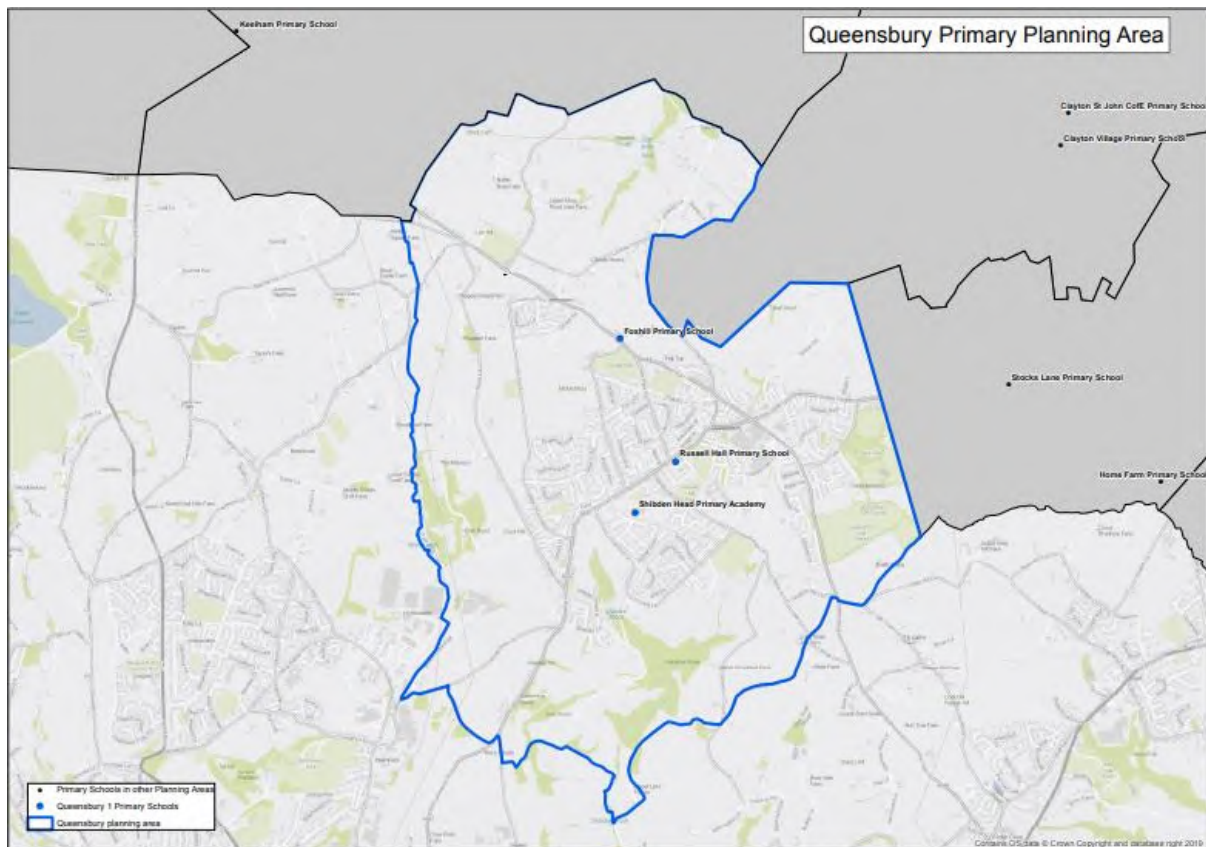
Whilst significant surplus places are forecast for this planning area, this is largely due to the area being a net exporter of children to other planning areas. The Health data for this area is much more closely aligned with the combined PAN of the schools here. To protect against an increase in local children requesting places in their 'home' planning area, there are currently no plans to address the surplus here for 2024 but this will continue to be closely monitored.

Queensbury Primary School Planning Area

There are three primary schools in Queensbury planning area, two of which have nursery provision. The area is suburban and semi-rural and mainly covers Queensbury.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Foxhill Primary School	Foundation	-	30	Yes
Russell Hall Primary School	Foundation	-	30	Yes
Shibden Head Primary Academy	Academy	Focus Academy Trust (UK) Ltd	60	No

Map showing primary schools in the Queensbury planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Queensbury

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	120	124	-4	839	851	-12	-1.43%
2017	120	122	-2	839	846	-7	-0.83%
2018	120	118	2	839	834	5	0.60%
2019	120	116	4	839	817	22	2.62%
2020	120	119	1	839	817	22	2.62%
2021	120	117	3	839	814	25	2.98%
2022	120	119	1	810	839	29	3.46%

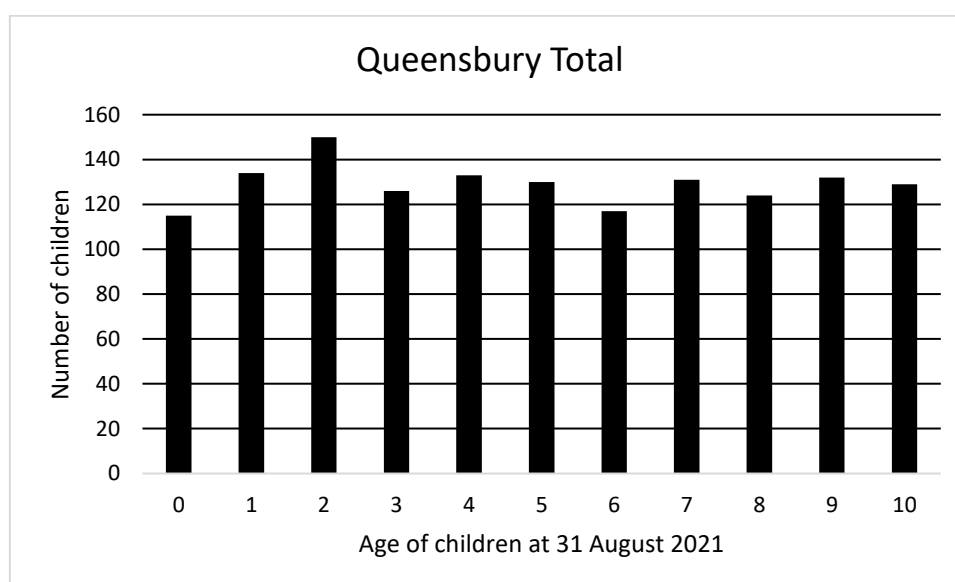
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Shibden Head Primary School converted to Shibden Head Academy, under the Focus Academies Trust, in March 2013.
- Stocks Lane Primary School in the adjoining south west 3 planning area increased their PAN from 15 to 30 to admit additional children from September 2016.

Health Authority Data for Queensbury

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Queensbury Total	115	134	150	126	133	130	117	131	124	132	129
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Queensbury

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 87% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Queensbury residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	112	127	113	99	93

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Queensbury, the highest number of children coming in have been from South West 3; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in South West 3 as well. Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for Queensbury

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	120	120	120	120	120	120
Forecast	119	120	120	113	99	93
Surplus	1	0	0	7	21	27
% Surplus	0.8%	0%	0%	5.8%	17.5%	22.5%
Actual	117	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	2	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.3%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	839	839	839	839	839	839
Forecast	814	810	812	804	784	765
Surplus	25	29	27	35	55	74
% Surplus	3.0%	3.5%	3.2%	4.2%	6.6%	8.8%
Actual	814	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	0	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	100%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

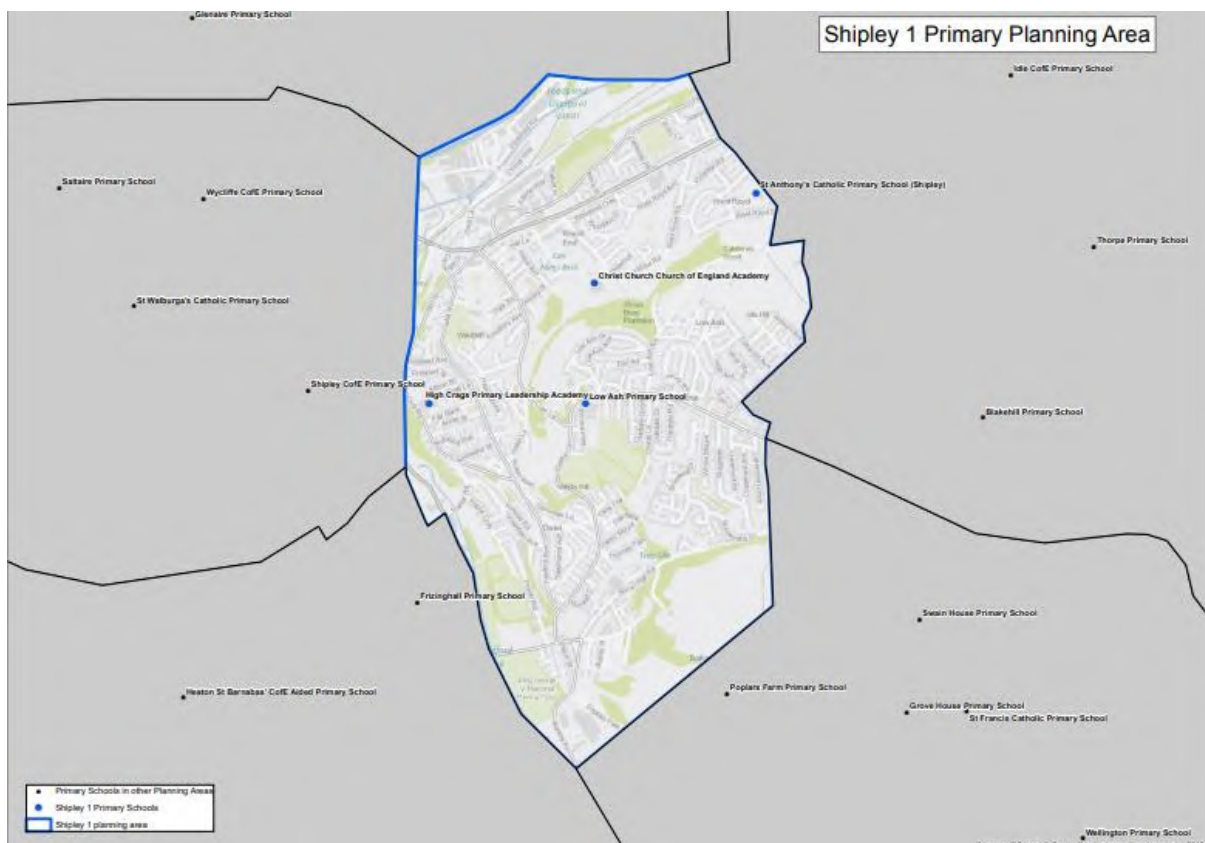
The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

ShIPLEY 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are four primary schools in Shipley 1 planning area, three of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and covers mainly the Windhill and Wrose areas.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Christ Church Church of England Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	30	Yes
High Craggs Primary Leadership Academy	Academy	Star Academies	60	Yes
Low Ash Primary School	Community		60	Yes
St Anthony's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	20	No

Map showing primary schools in the Shipley 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Shipley 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	168	169	-1	1176	1116	60	5.10%
2017	168	162	6	1176	1135	41	3.49%
2018	168	142	26	1176	1100	76	6.46%
2019	200	172	28	1220	1107	113	9.26%
2020	170	149	21	1220	1081	139	11.39%
2021	170	149	21	1220	1078	142	11.64%
2022	170	145	25	1064	1220	156	12.79%

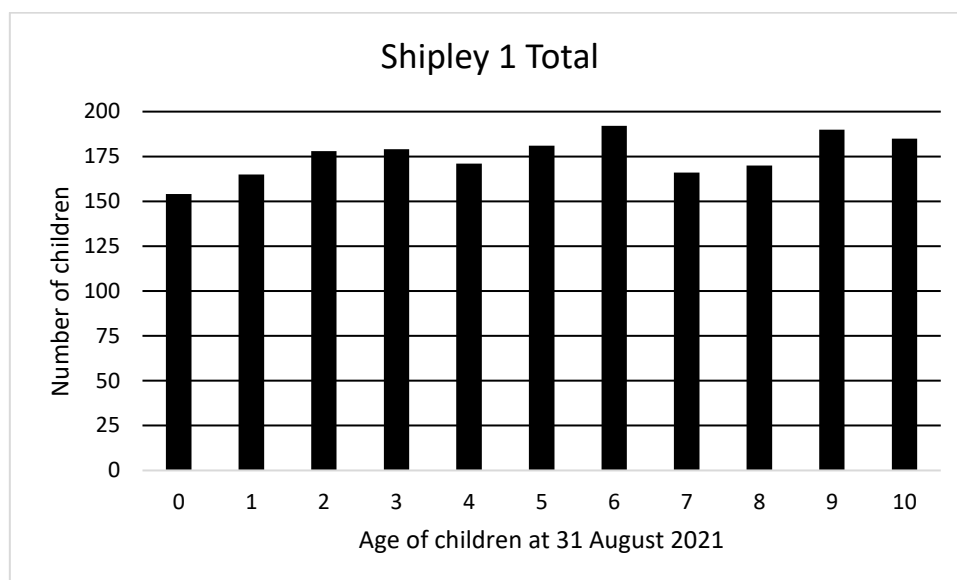
Historic changes and academy conversions

- High Craggs Primary School converted to academy status in April 2016 under the Wakefield City Academy Trust. They have since joined Star Academies Trust (the new name for Tauheedul Education Trust) in April 2018.
- Low Ash Primary School increased their PAN in September 2019 from 60 to 90. However, due to a reduction in the forecast the PAN returned to 60 in 2020, which was approved by the schools adjudicator.
- St Anthony's Catholic Primary increased their PAN from 18 to 20 in September 2019.
- St Anthony's Catholic Primary converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for Shipley 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Shipley 1 Total	154	165	178	179	171	181	192	166	170	190	185
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Shipley 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 95% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Shipley 1 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	166	171	152	151	140

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Shipley 1, the highest number of children coming in have been from North East 1; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in North East 2. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for Shipley 1

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	170	170	170	170	170	170
Forecast	153	144	149	138	133	128
Surplus	17	26	21	32	37	42
% Surplus	10.0%	15.3%	12.4%	18.8%	21.8%	24.7%
Actual	149	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	4	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.3%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	1220	1220	1220	1220	1220	1220
Forecast	1070	1064	1045	1021	1016	977
Surplus	150	156	175	199	204	243
% Surplus	12.3%	12.8%	14.3%	16.3%	16.7%	19.9%
Actual	1078	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-8	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.3%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

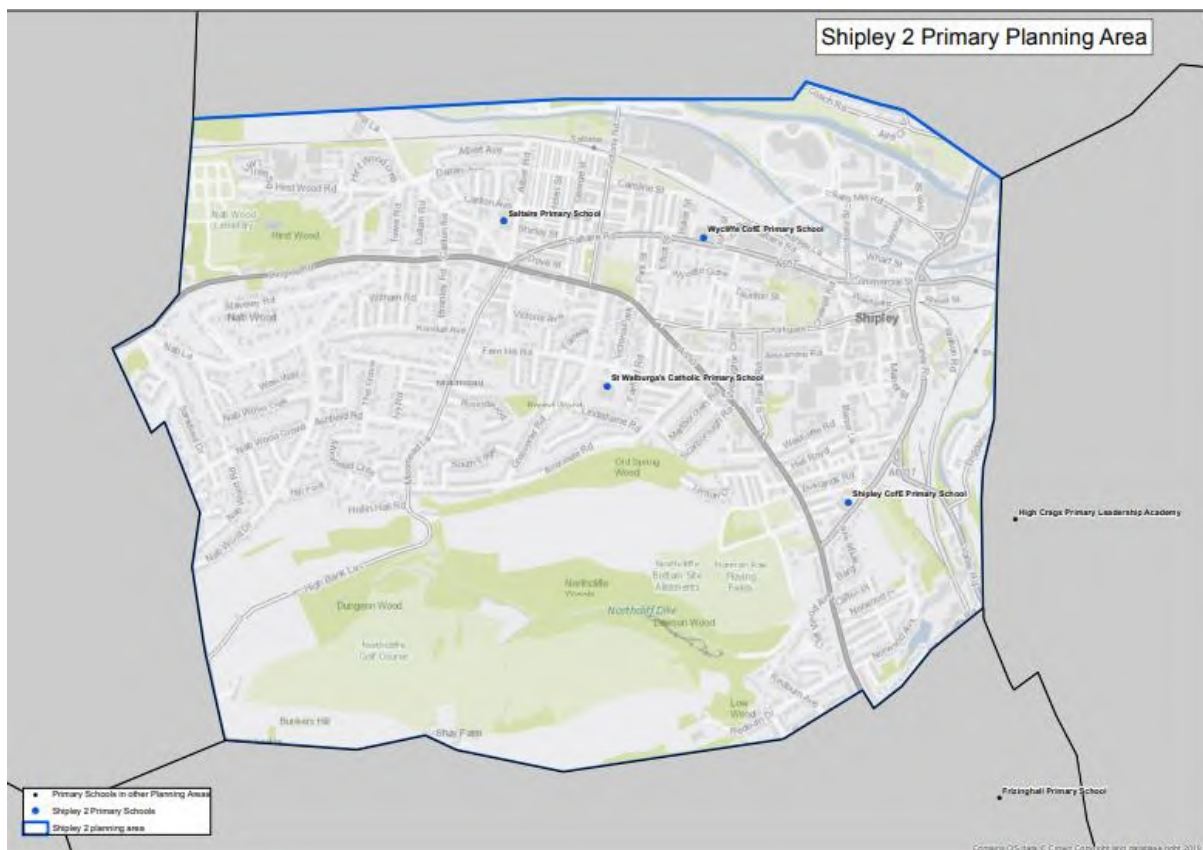
Whilst surplus places are forecast for this planning area, this is largely due to the area being a net exporter of children to other planning areas. The Health data for this area is more closely aligned with the combined PAN of the schools here. To protect against an increase in local children requesting places in their 'home' planning area, there are currently no plans to address the surplus here for 2024 but this will continue to be closely monitored.

Shipley 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are four primary schools in Shipley 2 planning area, two of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and covers central Shipley, Saltaire, Hirst Wood, Nab Wood and Northcliffe in the south.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Saltaire Primary School	Community		60	No
Shipley C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	30	Yes
St Walburga's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	Yes
Wycliffe C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	60	No

Map showing primary schools in the Shipley 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Shipley 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	180	181	-1	1126	1161	-35	-3.11%
2017	180	159	21	1151	1157	-6	-0.52%
2018	180	164	16	1256	1157	99	7.88%
2019	180	142	38	1256	1152	104	8.28%
2020	180	176	4	1256	1145	111	8.84%
2021	180	163	17	1256	1152	104	8.28%
2022	180	172	8	1148	1256	108	8.60%

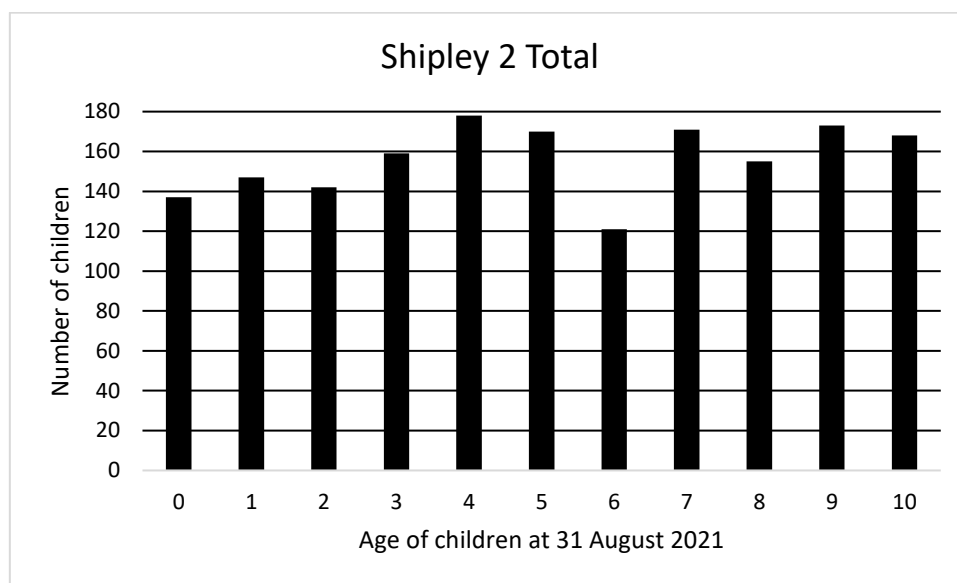
Historic changes and academy conversions

- St Walburga's Catholic Primary School converted to academy status in November 2016 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Shipley C of E Primary School and Wycliffe C of E Primary School converted to academy status in November 2018 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).
- Wycliffe C of E Primary has consulted to reduce their PAN from 60 to 45 from September 2023.

Health Authority Data for Shipley 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Shipley 2 Total	137	147	142	159	178	170	121	171	155	173	168
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Shipley 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 95% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Shipley 2 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	152	130	139	122	114

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Shipley 2, the highest number of children coming in have been from North West 5; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in Bingley 1. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for Shipley 2

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	180	180	165	165	165	165
Forecast	167	174	162	147	134	132
Surplus	13	6	3	18	31	33
% Surplus	7.2%	3.3%	1.8%	10.9%	18.8%	20.0%
Actual	163	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	4	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.5%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	1256	1256	1256	1256	1256	1256
Forecast	1146	1148	1124	1105	1071	1067
Surplus	110	108	132	151	185	189
% Surplus	8.8%	8.6%	10.5%	12.0%	14.7%	15.0%
Actual	1152	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-6	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.5%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children in the planning area and parental preference.

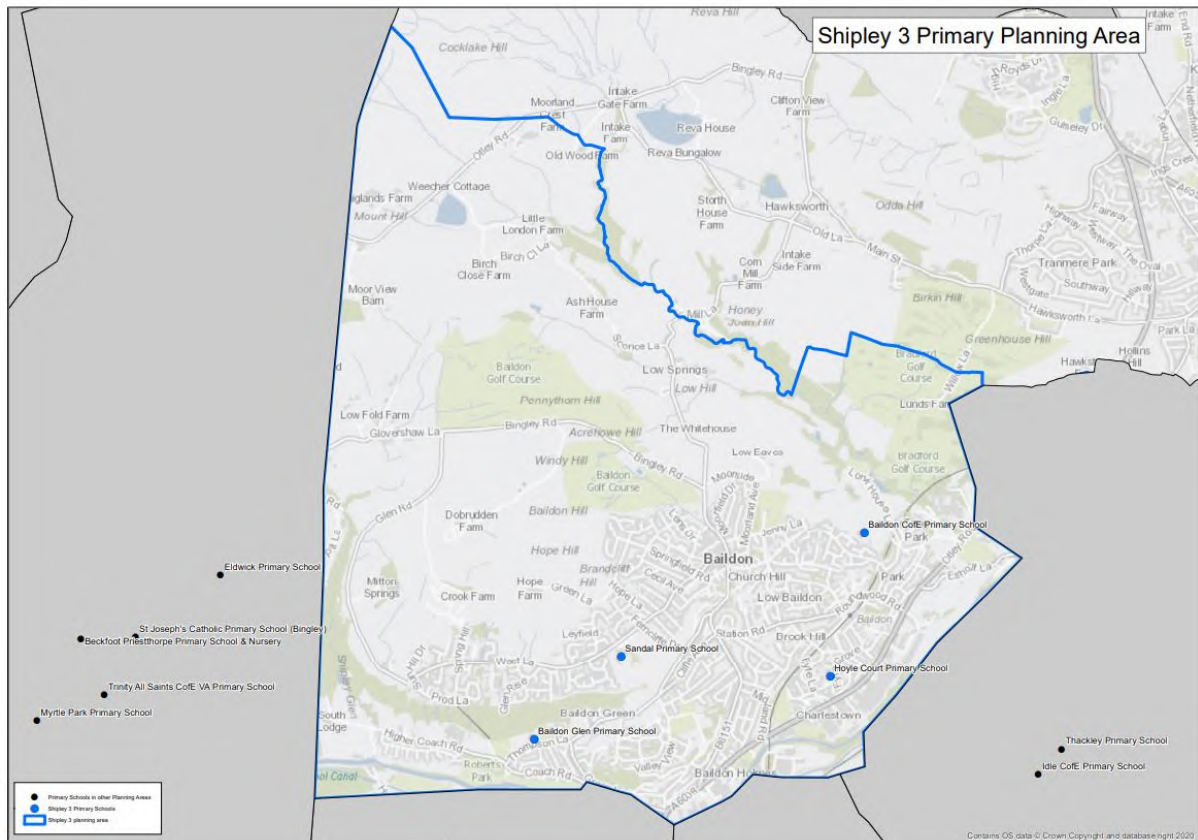
The forecast for this area shows an increase in surplus places in 2024 and a further increase in 2025. The underlying Health data suggests 2025 would be an appropriate point to reduce the overall PAN of the area. If there are no major changes to this data, conversations will begin with schools in this area in 2023 about possible reductions for 2025 onwards.

ShIPLEY 3 Primary School Planning Area

There are four primary schools in ShIPLEY 2 planning area, three of which have nursery provision. The schools surround Baildon village and the planning area incorporates a significant amount of rural area, covering Baildon Green, Baildon Moor and ShIPLEY Glen.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Baildon Church of England Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	60	Yes
Baildon Glen Primary School (previously Glenaire Primary School)	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	30	Yes
Hoyle Court Primary School	Community		45	No
Sandal Primary School	Community		60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the ShIPLEY 3 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Shipley 3

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	195	188	7	1334	1295	39	2.92%
2017	195	202	-7	1365	1312	53	3.88%
2018	195	186	9	1365	1311	54	3.96%
2019	195	187	8	1365	1299	66	4.84%
2020	195	177	18	1365	1309	56	4.10%
2021	195	181	14	1365	1301	64	4.69%
2022	195	159	36	1272	1365	93	6.81%

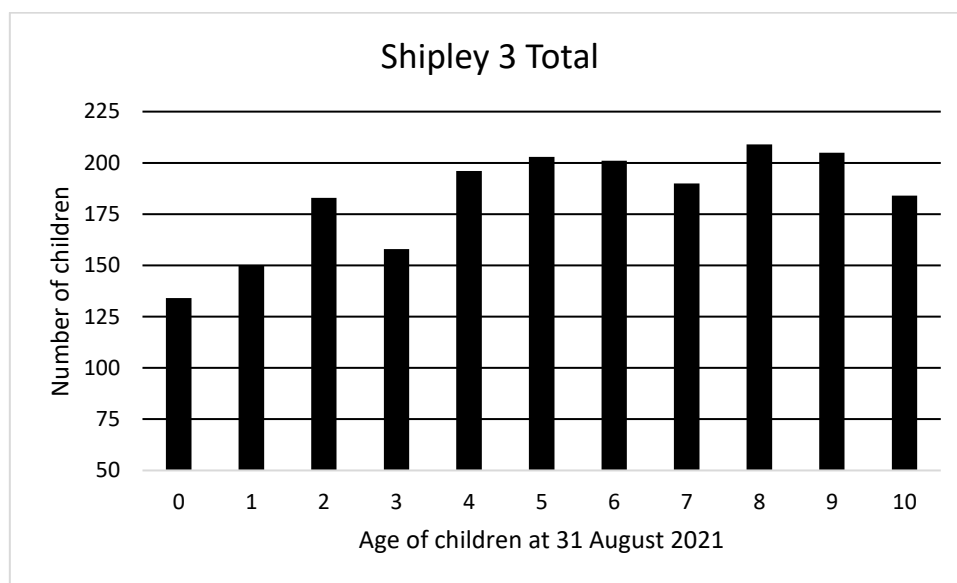
Historic changes and academy conversions

- The admission policy at Sandal Primary School was changed to include a priority area from September 2018.
- Glenaire Primary School converted to academy status in May 2022 under Exceed Academies Trust.
- Baildon C of E Primary School converted to academy status in July 2022 under Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust (BDAT).
- Glenaire Primary School changed its name to Baildon Glen from 1 September 2022.

Health Authority Data for Shipley 3

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Shipley 3 Total	134	150	183	158	196	203	201	190	209	205	184
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecasts for Shipley 3

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 91% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Shipley 3 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	148	168	137	125	118

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Shipley 3, the highest number of children coming in have been from Shipley 1; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in Shipley 2. Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for Shipley 3

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	195	195	195	195	195	195
Forecast	183	158	168	146	134	122
Surplus	12	37	27	49	61	73
% Surplus	6.2%	19.0%	13.8%	25.1%	31.3%	37.4%
Actual	181	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	2	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.9%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	1365	1365	1365	1365	1365	1365
Forecast	1297	1272	1250	1200	1151	1092
Surplus	68	93	115	165	214	273
% Surplus	5.0%	6.8%	8.4%	12.1%	15.7%	20.0%
Actual	1301	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-4	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.7%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

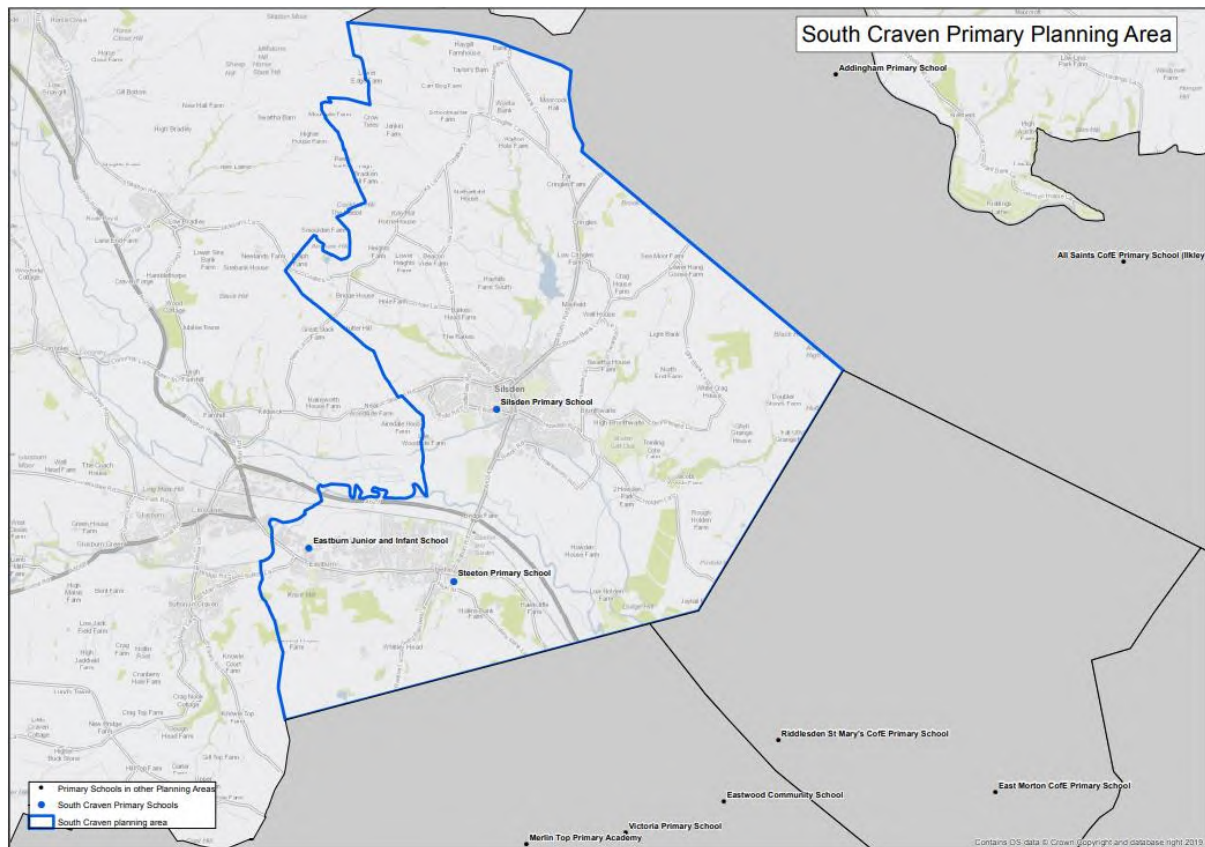
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

South Craven Primary School Planning Area

There are three primary schools in South Craven planning area, one of which has nursery provision. The area is mainly rural and covers Silsden, Eastburn and Steeton.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Eastburn Junior and Infant School	Community	-	30	No
Silsden Primary School	Community	-	90	Yes
Steeton Primary School	Community	-	45	No

Map showing primary schools in the South Craven planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in South Craven

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	165	158	7	1115	1043	72	6.46%
2017	165	157	8	1117	1072	45	4.03%
2018	165	136	29	1144	1073	71	6.21%
2019	165	159	6	1144	1087	57	4.98%
2020	165	156	9	1144	1107	37	3.23%
2021	165	152	13	1144	1113	31	2.71%
2022	165	139	26	1093	1144	51	4.46%

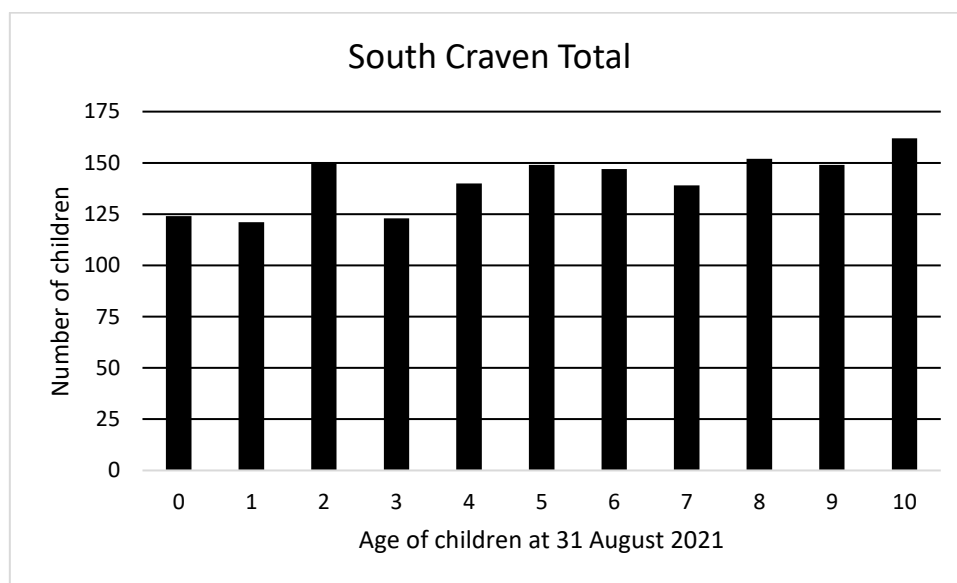
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Aire View Infants became a primary school from September 2017 with provision for reception to year 6 pupils on a split site initially, and also changed its' name to Silsden Primary School.
- Hothfield School closed in August 2017, children and staff transferred to Silsden Primary School.
- Silsden Primary School moved to their new school building with all age groups on one site in January 2022.

Health Authority Data for South Craven

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
South Craven Total	124	121	150	123	140	149	147	139	152	149	162
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for South Craven

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 82% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for South Craven residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	102	125	99	98	94

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For South Craven, the highest number of children coming in have been from Keighley 1; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in Wharfe Valley. Historically, a handful of children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for South Craven

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	165	165	165	165	165	165
Forecast	149	140	165	135	134	128
Surplus	16	25	0	30	31	37
% Surplus	9.7%	15.2%	0%	18.2%	18.8%	22.4%
Actual	152	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-3	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.0%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	1144	1144	1144	1144	1144	1144
Forecast	1097	1093	1108	1089	1081	1057
Surplus	47	51	36	55	63	87
% Surplus	4.1%	4.5%	3.1%	4.8%	5.5%	7.6%
Actual	1113	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-16	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.6%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

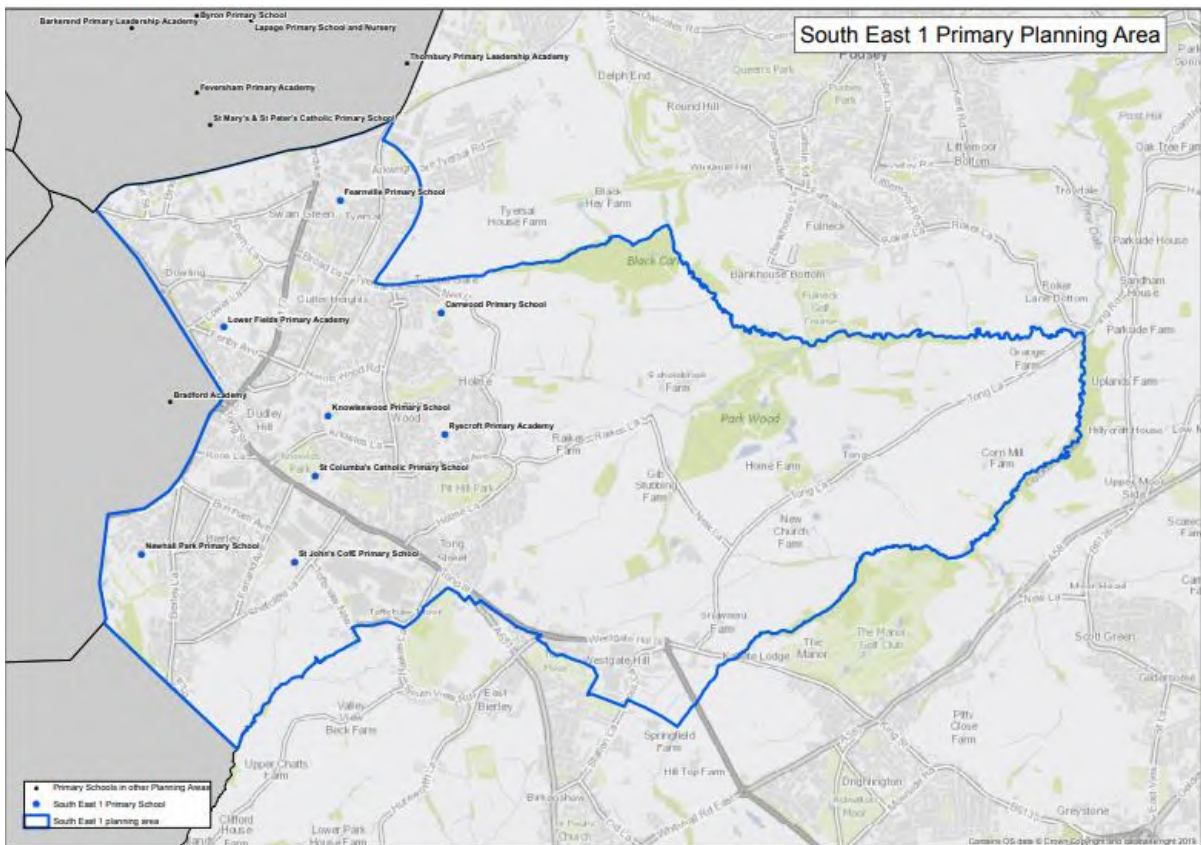
Consultation to reduce the PAN at Steeton Primary School from 45 to 30 from 2024 will begin in autumn 2022.

South East 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are eight primary schools in South East 1 planning area, all of which have nursery provision. The area is mainly urban covering Cutler Heights, Dudley Hill, Holmewood and Tong where there are a number of housing estates. To the north and east the planning area borders on to Leeds Local Authority and to the south onto Kirklees Local Authority.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Carrwood Primary School	Community		30	Yes
Fearnville Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	60	Yes
Knowleswood Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Lower Fields Primary Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	60	Yes
Newhall Park Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Ryecroft Primary Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	60	Yes
St Columba's Catholic Primary School, a Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	50	Yes
St John's C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the South East 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in South East 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	470	408	62	3169	2983	186	5.87%
2017	470	398	72	3203	2935	268	8.37%
2018	470	395	75	3220	2924	296	9.19%
2019	470	397	73	3220	2916	304	9.44%
2020	470	348	122	3220	2810	410	12.73%
2021	440	328	112	3220	2716	504	15.65%
2022	440	337	103	2621	3220	599	18.60%

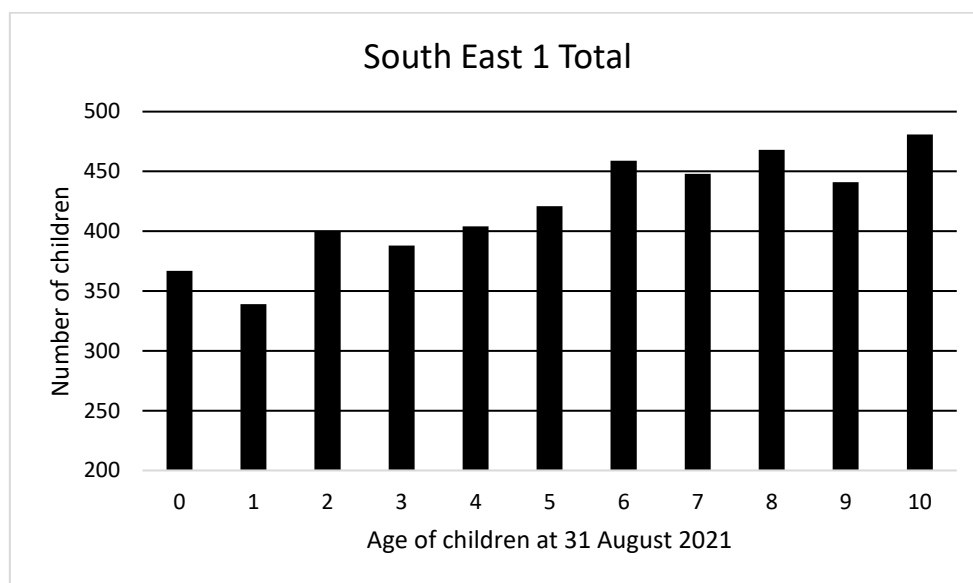
Historic changes and academy conversions

- St John's CE Primary School converted to academy status in October 2017 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).
- Fearnville Primary School converted to academy status in November 2018 under Nurture Academies Trust.
- Lower Fields Primary converted to academy status in December 2018 under Delta Academies Trust.
- Ryecroft Primary School joined Delta Academies Trust in September 2020.
- St Columba's Catholic Primary School converted to academy status in March 2021 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Carrwood Primary School reduced their PAN from 60 to 30 in September 2021.
- Ryecroft Primary School reduced their PAN from 60 to 30 in September 2022/2023 following approval from the Regional Director.

Health Authority Data for South East 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
South East 1 Total	367	339	400	388	404	421	459	448	468	441	481
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for South East 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 88% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for South East 1 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	349	358	303	320	315

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For South East 1, the highest number of children coming in have been from South West 5; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in South West 5 as well. Historically, around nine children have attended schools here from outside of the District each year.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for South East 1

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	440	440	410	410	410	410
Forecast	329	335	341	295	305	299
Surplus	111	105	69	115	105	111
% Surplus	25.2%	23.9%	16.8%	28.0%	25.6%	27.1%
Actual	328	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	1	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.7%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	3220	3220	3220	3220	3220	3220
Forecast	2696	2621	2574	2466	2388	2308
Surplus	524	599	646	754	832	912
% Surplus	16.3%	18.6%	20.1%	23.4%	25.8%	28.3%
Actual	2716	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-20	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.3%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

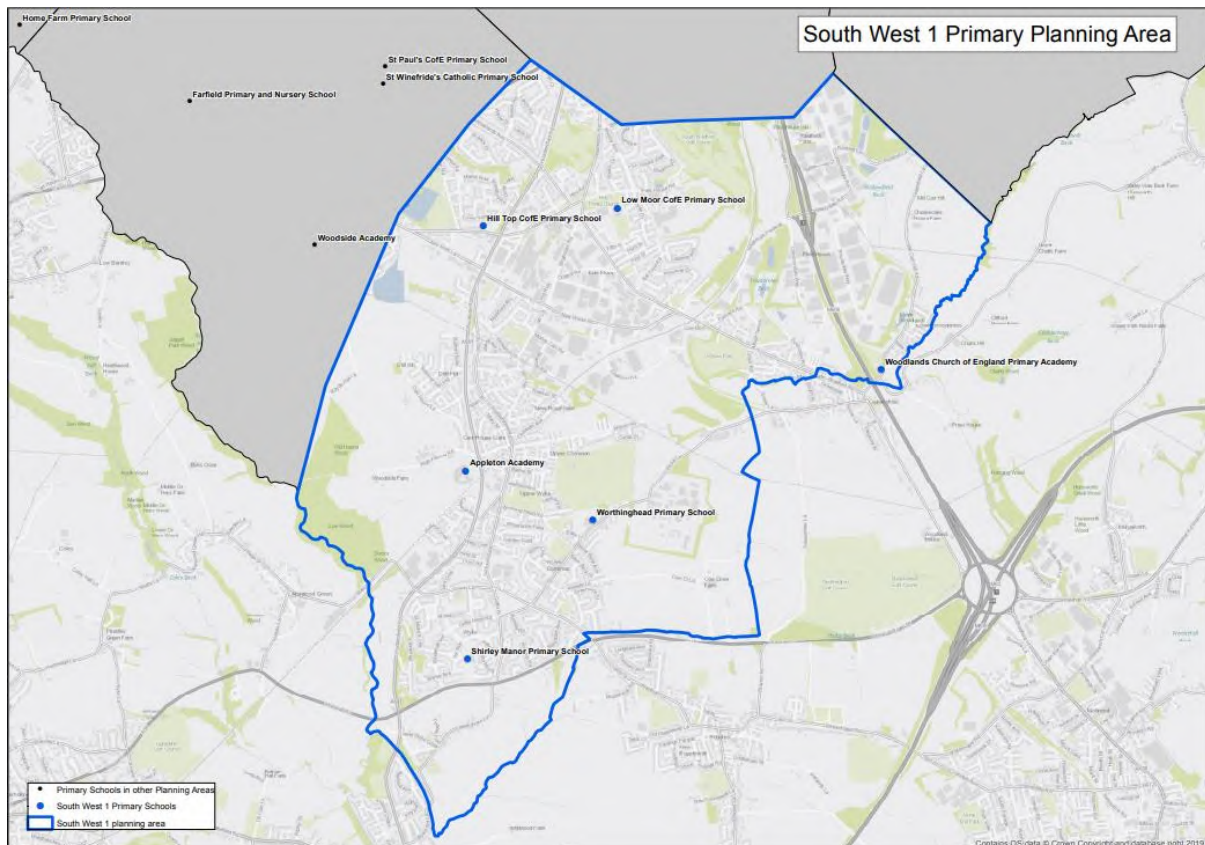
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

South West 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in South West 1 planning area, four of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and rural covering Low Moor, parts of Oakenshaw and Wyke. To the west the planning area borders on to Calderdale Local Authority and to the east onto Kirklees Local Authority.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Appleton Academy	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	60	Yes
Hill Top C of E Primary School	Foundation		30	Yes
Low Moor C of E Primary School	Voluntary Controlled		60	No
Shirley Manor Primary School	Academy	Shirley Manor Primary Academy (single-academy trust)	30	Yes
Woodlands Church of England Primary Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	15	Yes
Worthinghead Primary School	Community		30	No

Map showing primary schools in the South West 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in South West 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	225	225	0	1575	1512	63	4.00%
2017	225	206	19	1575	1521	54	3.43%
2018	225	222	3	1575	1532	43	2.73%
2019	225	227	-2	1575	1537	38	2.41%
2020	225	206	19	1554	1531	23	1.48%
2021	225	199	26	1554	1498	56	3.60%
2022	225	203	22	1470	1554	84	5.41%

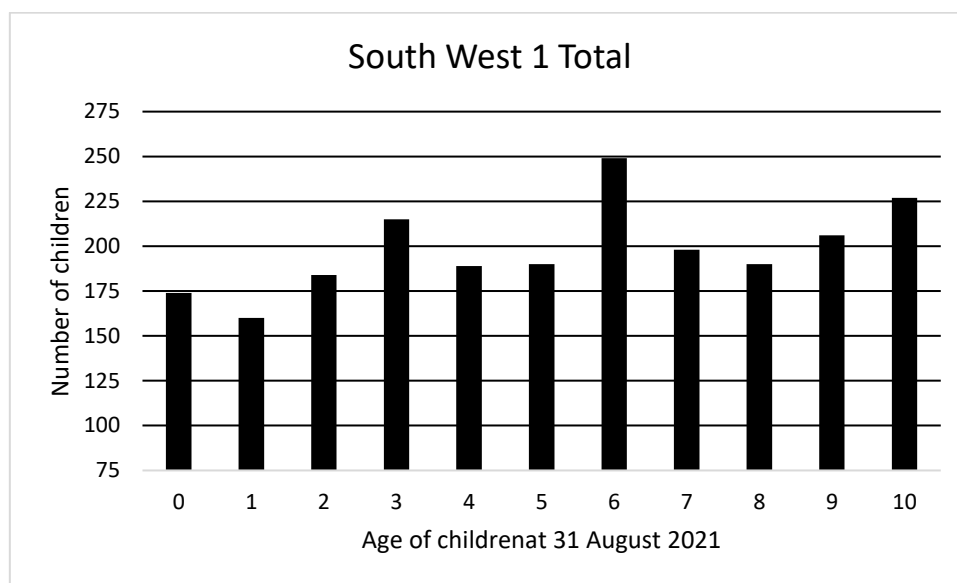
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Woodlands C of E Primary converted to academy status in August 2018 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).
- Woodlands C of E Primary Academy opened a nursery provision for 13 children in September 2019.

Health Authority Data for South West 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
South West 1 Total	174	160	184	215	189	190	249	198	190	206	227
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for South West 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 89% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for South West 1 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	191	165	137	166	163

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For South West 1, the highest number of children coming in have been from South West 2; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in South West 2 as well. Historically, over a dozen children have attended schools here from outside of the District each year.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for South West 1

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	225	225	225	225	225	225
Forecast	207	202	196	183	190	184
Surplus	18	23	29	42	35	41
% Surplus	8.0%	10.2%	12.9%	18.7%	15.6%	18.2%
Actual	199	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	8	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	96.0%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	1554	1554	1554	1554	1554	1554
Forecast	1513	1470	1437	1401	1379	1336
Surplus	41	84	117	153	175	218
% Surplus	2.6%	5.4%	7.5%	9.8%	11.3%	14.0%
Actual	1498	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	15	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.0%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

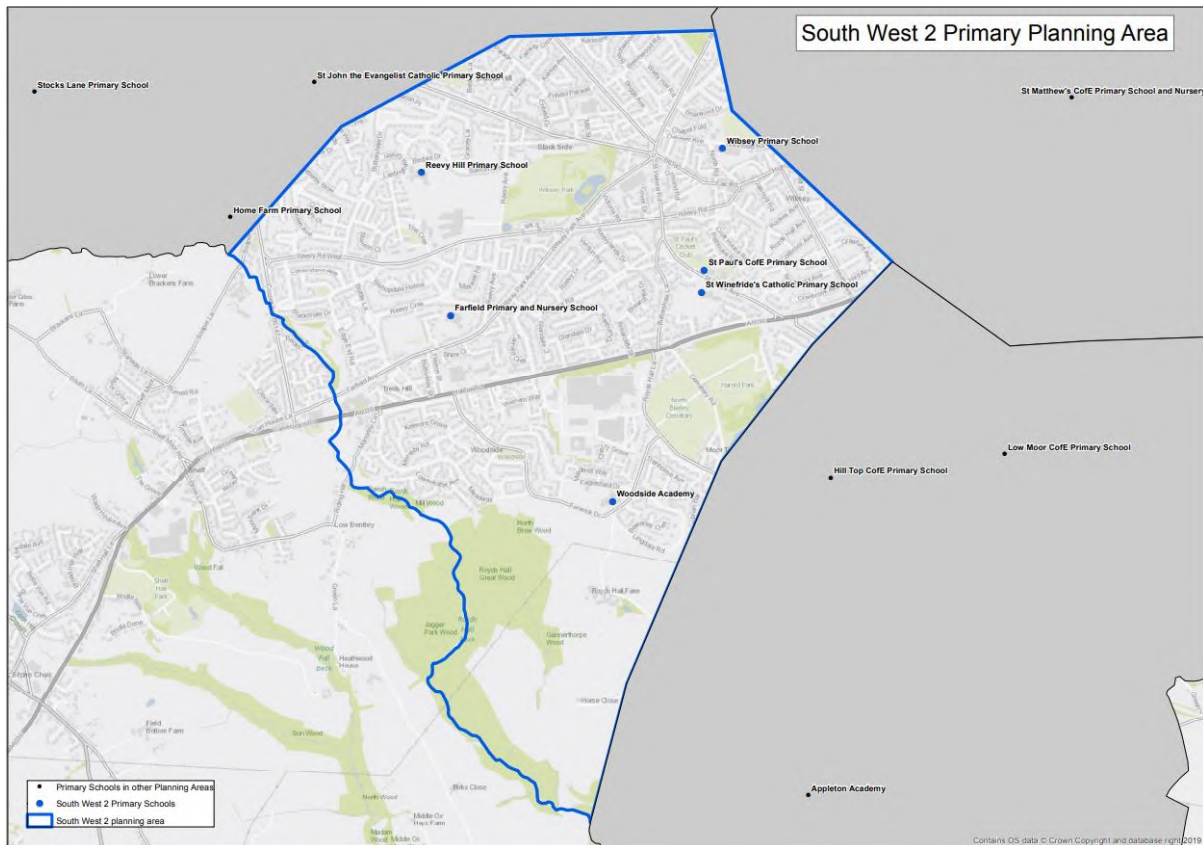
Appleton Academy is consulting on a variation to its 2023 admission arrangements. Should a subsequent application for a significant change be approved by the DfE, the school's admission number would be reduced to 50 for 2023.

South West 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in South West 2 planning area, five of which have nursery provision. The area is urban covering Buttershaw, Wibsey and Woodside. To the south west the planning area borders on to Calderdale Local Authority.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Farfield Primary and Nursery School	Community		60	Yes
Reevy Hill Primary School	Academy	Leading Learners Academy Trust	30	Yes
St Paul's C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided		30	No
St Winefride's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	60	Yes
Wibsey Primary School	Community		90	Yes
Woodside Academy	Academy	Leading Learners Academy Trust	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the South West 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in South West 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	330	332	-2	2304	2265	39	1.69%
2017	330	321	9	2316	2265	51	2.20%
2018	330	307	23	2316	2236	80	3.45%
2019	330	321	9	2316	2244	72	3.11%
2020	330	305	25	2316	2256	60	2.59%
2021	330	282	48	2316	2212	104	4.49%
2022	330	313	17	2199	2316	117	5.05%

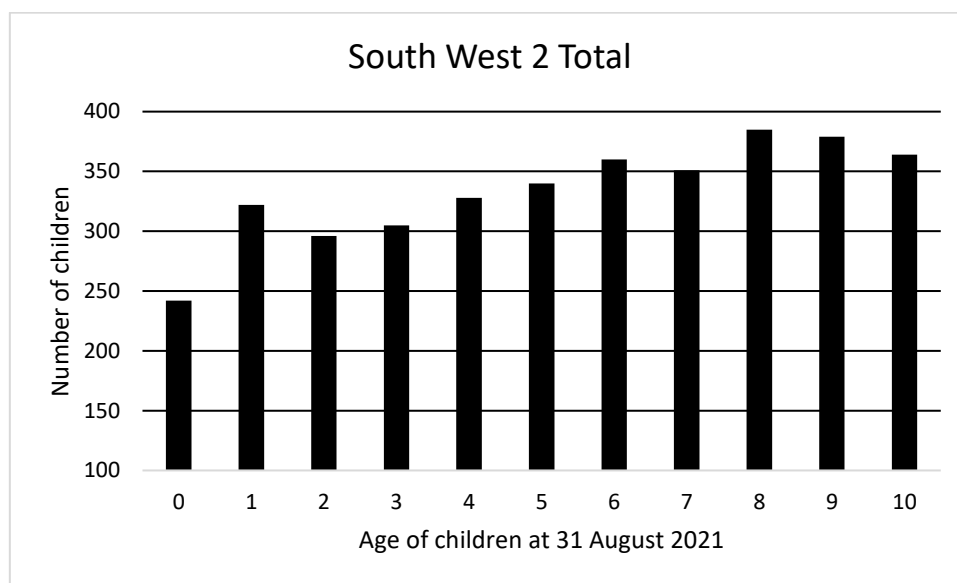
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Reevy Hill Primary converted to academy status in November 2016 under the Leading Learners Trust.
- St Winefride's Catholic Primary school converted to academy status in October 2016 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for South West 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
South West 2 Total	242	322	296	305	328	340	360	351	385	379	364
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for South West 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 90% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for South West 2 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	276	268	299	220	190

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For South West 2, the highest number of children coming in have been from South West 5; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in South West 3. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for South West 2

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	330	330	330	330	330	330
Forecast	290	312	304	285	237	213
Surplus	40	18	26	45	93	117
% Surplus	12.1%	5.5%	7.9%	13.6%	28.2%	35.5%
Actual	282	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	8	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.2%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2316	2316	2316	2316	2316	2316
Forecast	2223	2199	2183	2143	2066	1967
Surplus	93	117	133	173	250	349
% Surplus	4.0%	5.1%	5.7%	7.5%	10.8%	15.1%
Actual	2212	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	11	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.5%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

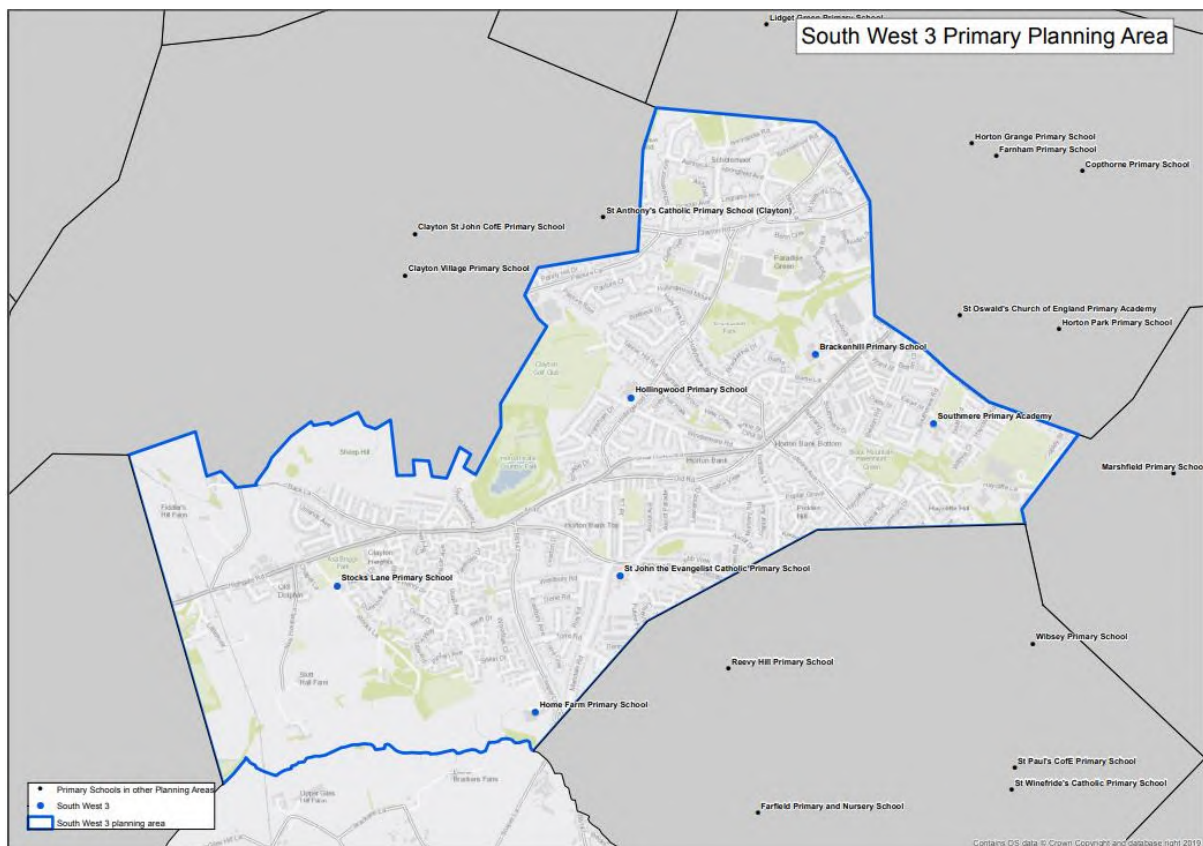
The forecast for this area shows an increase in surplus places in 2024 and a further increase in 2025. The underlying Health data suggests 2025 would be an appropriate point to reduce the overall PAN of the area. If there are no major changes to this data, conversations will begin with schools in this area in 2023 about possible reductions for 2025 onwards.

South West 3 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in South West 3 planning area, four of which have nursery provision. The area is urban covering Horton Bank, Horton Bank Top, Clayton Heights, and Scholemoor.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Brackenhill Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Hollingwood Primary School	Academy	Pennine Academies Yorkshire	60	Yes
Home Farm Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Southmere Primary Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	60	Yes
St John the Evangelist Catholic Primary School	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	No
Stocks Lane Primary School	Community		30	No

Map showing primary schools in the South West 3 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in South West 3

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	300	287	13	1995	1960	35	1.75%
2017	300	286	14	1995	1957	38	1.90%
2018	300	257	43	2100	1980	120	5.71%
2019	300	267	33	2100	1976	124	5.90%
2020	300	271	29	2100	1952	148	7.05%
2021	300	271	29	2100	1982	118	5.62%
2022	300	262	38	1953	2100	147	7.00%

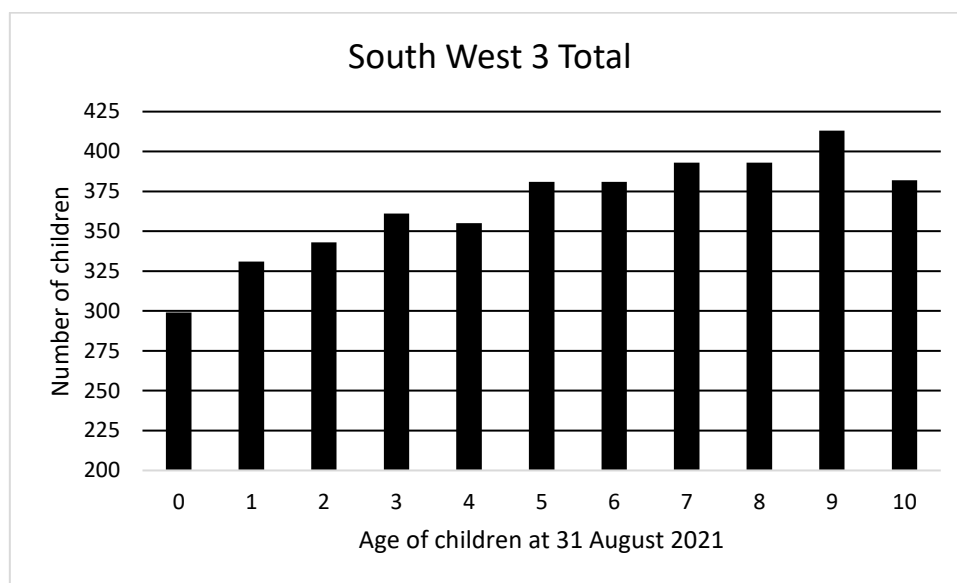
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Southmere Primary converted to academy status in September 2014 under the Northern Education Trust with a name change to Southmere Primary Academy. They joined Delta Academies Trust in January 2019.
- Stocks Lane Primary School admitted a half bulge class in September 2015 prior to their permanent PAN increase from 15 to 30 in September 2016.
- St John the Evangelist Catholic Voluntary Aided School converted to academy status in October 2016 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Hollingwood Primary School converted to academy status in May 2018 under Pennine Academies Yorkshire (PAYMAT).

Health Authority Data for South West 3

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
South West 3 Total	299	331	343	361	355	381	381	393	393	413	382
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecasts for South West 3

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 90% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for South West 3 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	327	317	305	272	250

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For South West 3, the highest number of children coming in have been from South West 2; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in South West 4. Historically, only a small number of children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for South West 3

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	300	300	300	300	300	300
Forecast	263	262	258	255	219	201
Surplus	37	38	42	45	81	99
% Surplus	12.3%	12.7%	14.0%	15.0%	27.0%	33.0%
Actual	271	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-8	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.0%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100
Forecast	1928	1953	1929	1891	1844	1775
Surplus	172	147	171	209	256	325
% Surplus	8.2%	7.0%	8.1%	10.0%	12.2%	15.5%
Actual	1982	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-54	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.3%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

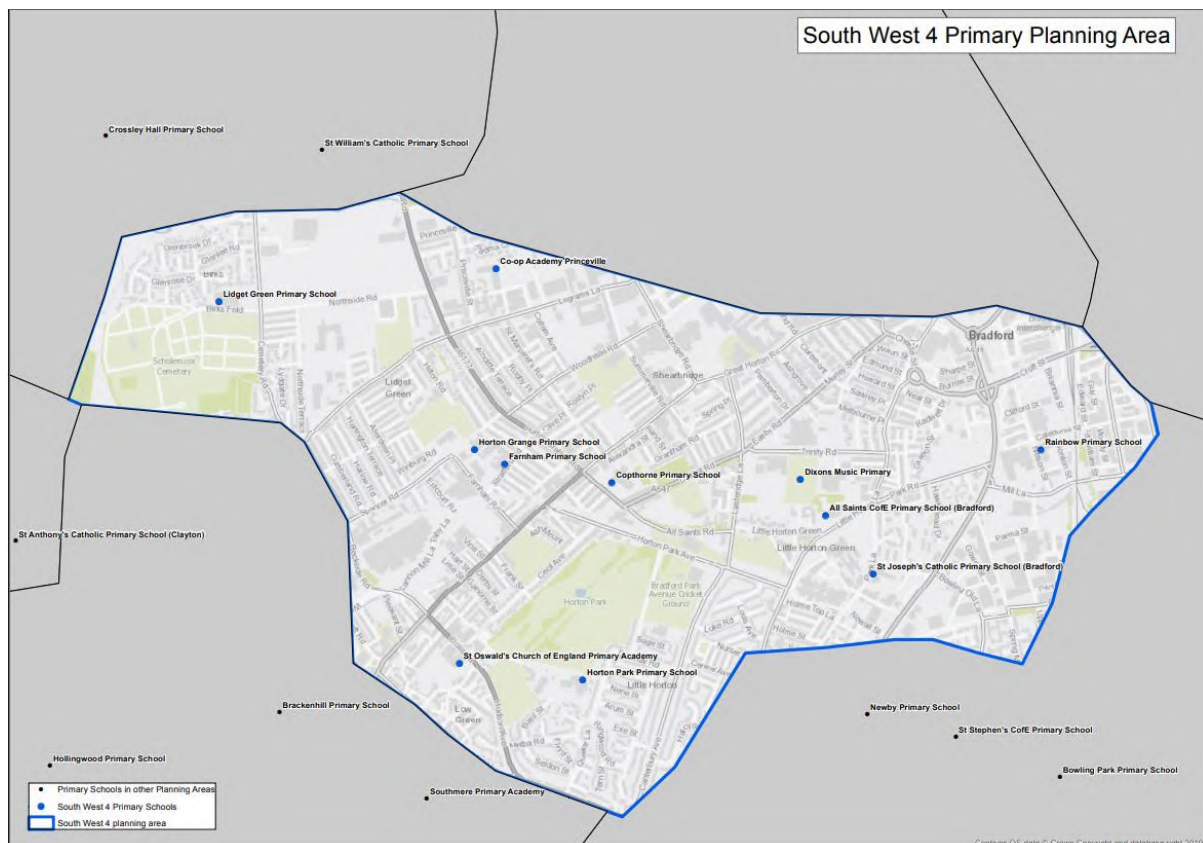
Whilst surplus places are forecast for this planning area, this is largely due to the area being a net exporter of children to other planning areas. The Health data for this area is much more closely aligned with the combined PAN of the schools here. To protect against an increase in local children requesting places in their 'home' planning area, there are currently no plans to address the surplus here for 2024. However, PAN reductions will likely be required for 2025.

South West 4 Primary School Planning Area

There are eleven primary schools in South West 4 planning area, eight of these primary schools have nursery provision. The area is urban covering parts of the city centre, Great Horton, Little Horton and Lidget Green.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
All Saints C of E Primary School	Academy	Collaborative Learning Trust	90	Yes
Co-op Academy Princeville	Academy	The Co-operative Academies Trust	60	Yes
Copthorne Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	60	Yes
Dixons Music Primary	Free school	Dixons Academies Trust	60	No
Farnham Primary School	Academy	Pennine Academies Yorkshire	60	Yes
Horton Grange Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	90	Yes
Horton Park Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	60	No
Lidget Green Primary School	Foundation		60	Yes
Rainbow Primary Leadership Academy	Free school	Star Academies	60	No
St Joseph's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	40	Yes
St Oswald's Church of England Primary Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the South West 4 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in South West 4

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	775	696	79	5383	4959	424	7.88%
2017	775	644	131	5436	4934	502	9.23%
2018	745	705	40	5436	5025	411	7.56%
2019	730	660	70	5211	4985	226	4.34%
2020	730	676	54	5181	4916	265	5.11%
2021	730	629	101	5181	4889	292	5.64%
2022	700	604	96	4748	5181	433	8.36%

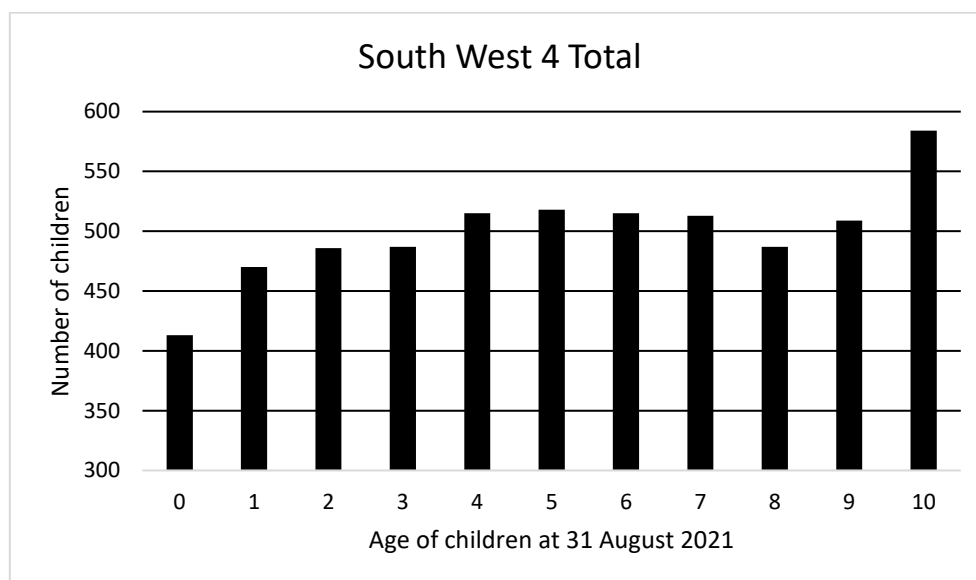
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Lidget Green Primary School increased their PAN from 75 to 90 in September 2016.
- Copthorne, Horton Grange and Horton Park Primary all converted to academy status in December 2016 under Exceed Academies Trust.
- Farnham converted to academy status in May 2018 under Pennine Academies Yorkshire (PAYMAT).
- Rainbow Primary School reduced their PAN from 75 to 60 from September 2019.
- Princeville Primary converted to academy status in February 2020 under the Co-op Academies Trust with a name change to Co-op Academy Princeville.
- Co-op Academy Princeville reduced their PAN from 90 to 60 in September 2020.
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary converted to academy status in November 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Lidget Green Primary School reduced their PAN from 90 to 60 in September 2021.
- All Saints C of E Primary School converted to academy status in September 2022 under Collaborative Learning Trust.

Health Authority Data for South West 4

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
South West 4 Total	413	470	486	487	515	518	515	513	487	509	584
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for South West 4

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 92% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for North West 4 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	449	443	430	381	347

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For South West 4, the highest number of children coming in have been from South West 3; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in South West 3 as well. Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for South West 4

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	730	700	700	700	700	700
Forecast	635	611	606	598	531	488
Surplus	95	89	94	102	169	212
% Surplus	13.0%	12.7%	13.4%	14.6%	24.1%	30.3%
Actual	629	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	6	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.0%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	5181	5181	5181	5181	5181	5181
Forecast	4819	4748	4678	4625	4461	4282
Surplus	362	433	503	556	720	899
% Surplus	7.0%	8.4%	9.7%	10.7%	13.9%	17.4%
Actual	4889	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-70	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	98.6%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

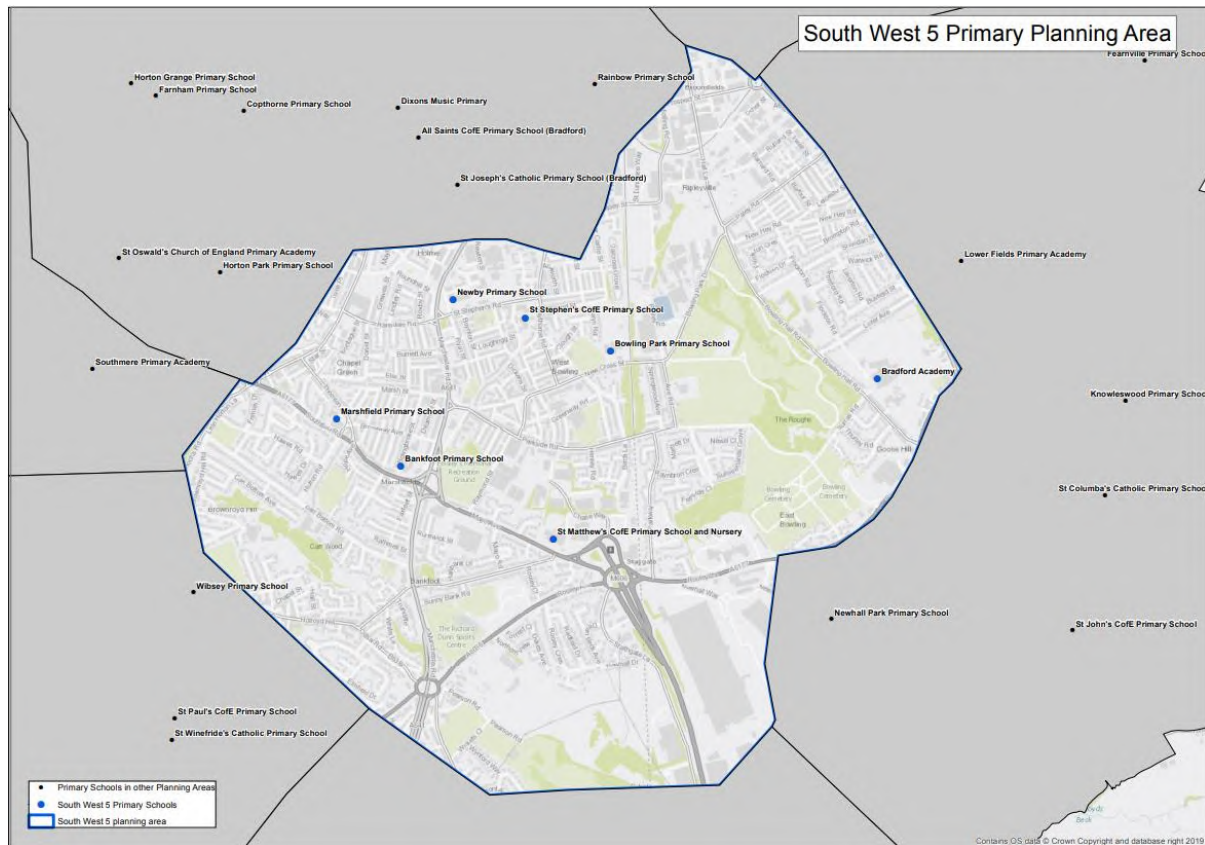
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

South West 5 Primary School Planning Area

There are seven primary schools in South West 5, all of which have nursery provision. The area is urban covering parts of the city centre, Bankfoot, East and West Bowling, Odsal and part of Little Horton.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Bankfoot Primary School	Community		30	Yes
Bowling Park Primary School (two sites)	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	90	Yes
Bradford Academy	Academy	Bradford Academy Trust (single-academy trust)	60	Yes
Marshfield Primary	Academy	Carlton Academy Trust	60	Yes
Newby Primary School	Community		60	Yes
St Matthew's C of E Primary School and Nursery	Voluntary Controlled		60	Yes
St Stephen's C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided		60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the South West 5 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in South West 5

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	420	380	40	2970	2950	20	0.67%
2017	420	408	12	2970	2956	14	0.47%
2018	420	403	17	2970	2940	30	1.01%
2019	420	407	13	2970	2954	16	0.54%
2020	420	404	16	2940	2900	40	1.36%
2021	420	384	36	2940	2872	68	2.31%
2022	420	351	69	2798	2940	142	4.83%

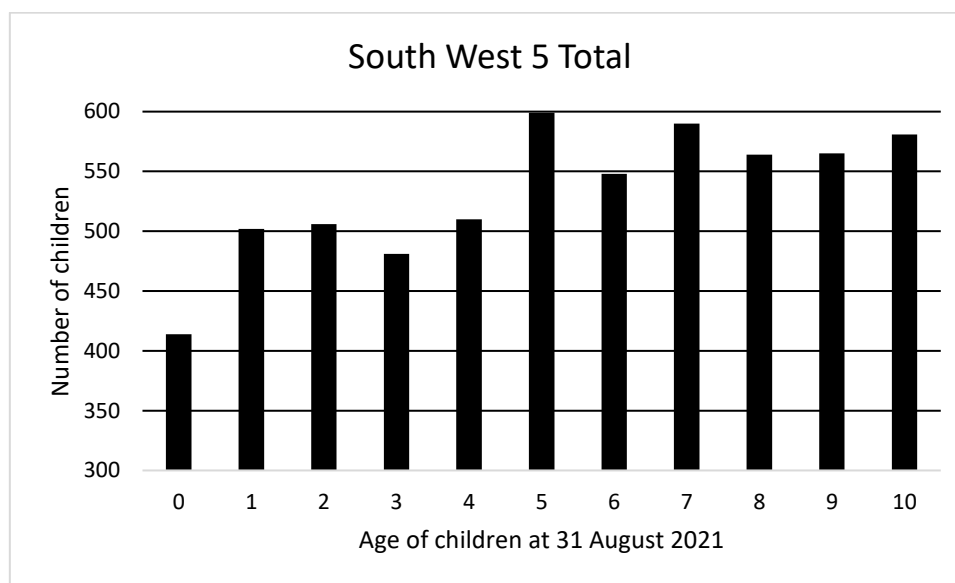
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Marshfield Primary School converted to academy status in December 2020 under Carlton Academy Trust.
- Bowling Park Primary School converted to academy status in September 2022 under Exceed Academies Trust.

Health Authority Data for South West 5

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
South West 5 Total	414	502	506	481	510	599	548	590	564	565	581
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecasts for South West 5

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 92% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for South West 5 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	439	467	464	386	347

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For South West 5, the highest number of children coming in have been from South East 1; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in South West 4. Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District.

Accuracy of forecasts

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	420	420	420	420	420	420
Forecast	385	352	366	367	312	283
Surplus	35	68	54	53	108	137
% Surplus	8.3%	16.2%	12.9%	12.6%	25.7%	32.6%
Actual	384	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	1	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.7%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2940	2940	2940	2940	2940	2940
Forecast	2857	2798	2773	2736	2652	2538
Surplus	83	142	167	204	288	402
% Surplus	2.8%	4.8%	5.7%	6.9%	9.8%	13.7%
Actual	2872	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-15	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.5%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

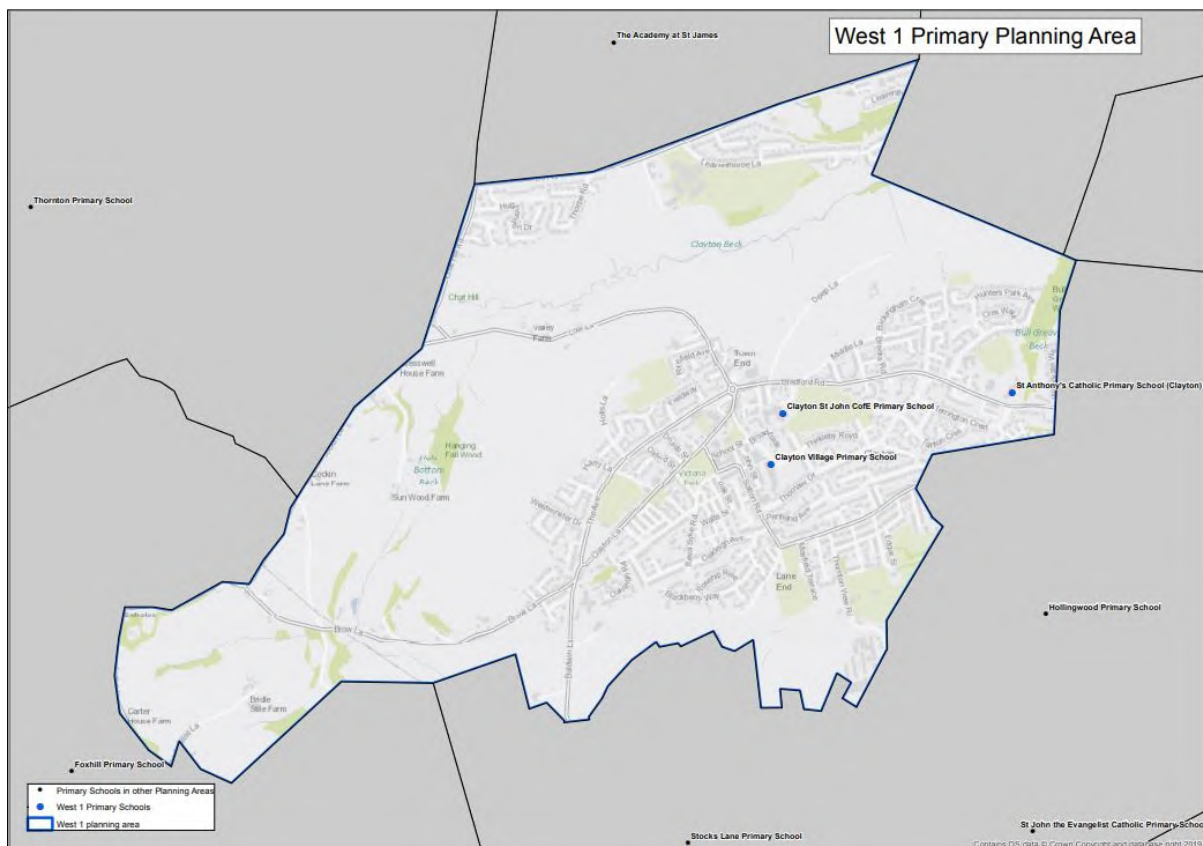
Whilst surplus places are forecast for this planning area, this is largely due to the area being a net exporter of children to other planning areas. The Health data for this area is much more closely aligned with the combined PAN of the schools here. To protect against an increase in local children requesting places in their 'home' planning area, there are currently no plans to address the surplus here for 2024. However, PAN reductions will likely be required for 2025.

West 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are three primary schools in West 1, two of which have nursery provision. The area is suburban mainly covering Clayton.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Clayton St John C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	60	Yes
Clayton Village Primary School	Academy	Pennine Academies Yorkshire	30	No
St Anthony's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the West 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in West 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	120	113	7	825	835	-10	-1.21%
2017	120	116	4	840	826	14	1.67%
2018	120	111	9	840	831	9	1.07%
2019	120	117	3	840	841	-1	-0.12%
2020	120	111	9	840	814	26	3%
2021	120	99	21	840	772	68	8.10%
2022	120	108	12	756	840	84	10.00%

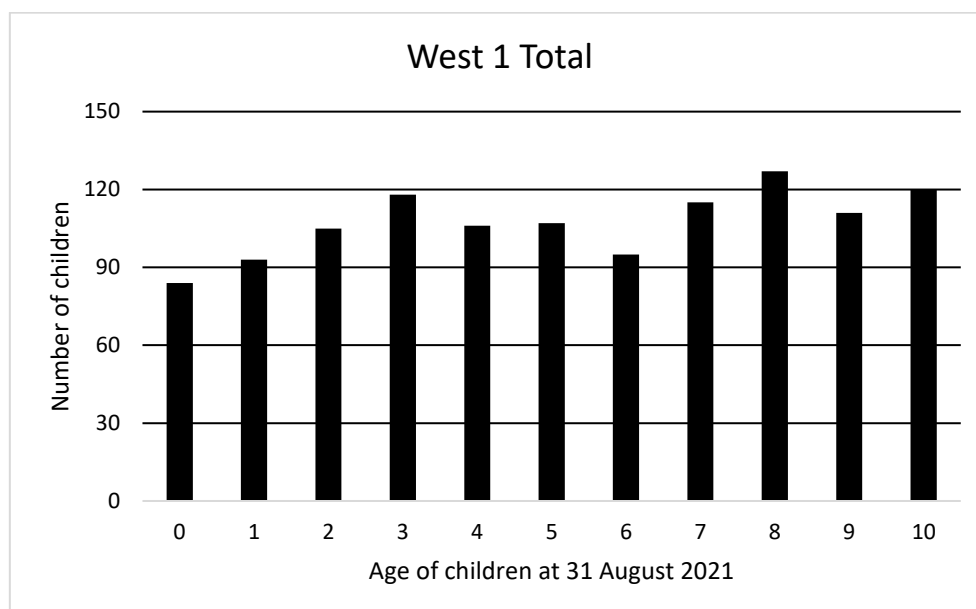
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Clayton C of E Primary changed their name to Clayton St John C of E Primary School prior to converting to academy status under Bradford Diocesan Trust in October 2017.
- St Anthony's Catholic Primary converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Clayton Village Primary School converted to academy status in April 2022 under Pennine Academies Yorkshire (PAYMAT).

Health Authority Data for West 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
West 1 Total	84	93	105	118	106	107	95	115	127	111	120
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for West 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 97% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for West 1 residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	116	102	91	89	87

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For West 1, the highest number of children coming in have been from South West 3; the highest number attending elsewhere have gone to schools in South West 4. Historically, children attending schools here from outside of the District have not been a factor in the forecast for this area.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for West 1

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	120	120	120	120	120	120
Forecast	109	110	108	97	91	87
Surplus	11	10	12	23	29	33
% Surplus	9.2%	8.3%	10.0%	19.2%	24.2%	27.5%
Actual	99	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	10	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	89.9%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	840	840	840	840	840	840
Forecast	793	756	740	716	698	675
Surplus	47	84	100	124	142	165
% Surplus	5.6%	10.0%	11.9%	14.8%	16.9%	19.6%
Actual	772	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	21	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	97.3%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

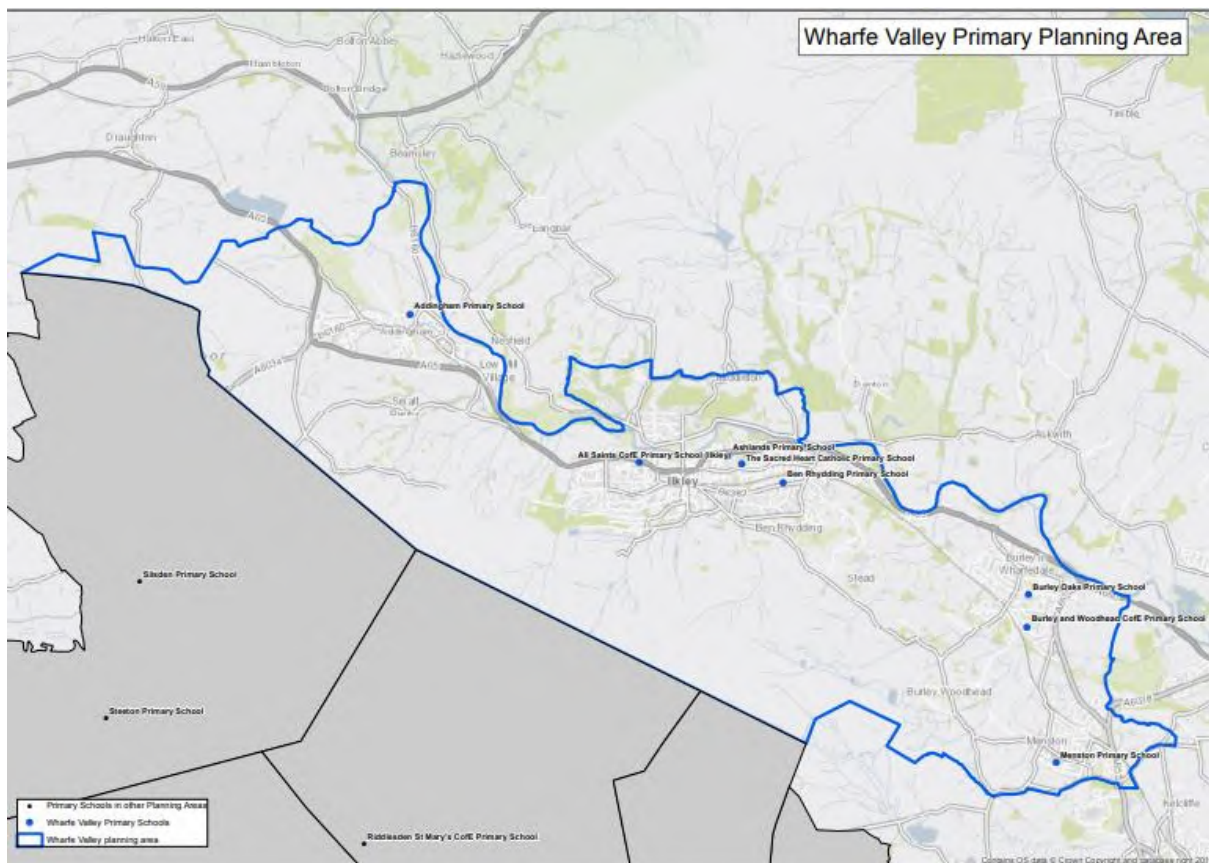
There has been a steady decline in the number of younger children living in this planning area. As a result, and coupled with the small number of schools serving this area, options to address the surplus places here are limited until they reach a point that allows a PAN reduction. A reduction may be required in 2025, however, the impact of local housing developments will continue to be monitored.

Wharfe Valley Primary School Planning Area

There are eight primary schools in Wharfe Valley, one of which has nursery provision. The area is semi-rural covering Addingham, Ilkley, Burley and Menston.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Addingham Primary School	Community		30	No
All Saints' C of E Primary School	Voluntary Controlled		60	No
Ashlands Primary School	Community		60	Yes
Ben Rhydding Primary School	Community		30	No
Burley and Woodhead C of E Primary School	Voluntary Controlled		30	No
Burley Oaks Primary School	Community		60	No
Menston Primary School	Community		60	No
The Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School	Academy	The Bishop Wheeler Catholic Academy Trust	30	No

Map showing primary schools in the Wharfe Valley planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils in Wharfe Valley

The table below provides historical information on the total number of reception places available (PAN) and number of reception pupils on roll. The total number of school places available is shown against the total number on roll (NOR) to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2016	345	320	25	2414	2451	-37	-1.53%
2017	360	316	44	2444	2445	-1	-0.04%
2018	360	333	27	2414	2409	5	0.21%
2019	360	328	32	2459	2395	64	2.60%
2020	360	281	79	2459	2295	164	6.67%
2021	360	320	40	2519	2260	259	10.28%
2022	360	254	106	2183	2519	336	13.34%

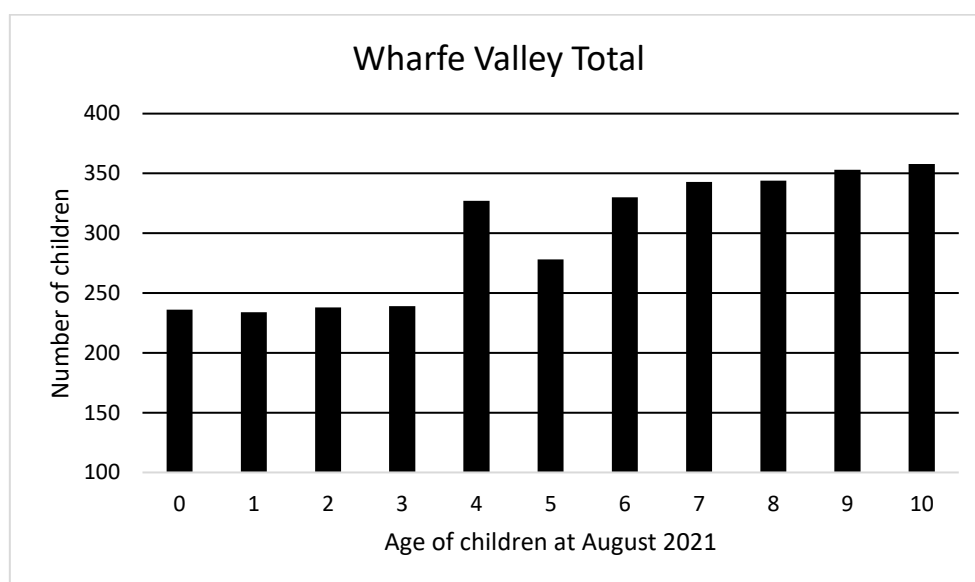
Historic changes and academy conversions

- Addingham Primary School admitted a half bulge class in September 2017 to meet the demand for places in the area.
- All Saints' C of E Primary School increased their PAN from 45 to 60 in 2018.

Health Authority Data for Wharfe Valley

The number of children recorded in the January 2022 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:

Age at 31 August 2021	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Wharfe Valley Total	236	234	238	239	327	278	330	343	344	353	358
Reception Intake Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Year 7 Intake Year	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022



Forecast methodology for Wharfe Valley

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments.

The take up rate of 89% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of Reception places required for Wharfe Valley residents in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Calculated places required	240	252	246	252	262

In addition to these figures, forecasts incorporate trends for children attending schools outside of their local planning area. For Wharfe Valley, the highest number of children coming in have been from Leeds Local Authority; historically, around two dozen children have attended schools here from outside of the District. Children living here have rarely attended state schools in other Bradford planning areas.

Forecasts and historic accuracy for Wharfe Valley

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return. The grey column shows the comparison (accuracy) of last year's forecast with the (actual) number of pupils on roll at the schools at the January school census.

Reception:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
PAN	360	360	360	360	360	360
Forecast	330	258	276	268	273	282
Surplus	30	102	84	92	87	78
% Surplus	8.3%	28.3%	23.3%	25.6%	24.2%	21.7%
Actual	320	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	10	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	96.9%	-	-	-	-	-

Reception to Year 6:

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Capacity	2519	2519	2519	2519	2519	2519
Forecast	2237	2183	2139	2090	2028	1992
Surplus	282	336	380	429	491	527
% Surplus	11.2%	13.3%	15.1%	17.0%	19.5%	20.9%
Actual	2260	-	-	-	-	-
Difference	-23	-	-	-	-	-
Accuracy	99.0%	-	-	-	-	-

Note that a PAN decrease does not automatically affect the net capacity of the school. Total Capacity, as calculated above, is based on the capacity of the buildings and will only be amended if significant changes are made to the use of space. Capacity here is therefore the maximum number of potential school places; however, the maximum deliverable places in any year will be dependent on factors such as the number of classes schools are staffed to teach.

Planned / possible action

Forecasts for this planning area show a significant level of surplus places.

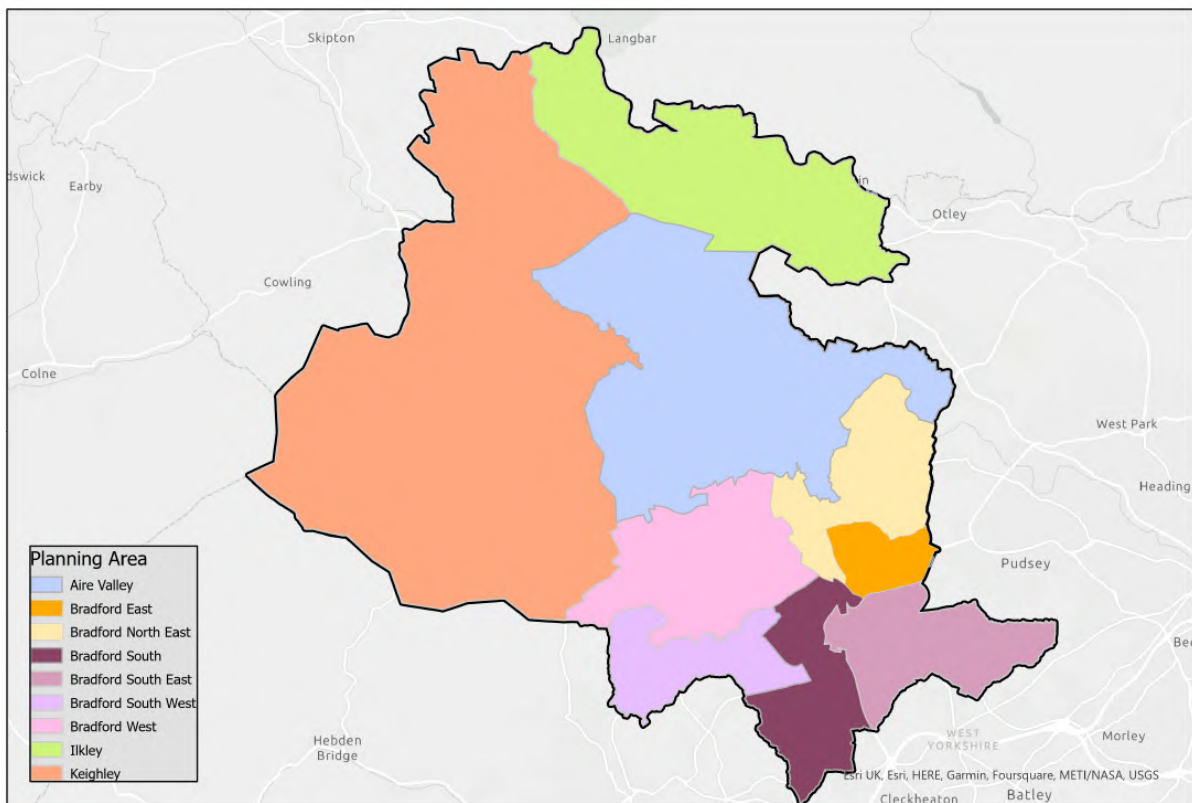
A PAN reduction is required in this planning area. The Local Authority has advised all schools of this forecast and is liaising with all parties to determine which setting or settings would be the most appropriate to consider a reduction for 2024.

Bradford District Secondary Summary

Secondary education in the Bradford District is divided into the following nine separate planning areas:

Aire Valley	Bradford South West
Bradford East	Bradford West
Bradford North East	Ilkley
Bradford South	Keighley
Bradford South East	

Map showing the boundaries of the nine secondary planning areas:



The table below shows the number of secondary schools in each planning area, the number of those with post 16 provision and the published admission number (PAN) for each planning area in the 2022/23 academic year:

Planning Area	Number of Secondary Schools	Number of Secondary Schools with Post 16 Provision	Published Admission Number (PAN)
Aire Valley	4	3	1000
Bradford East	3	2	600
Bradford North East	5	4	1125
Bradford South	4	0	868
Bradford South East	4	2	800
Bradford South West	2	0	480
Bradford West	7	4	1255
Ilkley	1	1	300
Keighley	4	3	825
Total	35	19	7253

Children transferring to Other Local Authority secondary schools

There is a historic trend of cross border transfers from children living within the Bradford District.

The number of pupils living in the Bradford District allocated to secondary schools in neighbouring local authorities over the past three years are shown in the table below:

Local Authority	Pupils 2020	Pupils 2021	Pupils 2022	Average
Calderdale	200	190	156	182
Kirklees	26	21	19	22
Leeds	310	344	353	336
North Yorkshire	246	238	273	252
Total	782	793	801	792

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably but drops again in the near future; the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities is therefore likely to fluctuate.

Secondary forecasts in the Bradford District

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. Due to the previously increasing population, several primary schools across the District expanded. The increased numbers are continuing to work their way into the secondary phase.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Bradford District between 2022 and 2028 are shown in the following table.

They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The surplus places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all secondary schools within the Bradford District with an overall surplus number and percentage of surplus capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Surplus year 7 places	% Surplus year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2022/23	7253	7403	-150	-2.1	39324	42188	2864	6.8
2023/24	7253	7319	-66	-0.9	39761	42188	2427	5.8
2024/25	7253	7215	38	0.5	39910	42188	2278	5.4
2025/26	7253	7201	52	0.7	39928	42188	2260	5.4
2026/27	7253	7083	170	2.3	39717	42188	2471	5.9
2027/28	7253	7068	185	2.6	39403	42188	2785	6.6
2028/29	7253	6748	505	7.0	38813	42188	3375	8.0

Note that a number of schools have agreed to admit over the PAN where required, making use of surplus space such as from undersubscribed year groups or the closure of sixth forms etc.

The size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease, however there are variations between planning areas in terms of the scale and timing.

Accuracy of forecasts

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

Continue to monitor the effects of the two new free schools, taking account of the fact that Eden Boys Leadership Academy has now moved to its permanent location in BD8, and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Monitor the effects of the increase in popularity of schools on the edge of the District to see whether this impacts on the number of Bradford children attending schools outside of the District and/or children from other local authorities applying to attend Bradford schools.

Across the District, the number of children due to transfer to secondary school in future years is falling. However, this trend does not follow a uniform pattern across all planning areas. The Local Authority will therefore continue to liaise with relevant schools and investigate options for potential bulge classes or modular expansions, where appropriate.

Aire Valley Secondary School Planning Area

Secondary education in the Aire Valley Planning Area

There are four secondary schools in the Aire Valley planning area, three of which have post 16 provision. The area covers areas of rural and semi-rural countryside including parts of the town of Bingley and the villages of Crossflatts, Eldwick, Gilstead and Micklethwaite.

Schools in Aire Valley Planning Area:

Secondary School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN) Year 7	Sixth form provision
Beckfoot School	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	270	Yes
Bingley Grammar School	Voluntary Aided	-	300	Yes
Dixons Cottingley Academy	Academy	Dixons Academies Trust	180	No
Titus Salt School	Community	-	250	Yes

Map of Aire Valley Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- The Samuel Lister Academy joined the Dixons Academy Trust in September 2018 with a name change to Dixons Cottingley Academy.
- Titus Salt School increased their PAN from 240 to 250 from September 2020.
- Following consultation, Dixons Cottingley Academy closed their sixth form in July 2019. Following this their Funding agreement was amended to remove that space from the available capacity.
- Following consultation, Dixons Cottingley Academy has amended its admission policy for 2023 onwards to include priority for children attending certain Dixons primary schools

Forecast methodology for Aire Valley

Given that secondary schools are much larger and more spread out, children of secondary school age often travel further than they did to attend primary school. Forecast methodology is therefore slightly different between the two phases. However, the need for secondary school places still depends on the local child population.

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

Children transfer here from primary schools in a number of different primary planning areas. The highest number of children come from schools in Bingley 1 but the other main suppliers are Shipley 2, Shipley 3 and North West 5.

Historically, a handful of children have attended schools here from outside of the District. The number of children living here but attending schools in other Local Authorities has been much higher, i.e. the planning area is a net exporter to other Local Authorities.

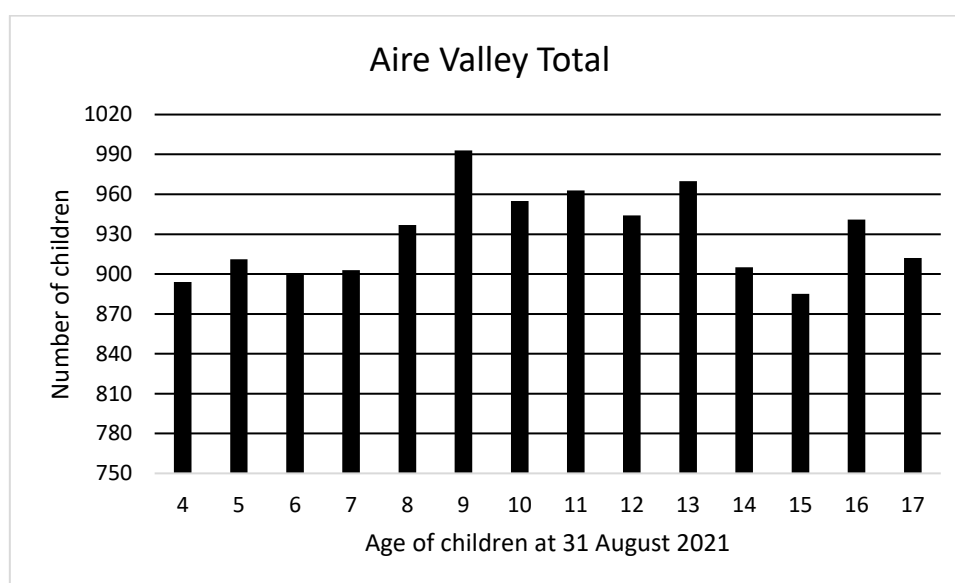
Health Data for Aire Valley

Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, data is included here for context. The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022. However, population figures for this planning area identify another peak in 2023, before the decline is seen.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Aire Valley Total	894	911	900	903	937	993	955
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Aire Valley Total	963	944	970	905	885	941	912
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11	12	13



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
Forecast	1026	1004	1000	997	977	977	936
Surplus	-26	-4	0	3	23	23	64
% Surplus	-2.6%	-0.4%	0%	0.3%	2.3%	2.3%	6.4%

Whole school (Years 7 to 13)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	5836	5836	5836	5836	5836	5836	5836
Forecast	5909	5924	5913	5896	5848	5817	5733
Surplus	-73	-88	-77	-60	-12	19	103
% Surplus	-1.3%	-1.5%	-1.3%	-1.0%	-0.2%	0.3%	1.8%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

Across the District, the number of children due to transfer to secondary in future years is falling. However, this trend does not follow a uniform pattern across all planning areas. The Local Authority will therefore continue to liaise with relevant schools and investigate options for potential bulge classes or modular expansions, where appropriate.

Bradford East Secondary School Planning Area

Secondary education in the Bradford East Planning Area

There are three secondary schools in the Bradford East planning area, two of which have post 16 provision. The area is urban in nature and extends from the north east of the city centre through Bradford Moor to the District's eastern border with Leeds.

Schools in Bradford East Planning Area

Secondary School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN) Year 7	Sixth form
Carlton Bolling	Academy	Carlton Academy Trust	300	No
Feversham Girls' Academy	Academy	Feversham Education Trust	120	Yes
Laisterdyke Leadership Academy	Academy	Star Academies	180	Yes

Map of Bradford East Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Esri UK, Esri, HERE, Garmin, Foursquare, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METI/NASA, USGS

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Laisterdyke converted to academy status in April 2016 under Tauheedul Education Trust (which is now named Star Academies) with a name change to Laisterdyke Leadership Academy.
- Carlton Bolling increased their PAN to 300 in 2018 in advance of full closure of sixth form.
- Carlton Bolling closed their sixth form provision in July 2019.
- Carlton Bolling admitted up to an additional 30 pupils in September 2019, 2020 and 2021, and an additional 15 in 2022 to meet the demand in the area.

Forecast methodology for Bradford East

Given that secondary schools are much larger and more spread out, children of secondary school age often travel further than they did to attend primary school. Forecast methodology is therefore slightly different between the two phases. However, the need for secondary school places still depends on the local child population.

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

The overwhelming majority of children transferring here come from primary schools in the North East 1 primary planning area.

Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District and/or transferred from independent primary schools. The numbers of children living here but attending schools in other Local Authorities has been much higher, i.e. the planning area is a net exporter to other Local Authorities.

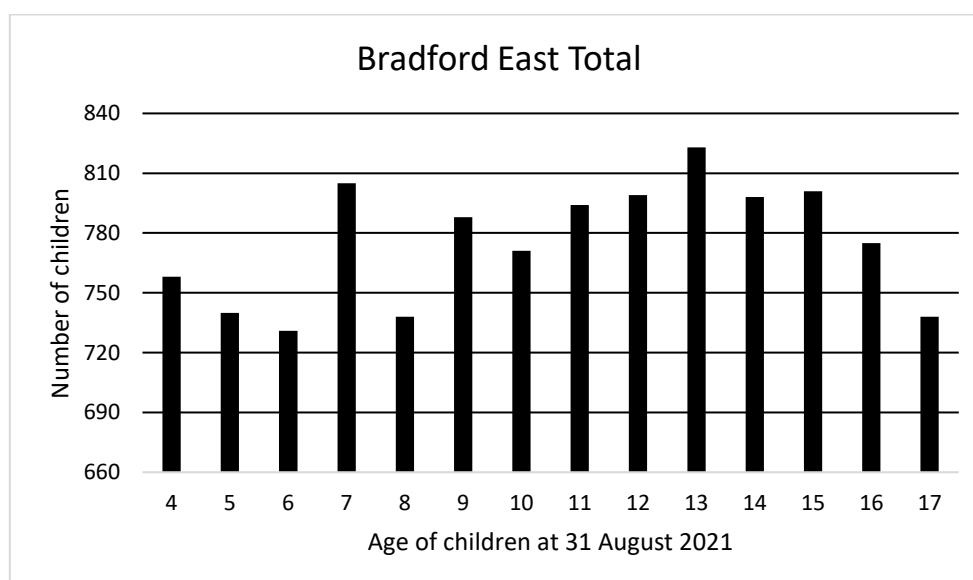
Health Data for Bradford East

Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, data is included here for context. The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022. However, population figures for this planning area identify another peak in 2025, numbers fall again.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bradford East Total	758	740	731	805	738	788	771
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Bradford East Total	794	799	823	798	801	775	738
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11	12	13



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
Forecast	616	600	600	600	588	587	550
Surplus	-16	0	0	0	12	13	50
% Surplus	-2.7%	0%	0%	0%	2.0%	2.2%	8.3%

Whole school (Years 7 to 13)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	3393	3393	3393	3393	3393	3393	3393
Forecast	3255	3238	3225	3201	3178	3152	3099
Surplus	138	155	168	192	215	241	294
% Surplus	4.1%	4.6%	5.0%	5.7%	6.3%	7.1%	8.7%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

Across the District, the number of children due to transfer to secondary in future years is falling. However, this trend does not follow a uniform pattern across all planning areas. The Local Authority will therefore continue to liaise with relevant schools and investigate options for potential bulge classes or modular expansions, where appropriate.

Bradford North East Secondary School Planning Area

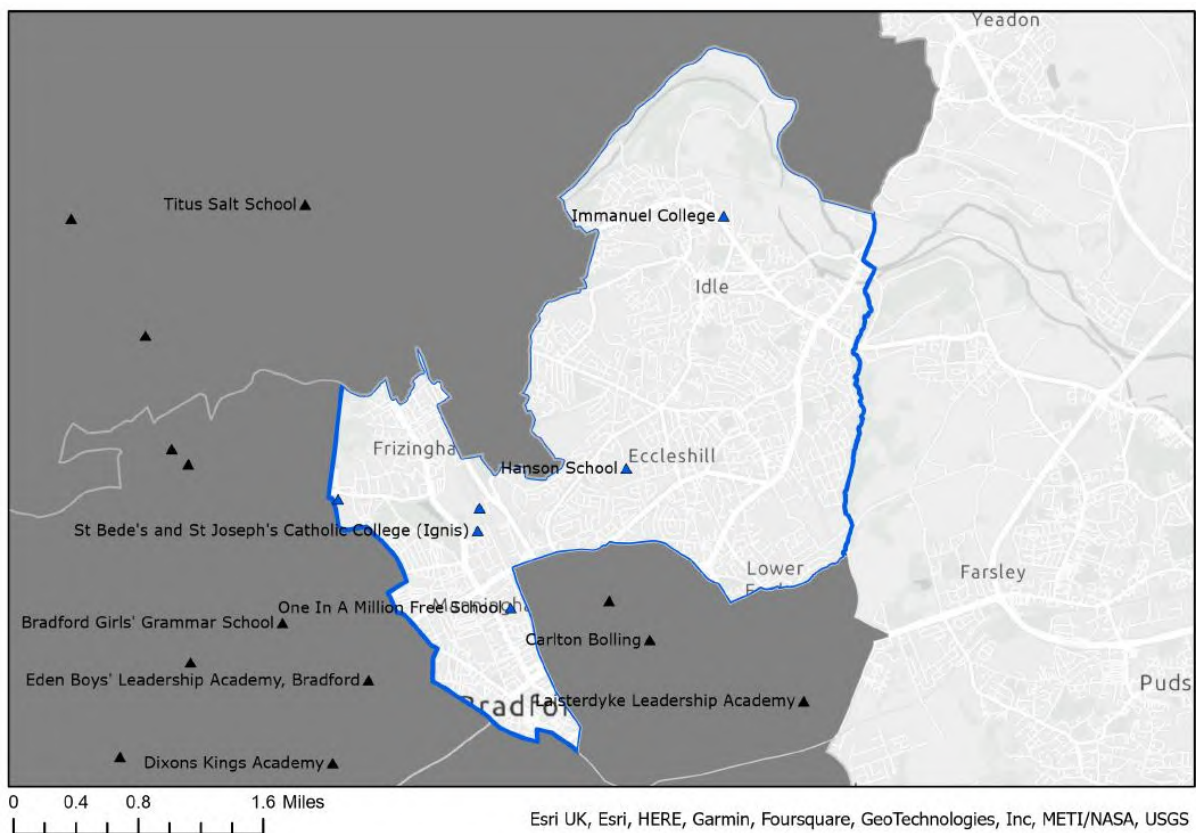
Secondary education in the Bradford North East Planning Area

There are five secondary schools in the Bradford North East planning area, four of which have post 16 provision. The area is predominantly urban but becomes increasingly rural at its northern end. It covers Manningham and Frizinghall to the north of Bradford city centre and extends north east to include Eccleshill, Fagley, Ravenscliffe and Greengates, as well as the villages of Idle and Thackley. The area borders Leeds Local Authority to the east.

Schools in Bradford North East Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Hanson Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	300	Yes
Immanuel College	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	300	Yes
Oasis Academy Lister Park	Academy	Oasis Community Learning	160	Yes
One In A Million Free School	Free school	One In A Million Free School (single-academy trust)	75	No
St Bede's and St Joseph's Catholic College	Voluntary Aided		290	Yes

Map of Bradford North East Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Oasis Academy Lister Park admitted an additional 15 pupils in September 2020.
- Immanuel College converted to academy status in February 2016 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).
- One In A Million Free School increased their PAN from 60 to 75 in September 2017.
- Immanuel College increased their PAN from 240 to 300 in September 2019.
- Hanson School converted to academy status and became Hanson Academy in July 2022 under Delta Academies Trust.

Forecast methodology for Bradford North East

Given that secondary schools are much larger and more spread out, children of secondary school age often travel further than they did to attend primary school. Forecast methodology is therefore slightly different between the two phases. However, the need for secondary school places still depends on the local child population.

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

Children transfer here from primary schools in a number of different primary planning areas. The main suppliers are North East 1 and North East 2.

Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District. The number of children living here but attending schools in other Local Authorities has been significantly higher, i.e. the planning area is a net exporter to other Local Authorities.

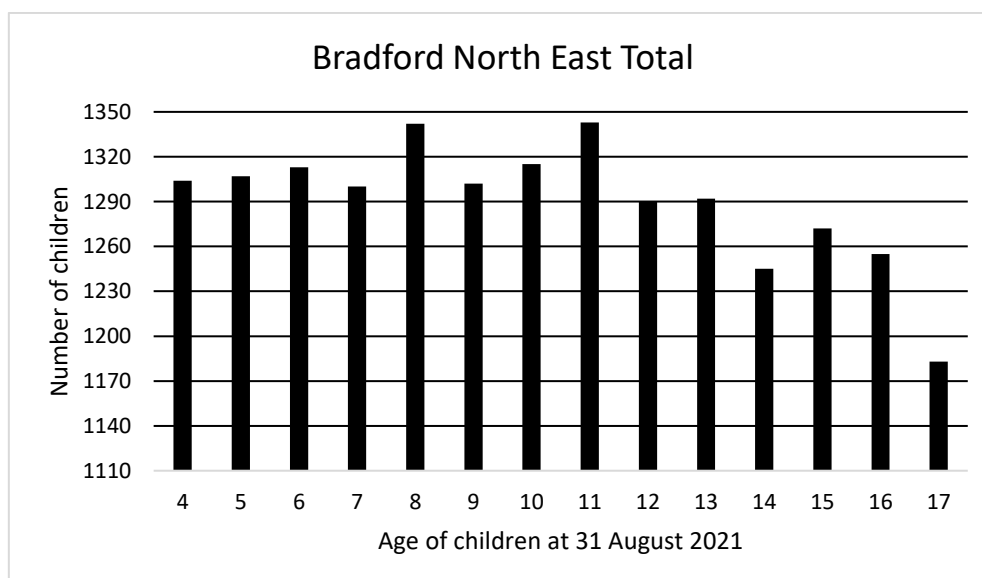
Health Data for Bradford North East

Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, data is included here for context. The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022. However, population figures for this planning area identify another peak in 2024, before the decline continues.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bradford North East Total	1304	1307	1313	1300	1342	1302	1315
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Bradford North East Total	1343	1290	1292	1245	1272	1255	1183
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11	12	13



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	1125	1125	1125	1125	1125	1125	1125
Forecast	1128	1133	1117	1117	1096	1094	1056
Surplus	-3	-8	8	8	29	31	69
% Surplus	-0.3%	-0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	2.6%	2.8%	6.1%

Whole school (Years 7 to 13)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	6878	6878	6878	6878	6878	6878	6878
Forecast	6563	6653	6690	6708	6687	6659	6579
Surplus	315	225	188	170	191	219	299
% Surplus	4.6%	3.3%	2.7%	2.5%	2.8%	3.2%	4.3%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

Across the District, the number of children due to transfer to secondary in future years is falling. However, this trend does not follow a uniform pattern across all planning areas. The Local Authority will therefore continue to liaise with relevant schools and investigate options for potential bulge classes or modular expansions, where appropriate.

Bradford South Secondary School Planning Area

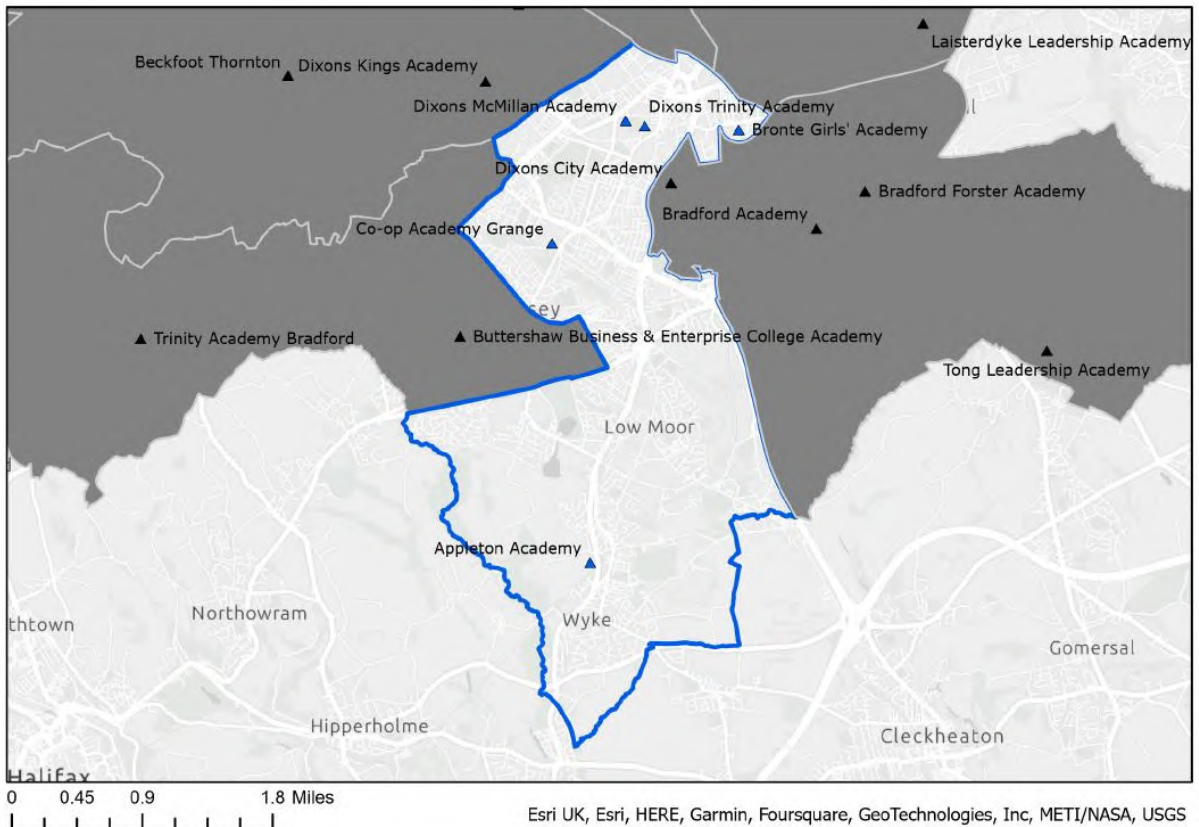
Secondary education in the Bradford South Planning Area

There are five secondary schools in the Bradford South planning area, none of which currently have sixth form provision. The area covers Wyke at the southern tip of the District and follows the A641 through Low Moor and Bankfoot into Bradford City Centre. It is predominantly urban but is rural / semi-rural along much of the southern borders with Kirklees and Calderdale.

Schools in Bradford South Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Appleton Academy	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	180	No
Bronte Girls' Academy	Free school	Feversham Education Trust	120	No
Co-op Academy Grange	Academy	The Co-operative Academies Trust	300	No
Dixons McMillan Academy	Free school	Dixons Academies Trust	134	No
Dixons Trinity Academy	Free school	Dixons Academies Trust	134	No

Map of Bradford South Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Grange Technology College closed their sixth form provision in July 2020.
- Grange Technology College joined the Co-op Academies Trust in September 2019 with a name change to Co-op Academy Grange.
- Bronte Girls' Academy opened in September 2019 under the Feversham Education Trust.
- Bronte Girls' Academy admitted an additional 30 pupils in September 2020, 2021 and 2022.
- Dixons McMillan Academy removed the sixth form provision and increased their PAN from 112 to 134 in September 2020.
- Dixons Trinity Academy increased their PAN from 112 to 134 in September 2020.

Forecast methodology for Bradford South

Given that secondary schools are much larger and more spread out, children of secondary school age often travel further than they did to attend primary school. Forecast methodology is therefore slightly different between the two phases. However, the need for secondary school places still depends on the local child population.

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

Children transfer here from primary schools in a number of different primary planning areas. The main supplier is South West 4 but significant numbers also come from schools in South West 1 and South West 5.

Historically, relatively few children have attended schools here from outside of the District. The number of children living here but attending schools in other Local Authorities has been higher, i.e. the planning area is a net exporter to other Local Authorities, but the volume has not been significant.

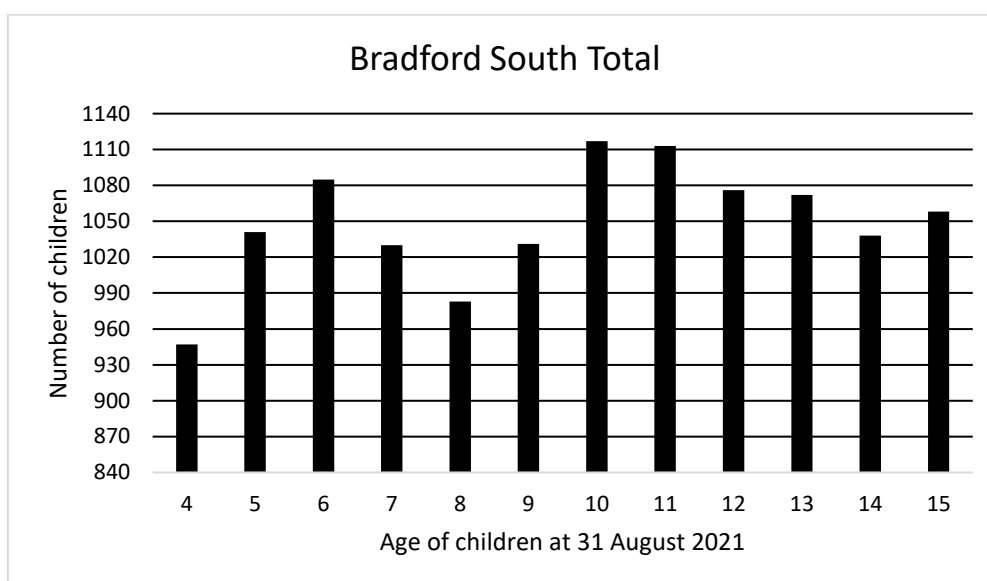
Health Data for Bradford South

Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, data is included here for context. The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease steadily from 2022. However, population figures for this planning area fluctuate significantly over the years of the forecast. The figures for the 2024 and 2028 intakes are 134 and 170 lower than that for 2022, but planning for this is complicated by a peak in 2026 that is only 32 lower than 2022.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bradford South Total	947	1041	1085	1030	983	1031	1117
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15
Bradford South Total	1113	1076	1072	1038	1058
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	868	868	868	868	868	868	868
Forecast	922	876	866	865	846	846	805
Surplus	-54	-8	2	3	22	22	63
% Surplus	-6.2%	-0.9%	0.2%	0.3%	2.5%	2.5%	7.3%

Whole school (Years 7 to 11)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	4340	4340	4340	4340	4340	4340	4340
Forecast	4266	4429	4470	4442	4381	4301	4226
Surplus	74	-89	-130	-102	-41	39	114
% Surplus	1.7%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-2.4%	-0.9%	0.9%	2.6%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

Across the District, the number of children due to transfer to secondary in future years is falling. However, this trend does not follow a uniform pattern across all planning areas. The Local Authority will therefore continue to liaise with relevant schools and investigate options for potential bulge classes or modular expansions, where appropriate.

Bradford South East Secondary School Planning Area

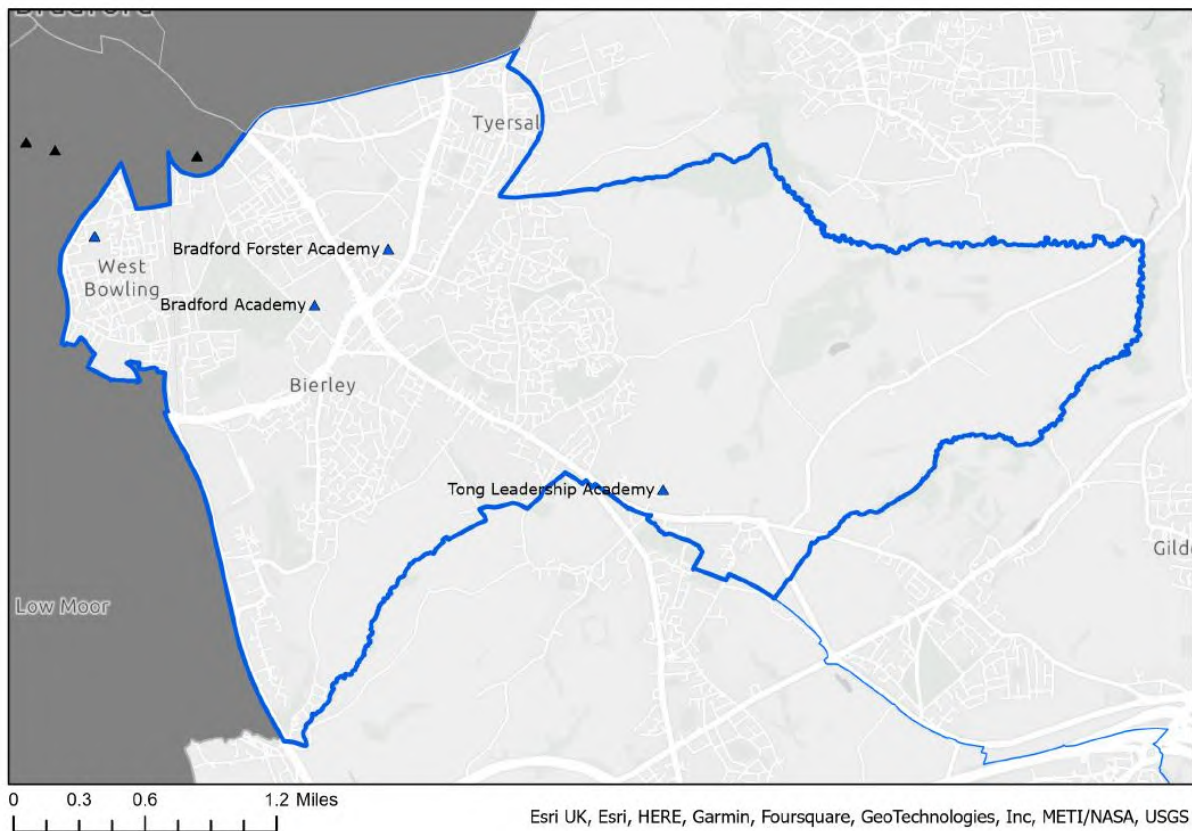
Secondary education in the Bradford South East Planning Area

There are four secondary schools in the Bradford South East planning area, two of which have post 16 provision. It covers the urban areas of Bowling and West Bowling on the south eastern edge of Bradford City Centre and extends through East Bowling, Bierley, Tyersal, Holme Wood and Tong to the District’s southern border with Kirklees and south eastern border with Leeds. Around half the planning area is urban or suburban but there is a large rural area around Tong.

Schools in Bradford South East Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Bradford Academy	Academy	Bradford Academy Trust (single-academy trust)	230	Yes
Bradford Forster Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	210	No
Dixons City Academy	Academy	Dixons Academies Trust	180	No
Tong Leadership Academy	Academy	Star Academies	180	Yes

Map of Bradford South East Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Bradford Academy increased their secondary PAN to 230 permanently from 2018.
- Dixons City Academy removed the sixth form provision and increased their PAN from 165 to 180 from September 2020.
- Tong High School converted to academy status in December 2016 under Tauheedul Education Trust (now named Star Academies) with a name change to Tong Leadership Academy.
- Tong Leadership Academy reduced their PAN from 270 to 180 from September 2020.

Forecast methodology for Bradford South East

Given that secondary schools are much larger and more spread out, children of secondary school age often travel further than they did to attend primary school. Forecast methodology is therefore slightly different between the two phases. However, the need for secondary school places still depends on the local child population.

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

Children transfer here mainly from primary schools in South East 1 and South West 5 primary planning areas.

Around 20 to 30 children attend schools here from outside of the District each year, with approximately three times that number of resident children attending schools in other local authorities.

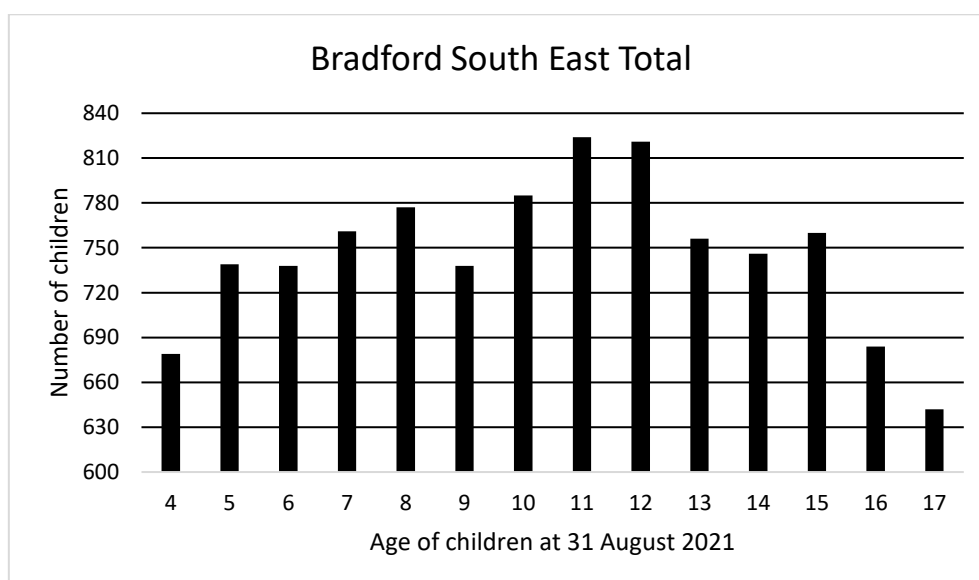
Health Data for Bradford South East

Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, data is included here for context. The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the District the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease gradually from 2022. Figures for this planning area are roughly in line with the District trend.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bradford South East Total	679	739	738	761	777	738	785
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Bradford South East Total	824	821	756	746	760	684	642
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11	12	13



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Forecast	836	816	788	785	777	772	730
Surplus	-36	-16	12	15	23	28	70
% Surplus	-4.5%	-2.0%	1.5%	1.9%	2.9%	3.5%	8.8%

Whole school (Years 7 to 13)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	4981	4981	4981	4981	4981	4981	4981
Forecast	4050	4061	4083	4105	4085	4023	3938
Surplus	931	920	898	876	896	958	1043
% Surplus	18.7%	18.5%	18.0%	17.6%	18.0%	19.2%	20.9%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

Across the District, the number of children due to transfer to secondary in future years is falling. However, this trend does not follow a uniform pattern across all planning areas. The Local Authority will therefore continue to liaise with relevant schools and investigate options for potential bulge classes or modular expansions, where appropriate.

Bradford South West Secondary School Planning Area

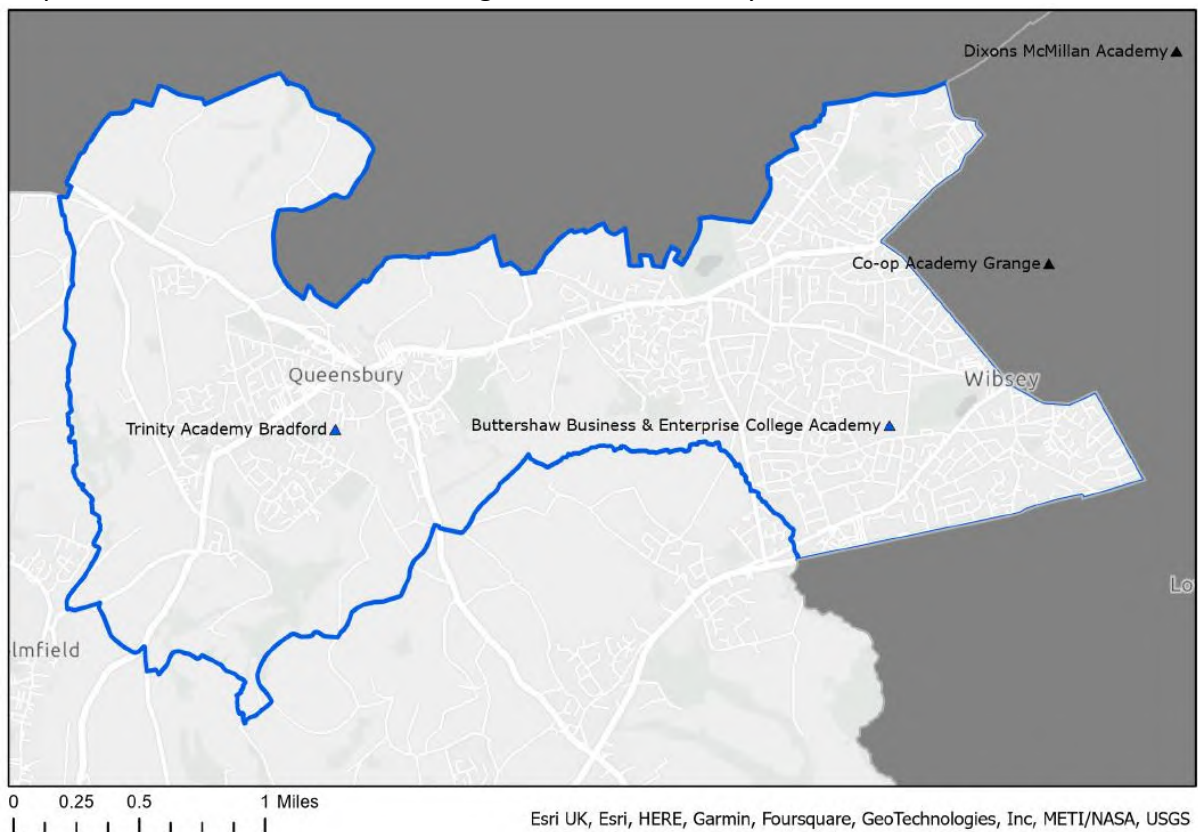
Secondary education in the Bradford South West Planning Area

There are two secondary schools in the Bradford South West planning area, neither of which has post 16 provision. The area covers the south west corner of Bradford, bordering Calderdale to the south. It is rural around the edges of Queensbury village but becomes suburban as it passes through Clayton Heights and Horton Bank Top into Buttershaw.

Schools in Bradford South West Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Buttershaw Business & Enterprise College Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	300	No
Trinity Academy Bradford	Academy	Trinity Multi Academy Trust	180	No

Map of Bradford South West Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Buttershaw Business and Enterprise College converted to academy status in September 2016 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust.
- Buttershaw removed sixth form provision and increased their PAN from 270 to 300 from September 2018.
- Queensbury School converted to academy status in September 2016 under the Feversham Education Trust with a name change to Queensbury Academy.
- Queensbury Academy joined the Trinity MAT in February 2021 with a name change to Trinity Academy Bradford.
- Trinity Academy Bradford (as Queensbury Academy) closed their sixth form provision in July 2018.
- Trinity Academy Bradford (as Queensbury Academy) reduced their PAN from 240 to 210 from 2019.
- Trinity Academy Bradford (as Queensbury Academy) reduced their PAN from 210 to 180 from 2021 but agreed to admit an additional 10% if required to meet demand.

Forecast methodology for Bradford South East

Given that secondary schools are much larger and more spread out, children of secondary school age often travel further than they did to attend primary school. Forecast methodology is therefore slightly different between the two phases. However, the need for secondary school places still depends on the local child population.

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

Children transfer here mainly from primary schools in South West 2 and South West 3 primary planning areas.

Around 20 children attend schools here from outside of the District each year, with approximately three times that number of resident children attending schools in other local authorities.

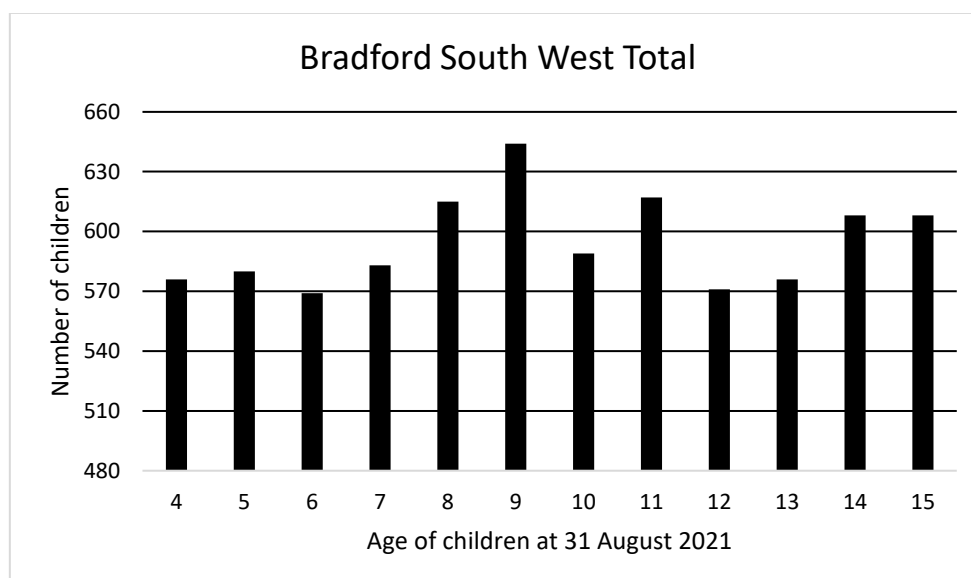
Health Data for Bradford South West

Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, data is included here for context. The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022. However, population figures for this planning area identify another peak in 2023, before the decline is seen.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bradford South West Total	576	580	569	583	615	644	589
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15
Bradford South West Total	617	571	576	608	608
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	480	480	480	480	480	480	480
Forecast	501	493	490	490	475	473	460
Surplus	-21	-13	-10	-10	5	7	20
% Surplus	-4.4%	-2.7%	-2.1%	-2.1%	1.0%	1.5%	4.2%

Whole school (Years 7 to 11)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	2660	2660	2660	2660	2660	2660	2660
Forecast	2322	2331	2344	2364	2358	2331	2300
Surplus	338	329	316	296	302	329	360
% Surplus	12.7%	12.4%	11.9%	11.1%	11.4%	12.4%	13.5%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

Across the District, the number of children due to transfer to secondary in future years is falling. However, this trend does not follow a uniform pattern across all planning areas. The Local Authority will therefore continue to liaise with relevant schools and investigate options for potential bulge classes or modular expansions, where appropriate.

Bradford West Secondary School Planning Area

Secondary education in the Bradford West Planning Area

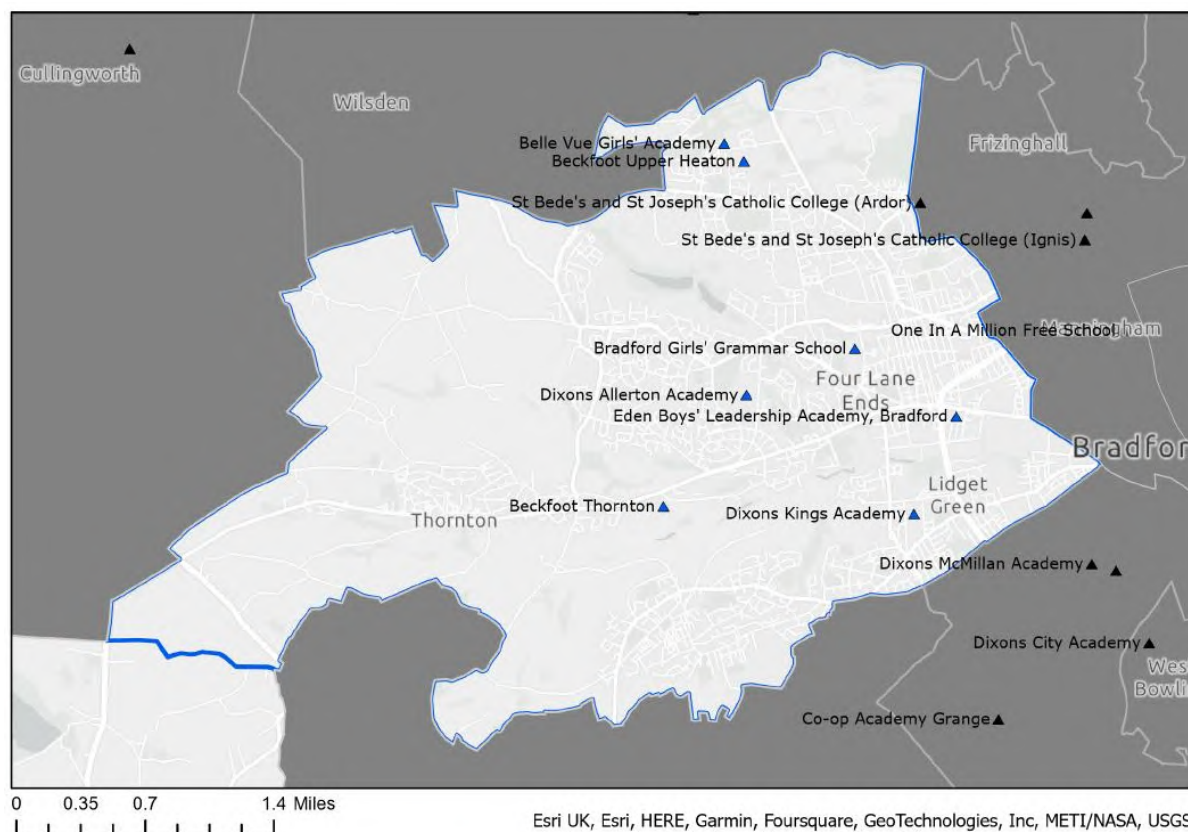
There are seven secondary schools in the Bradford West planning area, four of which have post 16 provision. However, one of these sixth forms is no longer open to new applicants and is due to close once its current students have completed their courses. The area covers the western areas of Bradford including rural and semi-rural areas around and including the villages of Clayton and Thornton, as well as the more suburban and urban areas of Allerton, Lidget Green, Heaton and Girdlington. It touches Calderdale at its western tip.

Schools in Bradford West Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Beckfoot Thornton	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	260	Yes*
Beckfoot Upper Heaton	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	145	No
Belle Vue Girls' Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	180	Yes
Bradford Girls' Grammar School	Free school	Bradford Girls' Grammar School Trust (single-academy trust)	145	No
Dixons Allerton Academy	Academy	Dixons Academies Trust	245	Yes
Dixons Kings Academy	Free school	Dixons Academies Trust	160	No
Eden Boys' Leadership Academy, Bradford	Free school	Star Academies	120	Yes

*Due to close in 2023

Map of Bradford West Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Belle Vue Boys School converted to academy status in September 2015 under the Beckfoot Trust as a co-educational school with a name change to Beckfoot Upper Heaton.
- Bradford Girls Grammar School increased their PAN from 96 to 104 in 2016.
- Bradford Girls Grammar School removed their sixth form provision and increased their PAN from 104 to 140 in September 2020.
- Beckfoot Upper Heaton closed their sixth form provision and increased their PAN from 120 to 145 in September 2018.
- Dixons Allerton increased their PAN from 240 to 245 in September 2019.
- Thornton Grammar school converted to academy status in October 2016 under the Beckfoot Trust with a name change to Beckfoot Thornton Academy.
- Eden Boys Leadership Academy opened in temporary accommodation on the site of Laisterdyke Leadership Academy in September 2019 under the Star Academies Trust. The school moved to its permanent site on Thornton Road in 2021/22.

Forecast methodology for Bradford West

Given that secondary schools are much larger and more spread out, children of secondary school age often travel further than they did to attend primary school. Forecast methodology is therefore slightly different between the two phases. However, the need for secondary school places still depends on the local child population.

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

Children transfer here from primary schools in a number of different primary planning areas. The main suppliers are North West 3 and North West 5, with a significant number also coming from North West 2.

Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District. The number of children living here but attending schools in other Local Authorities has been higher, i.e. the planning area is a net exporter to other Local Authorities, but this number has also been low.

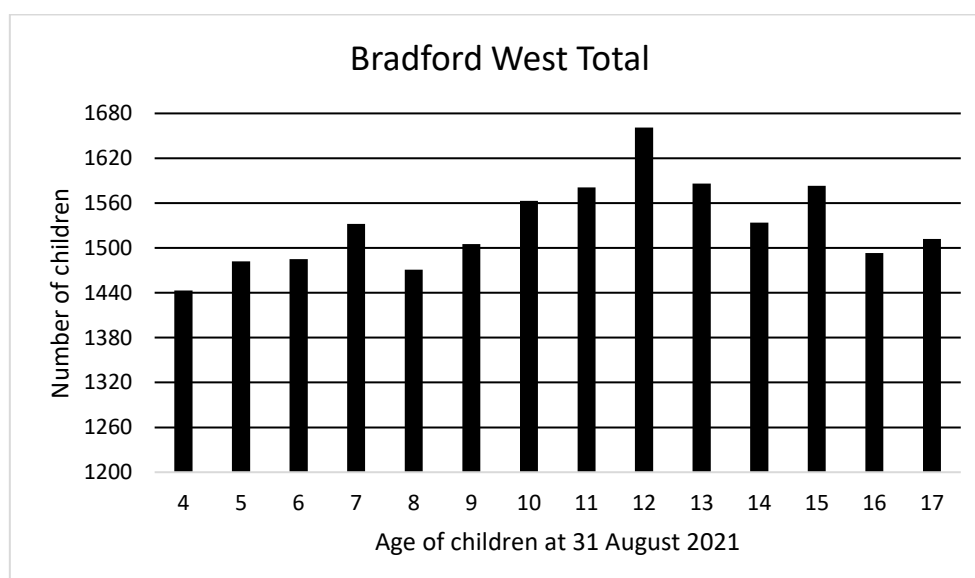
Health Data for Bradford West

Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, data is included here for context. The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022. For the most part, this trend is matched in this planning area, although an additional peak can be seen in 2025.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bradford West Total	1443	1482	1485	1532	1471	1505	1563
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Bradford West Total	1581	1661	1586	1534	1583	1493	1512
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11	12	13



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	1255	1255	1255	1255	1255	1255	1255
Forecast	1253	1259	1232	1234	1215	1215	1158
Surplus	2	-4	23	21	40	40	97
% Surplus	0.2%	-0.3%	1.8%	1.7%	3.2%	3.2%	7.7%

Whole school (Years 7 to 13)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	7247	7247	7247	7247	7247	7247	7247
Forecast	6571	6668	6709	6719	6703	6668	6567
Surplus	676	579	538	528	544	579	680
% Surplus	9.3%	8.0%	7.4%	7.3%	7.5%	8.0%	9.4%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

Across the District, the number of children due to transfer to secondary in future years is falling. However, this trend does not follow a uniform pattern across all planning areas. The Local Authority will therefore continue to liaise with relevant schools and investigate options for potential bulge classes or modular expansions, where appropriate.

Ilkley Secondary School Planning Area

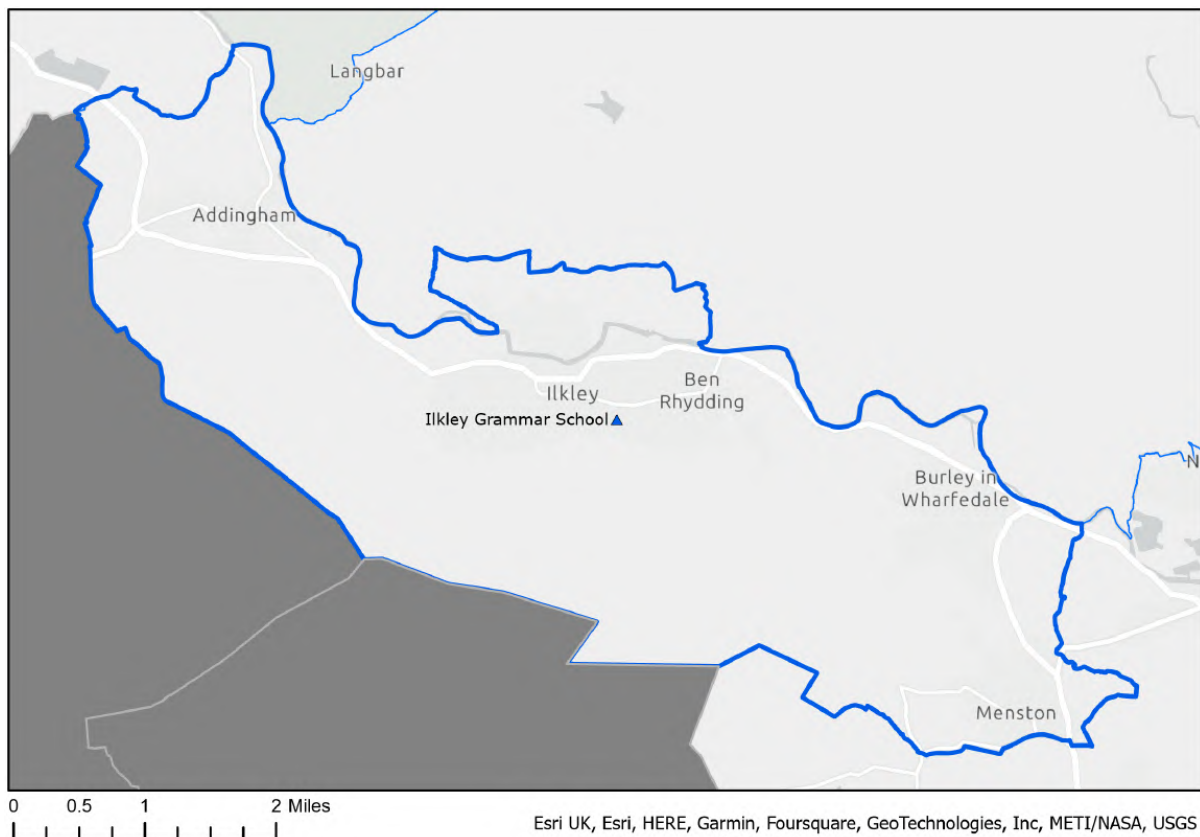
Secondary education in the Ilkley Planning Area

There is one secondary school in the Ilkley planning area and it has post 16 provision. The area is in the north of the District covering rural and semi-rural areas, including Ilkley and the villages of Addingham, Burley in Wharfedale and Menston. It borders Leeds to the east and North Yorkshire to the north.

Schools in Ilkley Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Ilkley Grammar School	Academy	Moorland Trust	300	Yes

Map of Ilkley Planning Area and Secondary School:



Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Ilkley Grammar School increased their PAN from 245 to 261 from September 2016.
- Ilkley Grammar School increased their PAN from 261 to 286 from September 2017.
- Ilkley Grammar School increased their PAN from 286 to 300 from September 2018.
- Building work to expand the school was completed in September 2019.
- Ilkley Grammar School has admitted additional pupils into year 7 in 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022 to meet demand.
- Ilkley Grammar School expanded its priority admission area for 2022 to include parts of Menston that fall under Leeds Local Authority

Forecast methodology for Ilkley

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

Almost exclusively, children transfer here from primary schools in the Wharfe Valley primary planning area. This is understandable, given the overlap of the two areas.

Historically, slightly more than a dozen children have attended schools here from outside of the District each year; this number may increase after the school expanded its priority admission area for 2022. The number of children living here but attending schools in other Local Authorities has been much higher, i.e. the planning area is a net exporter to other Local Authorities.

Health Data for Ilkley

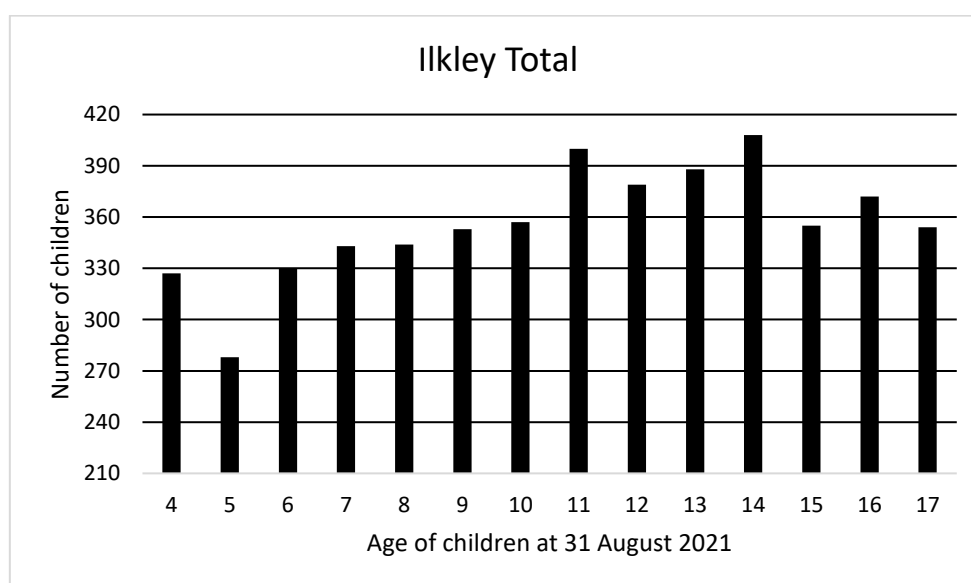
Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, it has added relevance here because the planning area contains a single school.

The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022; figures for this planning area follow that trend.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ilkley Total	327	278	330	343	344	353	357
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Ilkley Total	400	379	388	408	355	372	354
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11	12	13



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Forecast	319	304	300	300	300	298	295
Surplus	-19	-4	0	0	0	2	5
% Surplus	-6.3%	-1.3%	0%	0%	0%	0.7%	1.7%

Whole school (Years 7 to 13)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	1960	1960	1960	1960	1960	1960	1960
Forecast	2036	2047	2029	2015	2001	1977	1966
Surplus	-76	-87	-69	-55	-41	-17	-6
% Surplus	-3.9%	-4.4%	-3.5%	-2.8%	-2.1%	-0.9%	-0.3%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022. Even though Ilkley Grammar School remains the only school in this planning area, previous years' forecasts are not directly comparable. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

Ilkley Grammar School is assessing a number of options to expand its offer. As part of this, a consultation was launched into a variation of its admission number to 320 from 2023.

Keighley Secondary School Planning Area

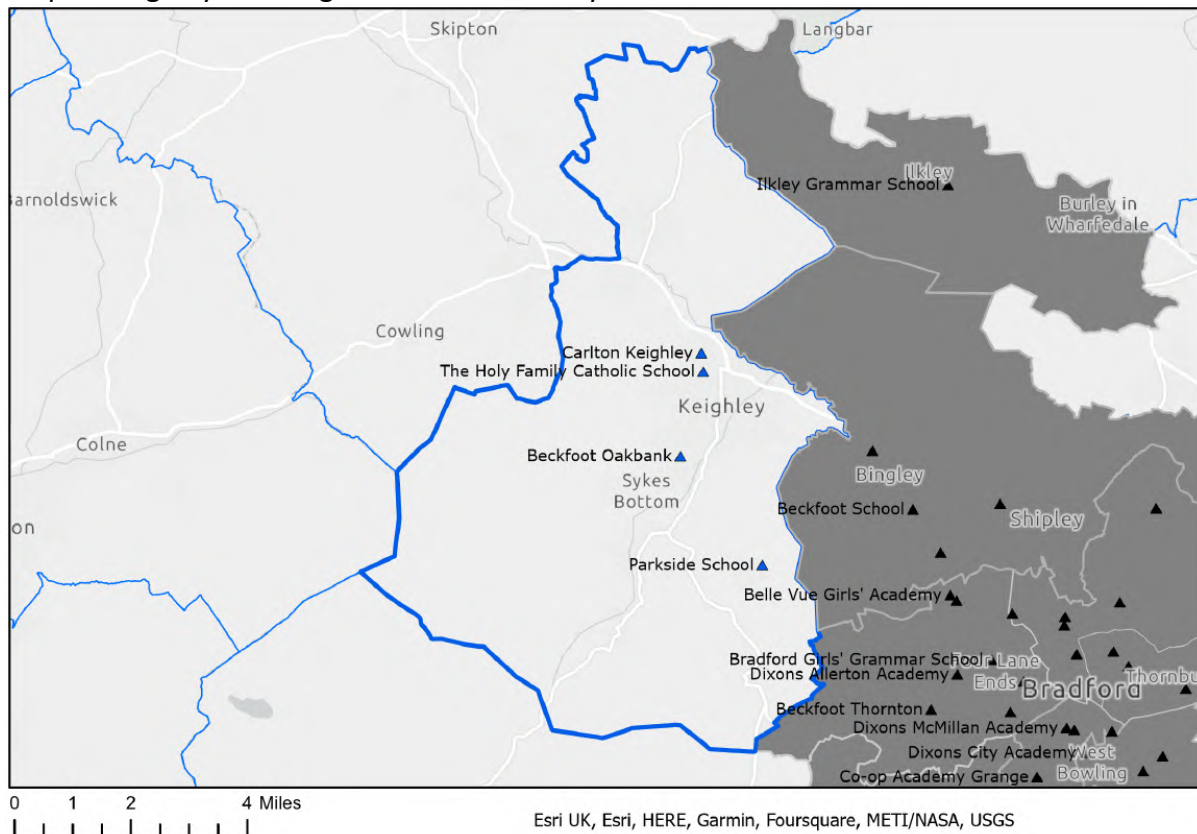
Secondary education in the Keighley Planning Area

There are four secondary schools in the Keighley planning area, three of which have post 16 provision. The area covers a large part of the western side of the District most of which is rural and semirural. It includes the town of Keighley and villages of Cullingworth, Denholme, Eastburn, Haworth, Oakworth, Oldfield, Oxenhope, Silsden, Stanbury and Steeton.

Schools in Keighley Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Beckfoot Oakbank	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	300	Yes
Carlton Keighley	Academy	Carlton Academy Trust	150	No
Parkside School	Foundation		210	Yes
The Holy Family Catholic School, a Voluntary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	165	Yes

Map of Keighley Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Parkside School increased their PAN from 180 to 210 from September 2017 and building work was carried out to increase the capacity of the school building.
- Due high levels of current and forecast surplus places, University Academy Keighley reduced their PAN from 180 to 150 from September 2022.

Forecast methodology for Keighley

Given that secondary schools are much larger and more spread out, children of secondary school age often travel further than they did to attend primary school. Forecast methodology is therefore slightly different between the two phases. However, the need for secondary school places still depends on the local child population.

Year 7 forecasts are based on the historic patterns of transfers from Year 6 to Year 7, i.e. the number of children moving up from individual primary schools to specific secondary schools. Other factors include migration in and around the District, and movement of families into new housing developments. These trends are then projected onto the current primary school populations and, where relevant, adjusted to include trends for children attending schools in other Local Authorities or other Local Authority children attending Bradford schools.

Children transfer here from primary schools in a few different primary planning areas. The main suppliers are Keighley 1 and Keighley 2.

Historically, very few children have attended schools here from outside of the District. The number of children living here but attending schools in other Local Authorities has been significantly higher, i.e. the planning area is a net exporter to other Local Authorities. This planning area is by far the highest exporter of children to schools outside the District, with over 200 children going to schools in other local authorities each year. South Craven School, in North Yorkshire LA, is the closest secondary school for much of the north western corner of this planning area and accounts for nearly 70% of this figure each year.

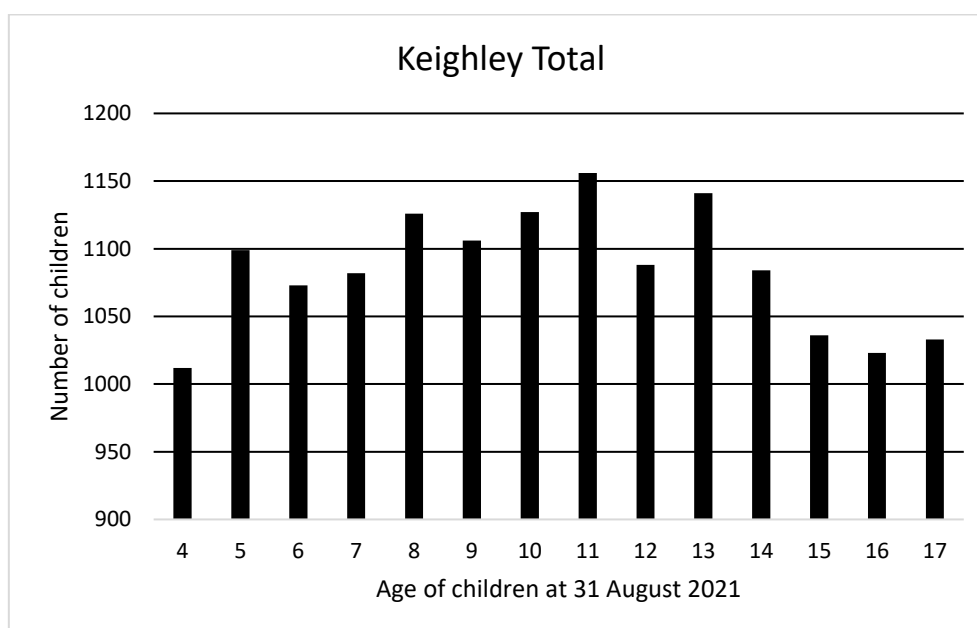
Health Data for Keighley

Whilst the number of children living in a secondary planning area is not the primary factor for Year 7 forecasting, data is included here for context. The size of cohorts entering secondary schools has been increasing for a number of years due to larger populations of specific age groups. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022. There are some fluctuations in this planning area but it generally follows the District-wide trend.

The following tables and chart show the number of children, broken down by their age at 31st August 2021, and is based on January 2022 data received from the Health Authority:

Age at 31 August 2021	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Keighley Total	1012	1099	1073	1082	1126	1106	1127
Year 7 Intake Year	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022

Age at 31 August 2021	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Keighley Total	1156	1088	1141	1084	1036	1023	1033
2021/22 School Year	7	8	9	10	11	12	13



Forecast & Accuracy

The tables below contain forecast data submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year 7

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
PAN	825	825	825	825	825	825	825
Forecast	802	832	820	811	807	806	758
Surplus	23	-7	5	14	18	19	67
% Surplus	2.8%	-0.8%	0.6%	1.7%	2.2%	2.3%	8.1%

Whole school (Years 7 to 13)

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Capacity	4893	4893	4893	4893	4893	4893	4893
Forecast	4352	4408	4443	4472	4468	4467	4399
Surplus	541	485	450	421	425	426	494
% Surplus	11.1%	9.9%	9.2%	8.6%	8.7%	8.7%	10.1%

In previous years, the School Organisation Plan has contained data relating to the accuracy of previous forecasts. However, as all of the District's secondary planning areas have been redrawn for 2022, comparable forecasts are not available. Forecast accuracy data will return in the 2023 version of this document.

Proposals

The Local Authority will continue to monitor the number of children and parental preference in this planning area.

There are sufficient school places within this area, with no current action required to address a surplus or shortfall of places.

Local Authorities' Duties for sufficiency of places

Local authorities have a statutory duty to ensure that sufficient schools for providing primary and secondary education are available for their area. ([Education Act 1996, section 14](#))

Legislation governing school organisational changes is found in the [Education Act 1996](#), [The School Organisation \(Establishment and Discontinuance of Schools\) Regulations 2013](#), [Making significant changes \('prescribed alterations'\) to maintained schools](#), [Opening and closing maintained schools](#) and [Making significant changes to an open academy and closure by mutual agreement](#).

Early Education and Childcare Places Ages 0-14 (or up to 18 for disabled children)

The [Childcare Act 2006](#) requires local authorities in England to ensure sufficiency of childcare, so far as is reasonably practicable, for working parents, parents who are studying or training and for disabled children. To meet the needs of families' childcare, provision should be accessible, affordable and delivered flexibly in a range of high quality settings.

Additional legislation relating to early education and childcare provision is contained in The Childcare Act of [2016](#) and the [Children and Families Act 2014](#).

Of particular relevance to school organisation planning are the following:

- Local authorities must secure availability of 570 hours of funded provision over at least 38 weeks for each qualifying 2 year olds. Two-year-old children are eligible the term following their 2nd birthday if their parent/s access out of work benefits, meet government prescribed low income criteria, or if the child has a Health and Care Plan, or is/has been looked after by the Local Authority, or have No Recourse to Public Funds;
- Local authorities must secure availability of 570 hours of funded provision over at least 38 weeks for each qualifying three and four-year-old in each 12-month period from the date at which the child's entitlement starts until the child reaches compulsory school age. This works out at 15 hours per week if spread over 38 weeks (fewer hours per week if stretched over more than 38 weeks). This is known as 'universal entitlement';
- An additional 570 hours must be available for three and four years olds of eligible working parents who have a HMRC 30 hours' childcare code. This is known as the 'extended entitlement' and 30 hours' free childcare.

It should be noted that while Councils have a duty to ensure sufficiency of early education places and promote take up, there is no legal obligation for parents to take up their child's pre-statutory school age provision.

The process of ensuring sufficiency of early education and childcare is reported in an annual Early Education and Childcare Sufficiency Assessment which can be found on the [Bradford Council website](#).

Ages 5-16

The law requires that parents and carers make arrangements and Councils make provision for the education of children from the first term after their fifth birthday, to the end of the academic year in which their sixteenth birthday falls (statutory school age).

In Bradford the majority of children begin reception in the September following their fourth birthday. Where parents feel it is appropriate, they can request that their child's entry to reception is deferred until later in the school year, or that their child attends on a part-time basis until they reach statutory school age.

Education institutions operate most efficiently when they are full or almost full. The Council recognises this and seeks to keep the number of surplus or spare places to a minimum. However, not all unfilled school places are considered surplus to requirements and best practice has shown that some level of spare school capacity is necessary to allow for flexibility for unexpected additional children either through the annual admissions round, or in-year admissions.

Previous national best practice guidance (2013) from the [Audit Commission](#) recommended that Councils should plan for a 95% occupancy rate in schools. Currently, the DfE uplifts the forecast mainstream pupil numbers from reception to year 11 to include a 2 per cent operating margin. Note that the Audit Commission has been replaced by the National Audit Office.

Source: [10089-001 Capital-funding-for-new-school-places.pdf \(nao.org.uk\)](#)

Ages 14-19 (or up to 25 for young people with special educational needs and disabilities)

Local Authorities are the lead strategic commissioners of 16-19 education and training. This means that the Council has a duty to ensure that sufficient and appropriate education and training opportunities are accessible to all young people in the district who are over the compulsory school age, but under 19 and those up to age 25 for young people with SEND who have an Education, Health and Care Plan.

The Council worked closely with schools, colleges and local businesses to agree a strategy to improve post-16 outcomes – details can be found in '[A Joint Approach to Post-16 Education Improvement in Bradford and the Need for Change](#)'. This was published in summer 2016 as a long term strategic plan and transformational approach. Partners are continuing to work collaboratively to implement the way forward identified in this document, as is evidenced by the two new post-16 Free Schools, which opened in September 2019.

National funding formula is used to calculate the allocation of funding to each institution each academic year for those students aged 16-19 and up to the age of 25 for students with an Education, Health and Care Plan. The basic funding is calculated using national funding rates, which depend on their students' study programmes. The number of students recruited and retained in the previous academic year, known as 'lagged student numbers' are used to reflect the demand for places. Although the funding model would theoretically allow an increase in numbers year on year, any increase is limited by the availability of suitable teaching and learning space and the demands of delivering a post-16 curriculum offer.

District Overview

Population in the Bradford District

The population of Bradford District has increased significantly over recent years. Census data published by the Office of National Statistics (ONS) indicates that the population of Bradford has increased by almost 24,000, or 4.6%, from around 522,500 recorded in the 2011 Census, to 546,400 in the 2021 Census (figures are rounded to the nearest 100).

Subnational population projections published in March 2020 by the ONS indicate that the population in Bradford District will increase to 564,842 by mid-2043. These are the latest projections and are based on the data available from 2018. The next publication is expected around the end of 2022 and will be based on data from the 2021 Census. *Source: [Population and household estimates, England and Wales: 2021 Census \(ONS\)](#), [2021 Population estimates for the UK \(ONS\)](#), [2018-based Subnational population projections \(ONS\)](#), [Population statistics and sources guide \(ONS\)](#)*

Population growth and ethnic diversity among young people is an asset to the Bradford District. The challenge however is to ensure all children and young people have the best possible start in life and the Council must ensure that there are enough high quality school places available, giving Bradford the opportunity to grow a diverse and skilled young workforce.

Birth and fertility data

Health data shows that across the Bradford District, the numbers of younger children who are not yet of school age are reducing. Data published by the ONS states that the number of births across England and Wales in 2021 increased by 1.8% from 2020 (which saw the lowest national birth rate since 2002), but were still below the 2019 figure.

As seen in the table below, ONS data shows a steady decrease in live births from 2012 to 2018. A minor increase was reported from 2018 to 2019 before a significant decrease from 2019 to 2020. Another slight increase has been reported from 2020 to 2021, but this figure is still significantly below the 2018 figure and almost 1500 below the 2012 figure:

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Live Births	8322	8039	8100	7931	7930	7639	7244	7270	6792	6828

The total fertility rate in England increased to 1.61 per woman in 2021 from 1.58 in 2020; the first time it has risen since 2012. The total fertility rate for women in Bradford remained at 1.95 in 2020 and 2021. Although this is higher than the rate for England, it has reduced steadily since the peak of 2.36 in 2008 and 2009.

Source: [Births in England and Wales - ONS](#)

Health authority data

Information provided by the Child Health Information Service of the NHS is crucial to primary school forecasting. The data is received monthly and analysed by age group and primary school planning area.

Figures for children aged 0-10, and how they vary year on year, can be seen in this table:

January Health data/Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2014	8011	8215	8266	8616	8596	8509	8221	8257	7987	7639	7660
2015	8082	8080	8226	8298	8763	8631	8529	8263	8294	8024	7671
2016	8117	8214	8217	8408	8481	8771	8694	8571	8235	8303	8020
2017	8078	8117	8247	8183	8389	8439	8743	8697	8582	8336	8360
2018	7745	8136	8227	8326	8348	8494	8667	8842	8746	8701	8407
2019	7312	7821	8170	8227	8385	8245	8390	8515	8696	8590	8559
2020	7414	7440	7944	8199	8316	8354	8332	8480	8614	8757	8634
2021	7005	7427	7452	7881	8192	8231	8259	8292	8414	8542	8713
2022	6697	7003	7484	7452	7940	8177	8224	8339	8333	8460	8579

The number of 11-16 year olds recorded in the health data is shown in the table below:

January Health data/Age*	11	12	13	14	15	16
2014	7446	7249	7308	7346	7117	6908
2015	7745	7515	7269	7310	7318	7088
2016	7787	7718	7586	7235	7304	7313
2017	8097	7837	7739	7528	7271	7309
2018	8444	8173	7849	7787	7555	7302
2019	8262	8407	8059	7806	7698	7506
2020	8648	8379	8384	8083	7857	7721
2021	8551	8566	8335	8334	7999	7815
2022	8791	8629	8604	8366	8358	8017

*Ages as at 31 August in the previous year

Types of schools in the Bradford District

The District has a diversity of provision with 53 community schools; 11 voluntary aided schools; 5 voluntary controlled schools; 8 foundation schools; 122 academies and 9 free schools.

Community, foundation, voluntary aided and voluntary controlled schools are classed as Local Authority maintained schools. These schools are funded and supported via Bradford Council.

Academies are run by a trust which is responsible for every aspect of managing the school. Trusts can be set up by a range of organisations including religious groups, educational specialists, employers, charities and community groups. They have greater flexibility in the way the school is run. Academies receive their funding directly from the government.

Where schools have converted to academy status, the premises are typically leased to the trust by the Council on a 125-year lease.

Free school was the term initially used for non-profit making, independent, state-funded academies set up since 2010 in response to demand for a greater variety of schools. In 2015, the term broadened to become the DfE’s term for any new academy.

All through schools make provision for primary and secondary aged pupils within a single school. The Council supports the principle of all through schools, though a number of factors need to be considered in any proposal of a new all through school, including premises, standards and management capacity.

School organisation issues rarely affect schools in isolation; school partnerships are important to understanding the impact school organisation decisions may have on education provision in an area.

Bradford Council works closely with all schools and academies in the District. There is a good track record of schools working together to address the needs of all children in an area.

A breakdown of the schools in Bradford is shown in the following table:

School Type	Academy	Community	Foundation	Free School	Voluntary Aided	Voluntary Controlled	Total
Nursery		7					7
Primary	92	41	7	2	9	5	156
All Through (primary-secondary)	3			1			4
Secondary	21	1	1	6	2		31
Special	5	3					8
PRU	1	1					2
Total	122	53	8	9	11	5	208

Note: correct as at 1 September 2022

In addition to the schools counted in the table, two sixth form free schools opened in September 2019.

Pressures

Since 2010, the focus of School Organisation had been on meeting a pressure for places as the numbers of children requiring school places increased. Although there is still pressure on places in the secondary phase, this pressure has subsided in the primary phase as the numbers of younger children not yet of school age are reducing. The current challenge facing primary schools is how best to deal with the number of surplus places and the implications of unfilled places.

Supporting parental preference, performance and popularity

Where changes are required to accommodate growing populations, consideration will be given to the performance of existing provision when drafting and consulting on proposals for expansion. However, it is acknowledged that it is not always possible to increase the size of some schools due to other constraints such as land availability. Increasing the capacity of a school in an area where there are places available at other schools within close proximity, may have adverse impacts on these nearby schools and this will be given due consideration. All maintained schools and academies will be considered for expansion when deciding where additional places will be of greatest benefit to the children.

Dealing with a surplus or shortfall of places

Where surplus places are identified, the Council will work with appropriate bodies to remove these places. A range of options will be considered, including:

- Temporary removal of places by re-designation of space within the school where forecasts show demand will increase at a later date.
- Permanent removal of places and reduction in Published Admission Number (PAN) following the statutory consultation process.
- Merging or federation of schools with reduced overall numbers.
- Closure of schools.

Where a shortage of places is identified, the Council will work with existing and potential new providers to consider options for addressing this shortage. Options will include:

- Increasing pupil numbers on existing school sites where capacity exists, this may include re-designation of space within schools such as the change of use of a library to a classroom, with library facilities being relocated elsewhere.
- Increasing the size of existing schools by providing additional accommodation on the site, or expansion onto a 'satellite site'.
- Working with Academy Trusts to promote the demand for new free schools.

Capital funding for additional school places

The majority of the capital funding for new pupil places is allocated to local authorities, as Basic Needs Funding. This is allocated according to the need for new places based on capacity and forecast data provided by local authorities to the Department for Education (DfE) in the annual School Capacity (SCAP) return.

In addition to Basic Needs Funding, where the number of additional children expected to move into new housing developments will create a shortfall, requests towards the development of education provision is requested from housing developers. Since July 2017, Bradford has operated the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) system, where funds are paid by developers to the Council for overall infrastructure enhancement. It is no longer possible to make a request for funding direct to the developer through this process. Instead the Council's Executive Committee is responsible for making decisions on the distribution of the CIL funds received. Selected areas of infrastructure are invited to request CIL monies towards their area.

Planning Principles

Ages 4-19

When considering changes to provision, the council will plan based on the following principles.

- a) The Council will work within existing legislation regarding Infant Class Sizes, which states that no infant class at a school may contain more than 30 pupils while an ordinary teaching session is conducted by a single school teacher. The Council will therefore plan provision such that no class within a primary school will be greater than 30.
- b) Where possible, Published Admission Numbers (PANs) will be in multiples of 30. Where this is not possible, multiples of 15 will be preferred. It is expected that mixed age classes will be necessary in primary schools where the PAN is a multiple of 15.
- c) The Council will seek to plan provision so that no class within a secondary school will be greater than 30 where practically possible.
- d) It is the Council's view that all through primary schools will eliminate potential barriers to learning by providing continuity which will in turn lead to an overall higher quality of provision. The Council prefers primary schools rather than separate infant and junior schools as the model for primary phase education in the Bradford District.
- e) The Council will consider sympathetically, arrangements that manage small local provisions within a single framework under a single governing body and headteachers. This is particularly the case in more rural areas and where such arrangements reduce the transport needs for young children.
- f) All present primary school provision is co-educational and the Council would encourage that future arrangements will conform to this pattern.
- g) The majority of secondary provision is co-educational and the Council prefers any new provision to conform to this pattern.

Ages 14-19

The opening of the post-16 Free Schools, the University Technical Colleges (UTC) in Leeds and flexibilities for FE Colleges to recruit at age 14 means that the traditional pattern of 14-19 delivery is already changing in the District, with the potential to shift further.

As part of our response to this changing landscape, the Council has worked with a range of employers and education providers to develop "Industrial Centres of Excellence" (ICE) through our district wide Careers and Technical Education (CTE) partnership. These build on the UTC ethos but have been developed into a bespoke local solution that works across 110 local education institutions. Our nine ICE Boards give us coverage across the full range of economic sectors. Last academic year, we delivered over 24,000 career interventions through the partnership. The Council's approach to CTE is set out on our [website](#). To support our goal to improve the offer for all 14-19 year olds in the District, the CTE partnership has undertaken a review of pathways for disadvantaged groups the recommendations from which are being implemented by the newly formed Youth Employment Partnership.

Ages 16+

The Council's role is to be the strategic commissioner of post-16 provision. This role involves working to improve standards and shaping provision across the district by identifying gaps, enabling new provision and developing the market. This is part of the wider leadership of education up to the age of 19, place shaping and economic development across the District, rather than procurement or practical commissioning matters.

To effectively plan and deliver on its strategic commissioning function for 16-19 year olds, the Council will plan on the following principles:

- a) Have in place a strategic commissioning business cycle based upon the collection and analysis of data and other intelligence that will inform the Council's place shaping role. This will be owned by the Bradford Employment and Skills Board.
- b) Undertake on-going dialogue with key stakeholders including funding agencies, the district's education and training providers and employers to inform our view of post-16 provision and highlight where gaps exist. The Council will work with and on behalf of, all post-16 providers to champion the needs of local young people and ensure that post-16 education and training is one of the keystones on which local regeneration and prosperity can be built.
- c) Produce an annual report on the alignment of post-16 education and training with current and future labour market demands: Contributing to the delivery of the Council Plan, District Workforce Development Plan, "[People Skills Prosperity](#)", and the West Yorkshire Combined Authority [Devolution Deal](#).
- d) Work with providers to ensure that they deliver high quality education and training provision that offers genuine progression pathways to our young people. The Council takes the position that the interests of the institution cannot be placed above what is right for the young person.

Implementation of the Post-16 Review

Following the Review, the Council took the position that we need to work toward a reduction in the number of school sixth forms and the development of a small number of large school sixth form colleges (as Free Schools). The Council's view was that these needed to be located in areas of demographic demand such as Bradford City Centre and in the north of the District. The opening of the two new post-16 free schools in the City Centre in September 2019, represented a significant milestone in the implementation of this approach. Dialogue is on-going with partners about the approach for provision in the North of the District.

FE estate and learners

The latest available information about Post 16 and FE Colleges based in the District is set out in the table below.

Institution	16-18 Learner numbers
Bradford College	3,440
ShIPLEY College	747
Keighley College	705
Dixons Sixth Form	969
New College Bradford	1332

Learner numbers are taken from the institution's 2022/23 funding allocation, except Keighley College, which are taken from data shared with the Local Authority. In addition, many of our students attend FE provision outside of the District, in particular at Craven College and Calderdale College.

The FE Estate in Bradford has received significant investment and over recent years: Bradford College opened the flagship David Hockney Building and the Advanced Technology Centre although these were not built with the intent of greatly increasing 16-18 learner numbers.

Shipley College has also opened the new Jonathan Silver building as a specialist facility to address a specific need for a cohort of post-16 learners with particular special educational needs. This is similar to the above in that this development was not intended to significantly increase 16-18 learner numbers.

The council continues to collaborate with and support FE partners to meet their capital needs both in terms of capacity and new curriculum. The Towns Fund for Shipley and Keighley has secured capital investment into the respective colleges (predominantly to support digital and engineering provision), and the Council has supported Bradford College to apply for capital funds to support the expansion and delivery of their T Level offer in construction and engineering.

Triggers for change

The Council keeps all educational provision that it has responsibility for in Bradford under constant review. A variety of factors may lead to the Council making proposals for changes in provision. As the list below indicates, the supply and demand of places is only one of the factors that the Council will consider:

- Rises and falls in the child population and/or the continuing demand for places in an area.
- The opportunity to make new and positive educational developments.
- The opportunity to regularise local arrangements to accord with general Bradford arrangements.
- Action to address institutions that are failing or at risk of failing.
- Working with institutions that can be shown to be adding to the educational achievement of pupils.
- Findings by Ofsted on the quality of the institution.
- The popularity of the institution with local residents and wider user groups.
- The prospects for the institution of remaining or becoming viable in terms of numbers of children admitted.
- Indicators that the institution has a good understanding of the challenges it faces and the ability and determination to tackle these challenges.
- Condition of existing buildings and sites.

The Council operates a robust system to monitor schools' standards, achievements and the quality of the provision. This is based on a process of school prioritisation which enables the Council's resources, which are available for monitoring, supporting, challenging and if necessary, intervention, to be directed at those schools at the greatest risk of failing the

children and young people educated within them and with the greatest needs. Regular Ofsted inspections of schools provide an external view of the performance of schools. The Council has statutory powers of intervention, that it won't hesitate to use, should any school be delivering an inadequate education and is not taking appropriate steps to rectify the situation.

Proposals to change any provision will conform to the principles stated earlier in this document. However, when considering any such change the long-term interests of the District will take precedence over short term difficulties and disruption.

How change is managed

The duty to decide on statutory proposals with respect to school organisation such as closing or expanding schools falls to the Council, Governing Bodies or the Schools Adjudicator. Academy conversions can be instigated by Governing Bodies, Trusts or the DfE. The Council cannot open a new school. Applications to open a new school (as a free school since 2015) are made through the DfE.

How the supply of places in the District is managed

The supply of education places required across the District is managed according to the age range of the children. It is therefore important to understand how forecasts or projections (both terms are used synonymously throughout) are created for the supply of education places required over time. Demand for early education and childcare places fluctuate according to employment trends as well as population trends. The difficulty of managing the supply of places is compounded by the fact that the number of children eligible for free early education rises by almost 60% over the course of a school year. The Private, Voluntary and Independent sector provision provides much of the flexibility needed to meet demand. The Council seeks to influence market development within the Early Education and Childcare Sector by the provision of data and information which highlights areas of possible unmet demand or over supply across the District. The Early Education and [Childcare Sufficiency Assessment](#) uses current and historic information regarding the availability and take up of places by different age ranges, rather than a forecasting approach.

The District Workforce Development Plan, People Skills Prosperity, was published in February 2020 and sets out the strategic approach for post-16 employment and skills provision (including adults) for the next five years. A needs analysis for post-16 in the District will be received by the Bradford Employment and Skills Board annually in the Autumn.

The impact of housing

The Council is preparing a new Local Plan which sets out how the District will grow sustainably over the next 15 to 20 years and what it means for local communities. Preferred options for [The Bradford District Local Plan](#) are being considered and further information is expected to be published later in 2022.

It is recognised that new housing developments have an impact on the demand for school places and as such, a calculation is made to include additional children who may come to live in new housing, this is added to future primary and secondary school forecasts.

The effects of new housing are

- Families that move into housing developments in a new area are likely to wish to enrol their children into a school. This may result in a short-term increase in the number of pupils on roll in schools, across all years, where places are available.
- A formula is used to calculate the likely number of additional children who might come to live in these developments. When the developments are completed, checks are made to identify the actual number of children and any changes over time are incorporated in future calculations. Calculations of the number of additional children requiring school places from new housing developments are dependent on the size of the homes and development.
- The community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) was introduced in 2017. The Council is no longer able to request direct contributions, however in some areas of the District a levy applies for overall infrastructure enhancement. Decisions on the distribution of these funds are made by the Council's Executive Committee.
- There can be a knock-on effect caused by families upsizing or moving from existing homes into new developments within the District, with new families moving into their vacated home.

The table below shows all housing development included in the 2021/22 final forecasts. These forecasts were submitted to the DfE as part of the annual School Capacity (SCAP) return in July 2022. All developments are shown on the map below as a black dot, developments with over 100 houses or 200 apartments are labelled with the number from the 'map key' in the table below.

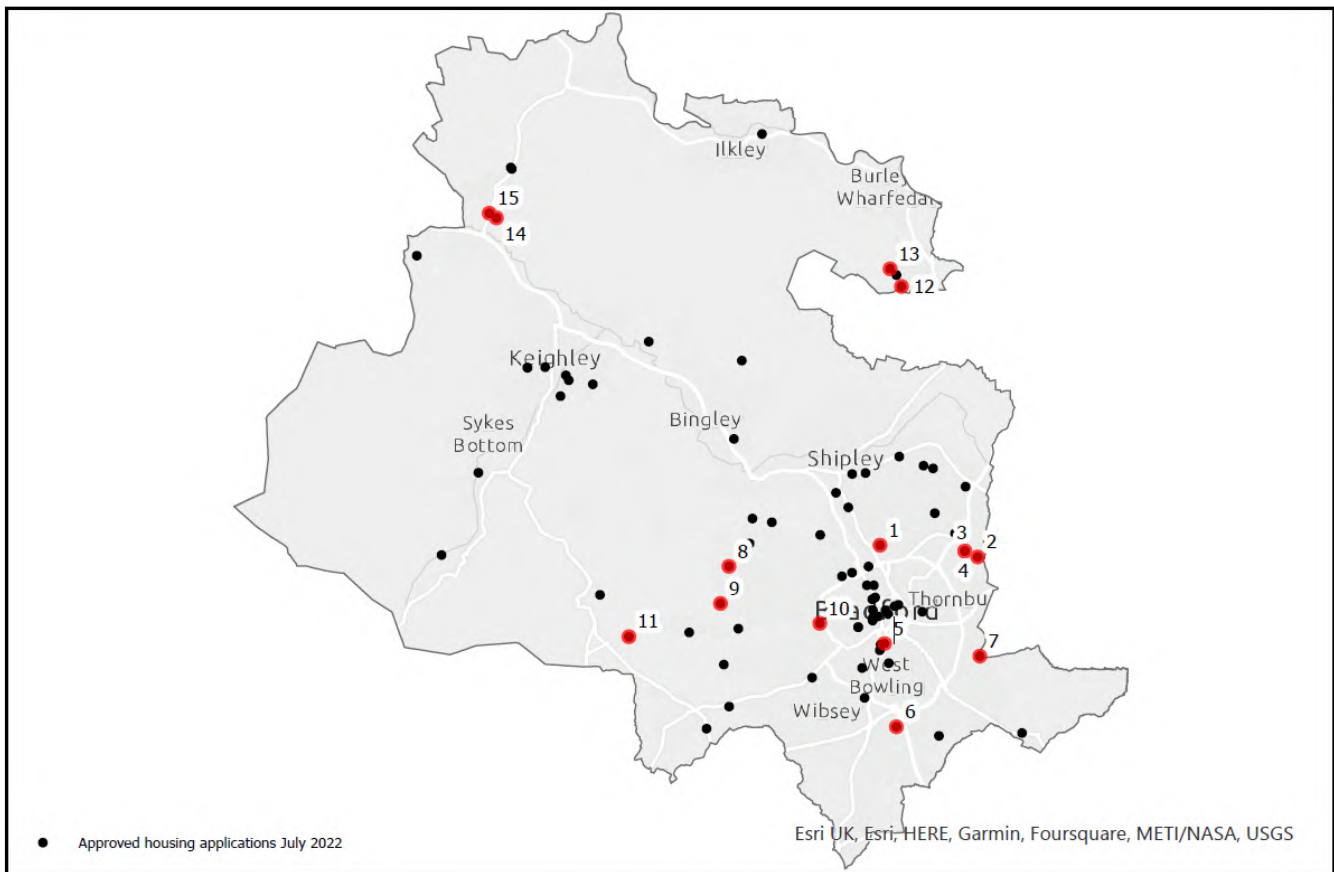
Application Reference	Area Details	Units	Pri PA	Add. Pri	Sec PA	Add. Sec	Map key
16/04772/MAF	Wrose Brow Road (The Old School Building), Shipley	10 houses	SH1	1	AV	1	
17/03503/MAF	Valley Road/Wallbank Drive Shipley	42 x 2-4 bedroom houses	SH1	6	AV	3	
18/03925/MAF	Otley Road (Fairmont Lodge 124), Shipley	18 apartments: 12 x 1 & 6 x 2 bed	SH2	0	AV	0	
19/00852/MAF	Windhill Old Station, Leeds Road, Shipley	13 apartments: 11 x 1 & 2 x 2 bed	Sh1	0	AV	0	
19/03650/MAF	Crosley Wood Road (Land at), Bingley	81 houses, 12 flats	B1	12	AV	7	
19/04817/MAF	Swine Lane (Former site of Sandbeds Methodist Church), East Morton, Keighley	8 x 3 bed dwellings	B/K	0	AV	0	
21/04062/POR	Croft Road (Aire Valley House), Bingley, BD16 2UA	139 units	B/K	0	AV	0	
22/00818/MAR	Stoney Ridge Hospital, Stoney Ridge Road	13 houses: 2 x 3, 6 x 4 & 5 x 5 bed	B1	2	AV	1	
19/02816/MAF	Mill Street (18-20), Bradford	27 apartments	NE3	0	BE	0	

Application Reference	Area Details	Units	Pri PA	Add. Pri	Sec PA	Add. Sec	Map key
20/04492/MAF	Barkerend Road (Barkerend Mills), Bradford BD3 9BH	117 apartments: 58 x 1, 52 x 2 & 7 x 3 bed	NW4	4	BE	2	
21/01142/POR	Bolton Road, (29-42), Bradford	98 flats: 97 x 1 & 1 x 2 bed	NE3	0	BE	0	
13/04148/MAF	Leeds Road (land at Cote Farm), Thackley	60 houses	NE1	8	BNE	5	
17/04666/MAF	Poplars Park Road (Land at), Bradford	145 houses	NE2	20	BNE	11	1
17/05678/MAF	Fagley Road (former Fagley Youth and Community Centre)	128 houses	NE2	18	BNE	10	2
17/05824/MAF	Brunswick Road (Land East of), Bradford	8 x 2 bed flats & 2 x studio	NE1	0	BNE	0	
17/06050/MAF	Parkfield Road (7), Bradford	7 flats	NW5	0	BNE	0	
17/06647/MAF	Ashwell Road (Ashwell Farm, 47-49), Heaton, Bradford	27 houses	NW5	4	BNE	2	
17/06941/MAF	Eldon Place (Eldon Lodge, 13), Manningham, Bradford	17 x 1 bed apartments	NW4	0	BNE	0	
18/00138/MAF	Westgate (77), Bradford, BD1 2RD	24 x 1 bed flats	NW4	0	BNE	0	
18/00454/MAF	Piccadilly (8-10), Bradford	34 apartments: 30 x 1 & 4 x 2 bed	SW4	0	BNE	0	
18/00897/MAR	Fagley Lane (former Fagley Quarry), Bradford	311 houses	NE2	44	BNE	6	3
18/01127/MAR	Fagley Lane (former Fagley Quarry), Bradford	278 dwellings	NE2	39	BNE	9	4
18/02325/MAF	Westfield Lane, Idle	26 houses	NE2	4	BNE	2	
19/01356/MAF	Sunbridge Road (Land adjacent to 139), Bradford	10 x studios, 9 x 1 & 6 x 2 bed apts	SW4	0	BNE	0	
19/02470/MAF	Church Street (former Anvil Court), Bradford	30 houses: 2, 3 & 4 bed	NW4	4	BNE	2	
19/02681/MAF	Barry Street (20-22), Bradford	14 apartments	NW4	0	BNE	0	
19/02773/MAF	Victoria Road (Airedale House), Eccleshill	24 houses	NE2	3	BNE	2	
19/03246/MAF	Church Street (former site of 26), Manningham, Bradford	10 dwellings	NW5	1	BNE	1	
20/00662/MAF	Junction Mills and Garden Mills, 129-133 Thornton Rd	107 x 1 bed apartments	NW4	0	BNE	0	
20/01478/MAF	High Street (The Oddfellows Hall, 1), Idle	16 apartments	NE1	0	BNE	0	
20/02931/MAF	Manningham Lane (189), Bradford	22 houses & 7 apartments	NW2	3	BNE	2	
20/02976/MAF	Norman Lane (Eccleshill Methodist Church), Bradford	26 x 1 bed apartments	NE1	0	BNE	0	
20/03356/MAF	Eldon Place (1-2), Manningham, Bradford	10 x 1 bed apts	NW4	0	BNE	0	
21/02659/MAF	Duke Street (8), Bradford	24 apartments: 19 x 1 & 5 x 2 bed	NW4	0	BNE	0	
21/02988/POR	Cornwall House, Cornwall Terrace	26 apartments	NW5	0	BNE	0	
15/06447/MAF	Little Horton Lane (407), Bradford	14 houses	SW5	2	BS	1	
17/02730/MAF	Osmond, Taunton & Ashton House, Croscombe Walk (Y Blocks Manchester Road)	46 houses: 2,3&4 bed	SW4	6	BS	3	

Application Reference	Area Details	Units	Pri PA	Add. Pri	Sec PA	Add. Sec	Map key
17/04103/MAR	Reyhill Grove (City Gate), Manchester Road, Bradford	554: flats 364 x 1 bed & 190 x 2,3,4 bed	SW4	13	BS	7	5
17/05684/MAF	Great Horton Road (Land South of 607), Bradford	18 x 1 bedroom houses	SW3	0	BS	0	
18/05418/MAF	Windsor Court, Bolingbroke Court, Stuart Court, Tudor Court, Hapsburg Court, Elsdon Grove	61 houses	SW4	9	BS	5	
20/05003/MAF	Manor Row (5), Bradford BD1 5NL	12 apartments: 6 x 1, 5 x 2 & 1 x 3 bed	NW4	0	BS	0	
21/02306/REM	Dovesdale Road (Former West Bowling WMC), Bradford	9 houses	SW5	0	BS	0	
21/03567/POR	Canal Road (34-36), Bradford, BD1 4BA	33 apartments	NE3	0	BS	0	
21/05737/VOC	Rooley Crescent (land south of), Staithgate Lane, Bradford	114 2-4 bed houses	SW5	16	BS	9	6
15/04151/FU	Tyersal Lane Tyersal Bradford	270 houses	SE1	38	BSE	20	7
20/02933/MAF	Spen View Lane and Shetcliffe Lane (Land off)	83 dwellings	SE1	12	BSE	6	
21/00270/MAR	Westgate Hill (Land West of Booth Holme Farm), Tong	14 dwellings	SE1	2	BSE	1	
21/04368/MAF	Ripleyville (Blocks 1-9), Tiley Square	73 dwellings: 9x 1 & 5x 2 bed flats, 59 x 2,3,4 & 5 bed houses	SW4	10	BSE	5	
18/01700/MAF	Hillcrest Road, Queensbury	10 x 3 bed houses	Q1	1	BSW	1	
19/02329/MAR	Highgate Road, Bradford	12 dwellings	SW3	2	BSW	1	
13/04498/MAF	North Parade, Allerton, Bradford (Ivy Lane new app)	104 houses	NW2	15	BW	8	8
15/07357/MAR	Allerton Lane (Land at), Cote Lane, Bradford	292 houses	NW2	41	BW	22	9
17/05079/MAF	Thornton Road (Leaventhorpe Hall), Bradford	26 houses & 4 apartments	NW1	4	BW	2	
18/04238/MAF	Bingley Road (Hallmark Cards Ltd), Bradford	385 flats: 215 x 1 bed 'flats' 113 x 1 bed 'bedsits' & 57 x 2 bed flats	NW5	4	BW	2	
19/01150/MAF	Haworth Road (Chellow Grange Quarry), Bradford	98 dwellings: 12 x 1 bed maisonettes & 86 x 2/3 bed houses	NW2	12	BW	3	
19/01268/MAF	Ingleby Road/Northside Road (former Otto House), Bradford BD7 2XG	167 houses	SW4	23	BW	13	10
19/04875/MAF	Thornton Road (former swimming baths, 380), Thornton, Bradford	2 houses and 7 x 2 bed apartments	NW1	0	BW	0	
21/00321/MAR	Thornton Road (Land South East of 869), Thornton, Bradford	160 houses	NW1	22	BW	12	11
21/05245/MAF	Westminster Drive, Clayton	69 dwellings: 14 x 2, 27 x 3, 28 x 4 bed	W1	10	BW	5	
17/04591/MAF	Bingley Road, Menston	133 dwellings	WV	19	I	10	12
18/03853/MAR	Kimberley Street (Former Allotment Gardens), Ilkley	14 dwellings	WV	2	I	1	
19/02790/MAF	Derry Hill (Land west of), Menston	47 dwellings	WV	7	I	4	

Application Reference	Area Details	Units	Pri PA	Add. Pri	Sec PA	Add. Sec	Map key
19/04546/MAF	Moor Lane (land at), Menston	113 x 2-4 bed houses	WV	16	I	8	13
17/00277/MAF	Parkwood Rise Land at), Keighley	15 x 1 bedroom flats	K1	0	K	0	
17/00662/MAF	Springfield Mills, Oakworth Road	14 flats: 5 x 1 & 9 x 2 bed	K2	0	K	0	
17/04233/MAR	Scrap Yard, Castle Mills, Becks Road, BD21 1SP	21 houses & 16 x 2 bed apartments	K2	4	K	2	
17/06489/MAF	West Shaw Lane (Brooks Meeting Mill), Oxenhope	12 houses	K2	2	K	1	
18/00229/MAF	Park Lane (Land at), Keighley	12 houses	K1	2	K	1	
18/03203/MAF	Holly Fold, Steeton with Eastburn	12 dwellings	SC	2	K	1	
18/03304/MAR	Belton Road, Silsden	223 houses	SC	31	K	17	14
18/05140/MAR	Bolton Road, Silsden	57 houses	SC	8	K	4	
19/04145/REM	Woodhouse Road (Former site of The Woodhouse), Keighley	8 houses	K2	0	K	0	
19/04426/MAF	Ebor Lane (Ebor Mills), Haworth	38 dwellings	K2	5	K	3	
19/05214/MAF	Station Road (former Station Sawmill), Denholme, Bradford	72 houses, 8 x 1 bed & 64 x 2/3/4 bed	B2	9	K	5	
19/05257/FUL	Scrap Yard, Castle Mills, Becks Road, BD21 1SP	21 houses & 16 x 2 bed apartments	K2	0	K	0	
19/05267/MAR	Riverside Works, Keighley Road, Silsden	155 dwellings	SC	22	K	12	15
20/05292/MAF	Rotary Works (Land at) 121 Bolton Road, Silsden	20 dwellings	SC	3	K	2	
20/05576/MAR	Redwood Close (Land at), Long Lee, Keighley	32 dwellings	K1	4	K	2	

Approved Housing Developments across the Bradford District: July 2022



Impact of the economy

Economic instability can lead to a reduction in the use of independent education and therefore an increased call for places in local state schools. There are differing levels of use of independent education across different areas of the District and therefore these impacts are unlikely to be felt in all areas.

Families may sell their houses to downsize or move into other areas and the birth rates of areas may change (including inward and outward migration factors).

Recession, Brexit and Covid-19 have also had an influence on housing developments. The rising cost of living impacts on material costs and availability, which in turn can impact upon build rates and the market for new homes.

In recent years a number of housing developments were delayed or halted; it has therefore been difficult to accurately forecast the point at which additional places will be required. The majority of these developments have re-started and there has been an upturn in the number of completions. However, there is no guarantee that this will continue.

Complete 2022 primary pupil forecasts by planning area and year

Bingley 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	238	235	237	245	275	262	264	1756
2022/23 forecast	210	239	233	235	245	275	260	1697
2023/24 forecast	213	215	237	231	235	244	273	1648
2024/25 forecast	193	218	214	235	230	234	242	1566
2025/26 forecast	199	198	217	213	235	229	232	1523
2026/27 forecast	193	203	197	216	213	234	227	1483
Bingley 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	135	147	146	142	150	146	155	1021
2022/23 forecast	126	133	145	145	143	146	144	982
2023/24 forecast	135	125	132	143	145	139	144	963
2024/25 forecast	123	134	124	131	143	142	137	934
2025/26 forecast	121	122	133	122	131	141	140	910
2026/27 forecast	126	120	121	131	122	129	139	888
Bingley/Keighley	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	144	140	151	135	145	139	127	981
2022/23 forecast	131	146	138	151	132	147	137	982
2023/24 forecast	145	132	144	138	148	134	144	985
2024/25 forecast	120	147	130	144	135	150	132	958
2025/26 forecast	127	122	146	130	141	137	147	950
2026/27 forecast	125	129	121	146	127	144	135	927
Keighley 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	310	341	338	349	350	357	371	2416
2022/23 forecast	315	311	342	333	350	353	364	2368
2023/24 forecast	335	315	314	338	333	355	358	2348
2024/25 forecast	306	335	317	311	339	336	362	2306
2025/26 forecast	293	307	336	314	314	343	342	2249
2026/27 forecast	279	294	311	333	316	317	348	2198
Keighley 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	385	398	389	386	406	409	399	2772
2022/23 forecast	329	387	394	395	382	408	400	2695
2023/24 forecast	337	333	383	398	389	383	399	2622
2024/25 forecast	309	343	333	388	393	389	376	2531
2025/26 forecast	316	314	343	339	383	392	383	2470
2026/27 forecast	317	322	315	352	335	382	384	2407
North East 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	387	390	384	362	394	392	377	2686
2022/23 forecast	366	382	392	380	361	391	387	2659
2023/24 forecast	384	363	380	384	375	358	391	2635
2024/25 forecast	341	381	361	373	379	371	360	2566
2025/26 forecast	333	339	377	354	371	374	372	2520
2026/27 forecast	326	331	338	371	352	367	375	2460

North East 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	357	355	350	346	336	336	319	2399
2022/23 forecast	347	360	357	352	343	334	333	2426
2023/24 forecast	334	356	362	361	353	343	333	2442
2024/25 forecast	319	348	361	363	360	352	342	2445
2025/26 forecast	316	332	352	362	361	358	351	2432
2026/27 forecast	308	329	339	354	360	360	356	2406
North East 3	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	630	688	689	741	703	742	714	4907
2022/23 forecast	623	638	688	694	746	705	742	4836
2023/24 forecast	619	630	638	688	701	752	702	4730
2024/25 forecast	611	622	628	637	694	707	750	4649
2025/26 forecast	588	614	619	628	646	698	706	4499
2026/27 forecast	566	592	611	617	634	649	698	4367
North West 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	78	79	83	75	104	86	90	595
2022/23 forecast	75	78	76	81	74	106	88	578
2023/24 forecast	75	78	76	74	79	75	108	565
2024/25 forecast	75	78	76	74	73	80	77	533
2025/26 forecast	75	77	76	74	73	73	82	530
2026/27 forecast	66	77	75	74	73	74	74	513
North West 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	259	285	279	297	260	283	288	1951
2022/23 forecast	271	259	285	278	296	260	286	1935
2023/24 forecast	251	276	269	285	278	296	263	1918
2024/25 forecast	214	255	278	269	280	278	297	1871
2025/26 forecast	216	217	262	278	266	279	279	1797
2026/27 forecast	207	219	226	262	274	265	280	1733
North West 3	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	302	315	305	337	320	318	339	2236
2022/23 forecast	272	309	316	310	338	326	326	2197
2023/24 forecast	274	276	308	320	312	340	334	2164
2024/25 forecast	245	279	276	314	321	318	341	2094
2025/26 forecast	247	249	280	280	316	327	326	2025
2026/27 forecast	220	251	249	284	282	326	333	1945
North West 4	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	294	294	294	303	291	306	326	2108
2022/23 forecast	262	312	301	300	308	297	309	2089
2023/24 forecast	264	275	318	303	301	316	300	2077
2024/25 forecast	261	275	280	319	306	307	318	2066
2025/26 forecast	264	273	279	282	322	310	310	2040
2026/27 forecast	281	276	277	281	283	325	312	2035

North West 5	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	458	475	453	477	464	497	497	3321
2022/23 forecast	408	472	478	460	478	464	501	3261
2023/24 forecast	411	421	474	484	458	477	468	3193
2024/25 forecast	404	425	423	479	480	456	480	3147
2025/26 forecast	402	418	427	430	474	479	459	3089
2026/27 forecast	394	417	420	435	432	473	482	3053
Queensbury 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	117	120	110	117	118	114	118	814
2022/23 forecast	120	116	118	110	118	116	112	810
2023/24 forecast	120	119	114	118	111	116	114	812
2024/25 forecast	113	119	117	114	117	109	115	804
2025/26 forecast	99	112	117	118	115	115	108	784
2026/27 forecast	93	98	110	118	119	113	114	765
ShIPLEY 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	149	148	169	141	158	162	151	1078
2022/23 forecast	144	145	151	167	139	157	161	1064
2023/24 forecast	149	142	147	150	164	137	156	1045
2024/25 forecast	138	147	144	145	148	163	136	1021
2025/26 forecast	133	137	150	143	143	147	163	1016
2026/27 forecast	128	131	139	149	141	142	147	977
ShIPLEY 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	163	175	134	164	162	179	175	1152
2022/23 forecast	174	161	171	135	166	160	181	1148
2023/24 forecast	162	171	158	172	136	164	161	1124
2024/25 forecast	147	159	167	159	174	134	165	1105
2025/26 forecast	134	145	157	168	160	172	135	1071
2026/27 forecast	132	132	143	158	170	158	174	1067
ShIPLEY 3	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	181	183	189	189	195	185	179	1301
2022/23 forecast	158	182	185	187	187	192	181	1272
2023/24 forecast	168	158	183	184	185	184	188	1250
2024/25 forecast	146	169	158	182	182	183	180	1200
2025/26 forecast	134	149	169	158	180	182	179	1151
2026/27 forecast	122	137	150	168	157	179	179	1092
South Craven	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	152	156	160	146	168	164	167	1113
2022/23 forecast	140	153	159	161	147	168	165	1093
2023/24 forecast	165	144	158	162	162	148	169	1108
2024/25 forecast	135	168	149	161	163	162	151	1089
2025/26 forecast	134	139	170	152	162	162	162	1081
2026/27 forecast	128	137	144	171	153	162	162	1057

South East 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	328	365	396	394	406	396	431	2716
2022/23 forecast	335	336	366	397	387	408	392	2621
2023/24 forecast	341	346	337	367	390	389	404	2574
2024/25 forecast	295	354	345	337	359	390	386	2466
2025/26 forecast	305	305	355	346	329	362	386	2388
2026/27 forecast	299	315	307	356	340	332	359	2308
South West 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	199	209	228	206	212	223	221	1498
2022/23 forecast	202	200	206	224	206	214	218	1470
2023/24 forecast	196	203	197	202	223	207	209	1437
2024/25 forecast	183	197	200	193	201	225	202	1401
2025/26 forecast	190	184	194	196	193	202	220	1379
2026/27 forecast	184	192	182	190	196	195	197	1336
South West 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	282	313	323	321	328	320	325	2212
2022/23 forecast	312	285	314	324	322	323	319	2199
2023/24 forecast	304	315	285	316	325	317	321	2183
2024/25 forecast	285	307	314	286	317	319	315	2143
2025/26 forecast	237	290	306	316	288	312	317	2066
2026/27 forecast	213	241	293	308	318	284	310	1967
South West 3	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	271	287	268	262	301	290	303	1982
2022/23 forecast	262	280	285	269	264	300	293	1953
2023/24 forecast	258	268	280	285	271	264	303	1929
2024/25 forecast	255	264	268	280	286	271	267	1891
2025/26 forecast	219	253	264	267	282	285	274	1844
2026/27 forecast	213	217	254	263	269	282	289	1787
South West 4	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	629	697	699	723	670	705	766	4889
2022/23 forecast	611	638	700	704	720	668	707	4748
2023/24 forecast	606	620	649	706	702	721	674	4678
2024/25 forecast	598	616	632	655	703	699	722	4625
2025/26 forecast	531	609	626	635	657	701	702	4461
2026/27 forecast	488	546	622	630	635	657	704	4282
South West 5	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	384	415	416	412	415	403	427	2872
2022/23 forecast	352	392	415	414	410	412	403	2798
2023/24 forecast	366	362	396	415	413	408	413	2773
2024/25 forecast	367	375	367	396	413	410	408	2736
2025/26 forecast	312	376	379	368	395	411	411	2652
2026/27 forecast	283	321	380	381	367	394	412	2538

West 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	99	112	107	106	117	117	114	772
2022/23 forecast	110	98	109	106	105	116	112	756
2023/24 forecast	108	110	95	107	105	104	111	740
2024/25 forecast	97	108	107	94	106	104	100	716
2025/26 forecast	91	97	105	105	94	105	101	698
2026/27 forecast	87	91	95	103	104	94	101	675
Wharfe Valley	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	320	281	326	342	331	327	333	2260
2022/23 forecast	258	317	283	326	344	328	327	2183
2023/24 forecast	276	259	321	284	329	340	330	2139
2024/25 forecast	268	277	265	322	287	326	345	2090
2025/26 forecast	273	269	282	268	323	284	329	2028
2026/27 forecast	282	274	274	283	271	319	289	1992

All primary planning areas	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2021/22 actual	7251	7603	7623	7718	7779	7858	7976	53808
2022/23 forecast	6913	7329	7607	7638	7711	7774	7848	52820
2023/24 forecast	6996	7012	7355	7615	7623	7711	7770	52082
2024/25 forecast	6548	7100	7034	7361	7589	7615	7706	50953
2025/26 forecast	6289	6647	7121	7046	7354	7580	7616	49653
2026/27 forecast	6060	6392	6693	7134	7043	7356	7580	48258

Complete 2022 secondary pupil forecasts by planning area and year

Aire Valley	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	1019	1012	1031	991	936	431	414	5834
2022/23 forecast	1026	1014	1012	1026	993	440	398	5909
2023/24 forecast	1004	1022	1014	1007	1028	443	406	5924
2024/25 forecast	1000	1000	1022	1010	1009	464	408	5913
2025/26 forecast	997	996	1000	1017	1012	446	428	5896
2026/27 forecast	977	993	996	996	1019	456	411	5848
2027/28 forecast	977	972	993	992	998	465	420	5817
2028/29 forecast	936	972	972	989	994	441	429	5733
Bradford East	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	615	617	608	611	629	100	67	3247
2022/23 forecast	616	615	619	612	609	88	96	3255
2023/24 forecast	600	616	617	623	610	87	85	3238
2024/25 forecast	600	600	619	621	621	80	84	3225
2025/26 forecast	600	600	603	623	619	79	77	3201
2026/27 forecast	588	600	603	607	621	83	76	3178
2027/28 forecast	587	588	603	607	605	82	80	3152
2028/29 forecast	550	587	591	607	605	80	79	3099
Bradford North East	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	1131	1106	1112	1073	1057	556	478	6513
2022/23 forecast	1128	1126	1106	1100	1077	591	435	6563
2023/24 forecast	1133	1126	1128	1095	1102	607	462	6653
2024/25 forecast	1117	1131	1128	1117	1098	623	476	6690
2025/26 forecast	1117	1115	1133	1117	1119	618	489	6708
2026/27 forecast	1096	1115	1117	1122	1120	632	485	6687
2027/28 forecast	1094	1091	1115	1105	1126	632	496	6659
2028/29 forecast	1056	1089	1091	1103	1108	635	497	6579
Bradford South	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	909	897	830	714	718	0	0	4068
2022/23 forecast	922	910	899	827	708	0	0	4266
2023/24 forecast	876	924	913	896	820	0	0	4429
2024/25 forecast	866	878	927	910	889	0	0	4470
2025/26 forecast	865	869	881	924	903	0	0	4442
2026/27 forecast	846	868	872	878	917	0	0	4381
2027/28 forecast	846	845	870	869	871	0	0	4301
2028/29 forecast	805	845	847	867	862	0	0	4226

Bradford South East	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	799	760	751	760	820	130	86	4106
2022/23 forecast	836	796	750	743	757	151	77	4110
2023/24 forecast	816	834	787	742	740	135	90	4144
2024/25 forecast	788	814	823	779	739	130	80	4153
2025/26 forecast	785	787	804	815	775	126	77	4169
2026/27 forecast	777	784	777	796	811	138	75	4158
2027/28 forecast	772	775	773	769	792	146	83	4110
2028/29 forecast	730	770	764	765	766	142	88	4025
Bradford South West	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	479	455	449	461	464	0	0	2308
2022/23 forecast	501	466	443	451	461	0	0	2322
2023/24 forecast	493	487	454	445	452	0	0	2331
2024/25 forecast	490	479	474	456	445	0	0	2344
2025/26 forecast	490	476	466	476	456	0	0	2364
2026/27 forecast	475	476	463	468	476	0	0	2358
2027/28 forecast	473	462	463	465	468	0	0	2331
2028/29 forecast	460	460	450	465	465	0	0	2300
Bradford West	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	1230	1264	1243	1109	1102	304	290	6542
2022/23 forecast	1253	1228	1257	1236	1107	257	233	6571
2023/24 forecast	1259	1255	1226	1252	1234	253	189	6668
2024/25 forecast	1232	1261	1251	1220	1251	307	187	6709
2025/26 forecast	1234	1234	1257	1245	1218	299	232	6719
2026/27 forecast	1215	1236	1231	1251	1243	300	227	6703
2027/28 forecast	1215	1214	1230	1224	1249	308	228	6668
2028/29 forecast	1158	1214	1208	1223	1222	309	233	6567
Ilkley	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	315	317	323	299	285	283	217	2039
2022/23 forecast	319	316	318	324	299	240	220	2036
2023/24 forecast	304	322	318	319	324	240	220	2047
2024/25 forecast	300	307	324	319	319	240	220	2029
2025/26 forecast	300	303	308	325	319	240	220	2015
2026/27 forecast	300	303	304	309	325	240	220	2001
2027/28 forecast	298	301	304	305	309	240	220	1977
2028/29 forecast	295	299	301	305	305	240	220	1965
Keighley	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	812	781	790	748	738	243	191	4303
2022/23 forecast	802	810	771	781	744	227	217	4352
2023/24 forecast	832	803	802	764	777	227	203	4408
2024/25 forecast	820	833	795	795	760	237	203	4443
2025/26 forecast	811	821	824	788	791	226	211	4472
2026/27 forecast	807	812	812	816	784	235	202	4468
2027/28 forecast	806	805	801	804	811	230	210	4467
2028/29 forecast	758	804	795	793	800	243	206	4399

All secondary planning areas	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2021/22 actual	7309	7209	7137	6766	6749	2047	1743	38960
2022/23 forecast	7403	7281	7175	7100	6755	1994	1676	39384
2023/24 forecast	7317	7389	7259	7143	7087	1992	1655	39842
2024/25 forecast	7213	7303	7363	7227	7131	2081	1658	39976
2025/26 forecast	7199	7201	7276	7330	7212	2034	1734	39986
2026/27 forecast	7081	7187	7175	7243	7316	2084	1696	39782
2027/28 forecast	7068	7053	7152	7140	7229	2103	1737	39482
2028/29 forecast	6748	7040	7019	7117	7127	2090	1752	38893

Primary Schools by Planning Area - 2022

Bingley 1 (B1), Bingley 2 (B2), Bingley/Keighley (B/K), Keighley 1 (K1), Keighley 2 (K2), North East 1 (NE1), North East 2 (NE2), North East 3 (NE3), North West 1 (NW1), North West 2 (NW2), North West 3 (NW3), North West 4 (NW4), North West 5 (NW5), Queensbury (Q), Shipley 1 (Sh1), Shipley 2 (Sh2), Shipley 3 (Sh3), South Craven (SC), South East 1 (SE1), South West 1 (SW1), South West 2 (SW2), South West 3 (SW3), South West 4 (SW4), South West 5 (SW5), West 1 (W1), Wharfe Valley (WV)

School Name	Planning Area
Addingham Primary School	Wharfe Valley
All Saints' C of E Primary School (Bradford)	South West 4
All Saints' C of E Primary School (Ilkley)	Wharfe Valley
Appleton Academy	South West 1
Ashlands Primary School	Wharfe Valley
Atlas Community Primary School	North West 4
Baildon Church of England Primary School	Shipley 3
Baildon Glen Primary School (previously Glenaire Primary School)	Shipley 3
Bankfoot Primary School	South West 5
Barkerend Primary Leadership Academy	North East 3
Beckfoot Allerton Primary School and Nursery	North West 2
Beckfoot Heaton Primary	North West 5
Beckfoot Nessfield	Keighley 2
Beckfoot Priestthorpe Primary School & Nursery	Bingley 1
Ben Rhydding Primary School	Wharfe Valley
Blakehill Primary School	North East 1
Bowling Park Primary School (two sites)	South West 5
Brackenhill Primary School	South West 3
Bradford Academy	South West 5
Bradford Girls' Grammar School	North West 3
Burley & Woodhead C of E Primary School	Wharfe Valley
Burley Oaks Primary School	Wharfe Valley
Byron Primary School	North East 3
Carlton Mills	North West 5
Carrwood Primary School	South East 1
Cavendish Primary School	North East 1
Christ Church Church of England Academy	Shipley 1
Clayton St John C of E Primary School	West 1
Clayton Village Primary School	West 1
Co-op Academy Parkland	North East 1
Co-op Academy Princeville	South West 4
Copthorne Primary School	South West 4
Cottingley Village Primary School	Bingley 1
Crossflatts Primary School	Bingley/Keighley
Crossley Hall Primary School	North West 3
Cullingworth Village Primary School	Bingley 2

School Name	Planning Area
Denholme Primary School	Bingley 2
Dixons Allerton Academy	North West 2
Dixons Manningham Academy	North West 4
Dixons Marchbank Primary	North East 3
Dixons Music Primary	South West 4
East Morton CE Primary School	Bingley/Keighley
Eastburn Junior and Infant School	South Craven
Eastwood Community School	Keighley 1
Eldwick Primary School	Bingley 1
Fagley Primary School	North East 2
Farfield Primary and Nursery School	South West 2
Farnham Primary School	South West 4
Fearnville Primary School	South East 1
Feversham Primary Academy	North East 3
Foxhill Primary School	Queensbury
Frizinghall Primary School	North West 5
Girlington Primary School	North West 3
Green Lane Primary School	North West 4
Greengates Primary Academy	North East 1
Grove House Primary School	North East 2
Harden Primary School	Bingley 2
Haworth Primary School	Keighley 2
Heaton St Barnabas' C of E Aided Primary School	North West 5
High Craggs Primary Leadership Academy	Shipley 1
Hill Top C of E Primary School	South West 1
Hollingwood Primary School	South West 3
Holybrook Primary School	North East 1
Holycroft Primary School	Keighley 2
Home Farm Primary School	South West 3
Horton Grange Primary School	South West 4
Horton Park Primary School	South West 4
Hoyle Court Primary School	Shipley 3
Idle C of E Primary School	North East 1
Ingrow Primary School	Keighley 2
Iqra Academy	North West 4
Keelham Primary School	North West 1
Keighley St Andrews C of E Primary School and Nursery	Keighley 1
Killinghall Primary School	North East 3
Knowleswood Primary School	South East 1
Lapage Primary School and Nursery	North East 3
Laycock Primary School	Keighley 1
Lees Primary School	Keighley 2
Ley Top Primary School	North West 2
Lidget Green Primary School	South West 4
Lilycroft Primary School	North West 5
Long Lee Primary School	Keighley 1
Low Ash Primary School	Shipley 1

School Name	Planning Area
Low Moor C of E Primary School	South West 1
Lower Fields Primary Academy	South East 1
Margaret McMillan Primary School	North West 5
Marshfield Primary	South West 5
Menston Primary School	Wharfe Valley
Merlin Top Primary Academy	Keighley 1
Miriam Lord Community Primary School	North West 4
Myrtle Park Primary	Bingley 1
Newby Primary School	South West 5
Newhall Park Primary School	South East 1
Oakworth Primary School	Keighley 2
Oldfield Primary School	Keighley 2
Our Lady and St Brendan's Catholic Primary School	North East 1
Our Lady of Victories Catholic School	Keighley 1
Oxenhope CE Primary School	Keighley 2
Parkwood Primary School	Keighley 1
Peel Park Primary School and Nursery	North East 3
Poplars Farm Primary School	North East 2
Rainbow Primary Leadership Academy	South West 4
Reevy Hill Primary School	South West 2
Riddlesden St Mary's C of E Primary School	Bingley/Keighley
Russell Hall Primary School	Queensbury
Ryecroft Primary Academy	South East 1
Saltaire Primary School	Shipley 2
Sandal Primary School	Shipley 3
Sandy Lane Primary School	North West 2
Shibden Head Primary Academy	Queensbury
Shipley C of E Primary School	Shipley 2
Shirley Manor Primary School	South West 1
Silsden Primary School	South Craven
Southmere Primary Academy	South West 3
St Anne's Catholic Primary School	Keighley 1
St Anthony's Catholic Primary School (Clayton)	West 1
St Anthony's Catholic Primary School (Shipley)	Shipley 1
St Clare's Catholic Primary School	North East 2
St Columba's Catholic Primary School	South East 1
St Cuthbert and the First Martyrs' Primary School	North West 5
St Francis Catholic Primary School	North East 2
St John the Evangelist Catholic Primary School	South West 3
St John's C of E Primary School	South East 1
St Joseph's Catholic Primary School (Bradford)	South West 4
St Joseph's Catholic Primary School (Bingley)	Bingley 1
St Joseph's Catholic Primary School (Keighley)	Keighley 2
St Luke's C of E Primary School	North East 2
St Mary's & Peter's Catholic Primary School	North East 3
St Matthew's C of E Primary School and Nursery	South West 5
St Matthew's Catholic Primary School	North West 2

School Name	Planning Area
St Oswald's Church of England Primary Academy	South West 4
St Paul's C of E Primary School	South West 2
St Philips C of E Primary School	North West 3
St Stephen's C of E Primary School	South West 5
St Walburga's Catholic Primary School	Shipley 2
St William's Catholic Primary School	North West 3
St Winefride's Catholic Primary School	South West 2
Stanbury Village School	Keighley 2
Steeton Primary School	South Craven
Stocks Lane Primary School	South West 3
Swain House Primary School	North East 2
Thackley Primary School	North East 1
The Academy at St James	North West 2
The Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School	Wharfe Valley
Thornbury Primary Leadership Academy	North East 3
Thornton Primary School	North West 1
Thorpe Primary	North East 1
Trinity All Saints C of E VA Primary School	Bingley 1
Victoria Primary School	Keighley 1
Wellington Primary School	North East 2
Westbourne Primary School	North West 5
Westminster Church of England Primary Academy	North East 3
Whetley Academy	North West 3
Wibsey Primary School	South West 2
Wilsden Primary School	Bingley 2
Woodlands Church of England Primary Academy	South West 1
Woodside Academy	South West 2
Worth Valley Primary School	Keighley 2
Worthinghead Primary School	South West 1
Wycliffe C of E Primary School	Shipley 2

Secondary Schools by Planning Area – 2022

Aire Valley (AV), Bradford East (BE), Bradford North East (BNE), Bradford South (BS),
Bradford South East (BSE), Bradford South West (BSW), Bradford West (BW), Ilkley (I),
Keighley (K)

School Name	New Planning Area from 2022	Old Planning Area
Appleton Academy	Bradford South	Bradford South
Beckfoot Oakbank	Keighley	Keighley
Beckfoot School	Aire Valley	Aire Valley
Beckfoot Thornton	Bradford West	Bradford West
Beckfoot Upper Heaton	Bradford West	Bradford Central
Belle Vue Girls' Academy	Bradford West	Bradford Central
Bingley Grammar School	Aire Valley	Aire Valley
Bradford Academy	Bradford South East	Bradford South
Bradford Forster Academy	Bradford South East	Bradford South
Bradford Girls' Grammar School	Bradford West	Bradford Central
Bronte Girls Academy	Bradford South	Bradford Central
Buttershaw Business & Enterprise College Academy	Bradford South West	Bradford South
Carlton Bolling	Bradford East	Bradford East
Carlton Keighley (previously University Academy Keighley)	Keighley	Keighley
Co-op Academy Grange	Bradford South	Bradford South
Dixons Allerton Academy	Bradford West	Bradford Central
Dixons City Academy	Bradford South East	Bradford South
Dixons Cottingley Academy	Aire Valley	Aire Valley
Dixons Kings Academy	Bradford West	Bradford West
Dixons McMillan Academy	Bradford South	Bradford Central
Dixons Trinity Academy	Bradford South	Bradford Central
Eden Boys' Leadership Academy	Bradford West	Bradford Central
Feversham Girls' Academy	Bradford East	Bradford East
Hanson Academy	Bradford North East	Bradford East
Ilkley Grammar School	Ilkley	Ilkley
Immanuel College	Bradford North East	Bradford East
Laisterdyke Leadership Academy	Bradford East	Bradford East
Oasis Academy Lister Park	Bradford North East	Bradford Central
One In A Million Free School	Bradford North East	Bradford East
Parkside School	Keighley	Cullingworth
St Bede's and St Joseph's Catholic College	Bradford North East	Bradford Central
The Holy Family Catholic School	Keighley	Keighley
Titus Salt School	Aire Valley	Aire Valley
Tong Leadership Academy	Bradford South East	Bradford South
Trinity Academy Bradford (Previously Queensbury Academy)	Bradford South West	Bradford West